

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

The Sun being connected by a loop with the wires of the Associated Press running all over the country, never gets left on an item of war news. By this means it can investigate fake rumors of the war.

COM. SCHLEY HEARD FROM

He Has Seen the Spanish Vessels in Santiago Harbor.

And Says They Will Never Reach Spain Again—A British Vessel Captured Running the Blockade—Cheering News From Manila—Dewey the Dictator of the Club.

Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.

Mole, St. Nicholas, Hayti, May 20.—The following dispatch has been received here from the correspondent of the Associated Press with the American fleet off Santiago de Cuba:

Off Santiago de Cuba, May 29.—Commodore Schley and the flying squadron has the Spanish fleet bottled up in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. By the most clever maneuvering, the Commodore allowed the Spaniards to think he had left in disgust. They took the bait and ran into the harbor. Commodore Schley moved down this morning and at six o'clock, going close to the harbor, he saw the Cristobal Colon, the Maria Theresa, and two torpedo boats. He believes the entire fleet is there.

Commodore Schley has acted upon his own information and judgment for the past six days, and he believes the whole Spanish fleet is there.

He sat on the after triangle of the Brooklyn this morning until after the discovery of the fleet and then he went to breakfast, saying: "I have got them, and they will never get home."

The United States auxiliary cruiser, St. Paul, arrived here this morning and was sent to Mole, St. Nicholas, with despatches. She captured a coal ship which was sent to Key West by Captain Sigbee, in charge of a prize crew. The coal was undoubtedly intended for the Spanish fleet. It is believed that there is not much coal at Santiago de Cuba.

The officers and men of the flying squadron are jubilant over the fact that the location of the Spanish fleet has finally been definitely established.

The temperature is 110 degrees in the shade, and in the steel turrets, the heat is actually beyond the power of endurance.

BRITISH STEAMER TAKEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., May 30 (6.30 a. m.).—The British steamer Restormel was brought in here this morning under her own steam, by a prize crew. She was captured while trying to put into Santiago de Cuba with a cargo of coal. The steamer was bound from Cardiff to Porto Rico. As the Restormel came in, the British flag was flying half way down her main mast. She was leaking badly. Newspapermen were not permitted to approach within a hundred yards of her.

REVENUE CUTTER DAMAGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 30.—The revenue cutter Golden Gate was damaged to the extent of about \$1,000 yesterday by a collision with the schooner Mary F. Cruise. No one was hurt, and the schooner was not damaged.

RECIPROCITY TREATY SIGNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 30.—France and the United States have signed a reciprocity treaty agreement.

SPANISH GUNBOAT CAPTURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hong Kong, May 30.—The Americans have captured the Spanish gunboat Leyte, which was attempting to run despatches into Manila. The steamer is reported to have landed six thousand rifles at Cavite, for the use of the insurgents.

The Spaniards have offered \$25,000 reward for the head of Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader.

The governor of Hong Kong has prohibited the United States auxiliary gunboat Zafiro from taking on war stores for the American fleet, but he has permitted her to ship "officers' luxuries." The Zafiro sails from here for Manila today.

NEWS FROM DEWEY.

Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.

Hong Kong, May 30.—The British second class cruiser Pique, has arrived here from Manila. She reports all quiet at both places.

The Spanish garrison at Iloilo numbers 100 men and the place has no defenses. The foreigners there are safe. Supplies are reaching Manila plentifully from the surrounding country. There is no panic at Manila. The Spaniards are working upon the fortifications, but their guns are old and useless and they are short of ammunition.

Rear Admiral Dewey has informed the authorities at Manila that he will hold them responsible for the life of the captain of the Spanish gunboat Callao, captured by the United States fleet. The Spanish have been threatening to shoot him for surrendering although confronted by the whole American fleet.

In reply to the Spanish attempt to win over Aguinaldo's men, the insurgents are said to have informed the Spaniards that they are neutral and will await events.

All the American ships are at Cavite in Manila Bay. Salt provisions are plentiful, but fresh provisions are not obtainable. There is no sickness on the American fleet.

Money Deposited

on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

of the

TRADERS NATIONAL BANK

will draw interest from June 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent, compounded semi-annually.

Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Saturdays 10 to 12 p. m.

Chas. J. Olden, Pres.

Wm. F. Hills, Cashier.

Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables, MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

ROCKING CHAIRS

With one pound of our best Tea, O'Brien Bros., 100,000 Gone Up in Smoke

Last month.

DOWD'S HONEST 10

Cigar is the favorite with all smokers on account of its purity, fragrance and smoking qualities.

T. J. DOWD, Mfr., Nashua, N. H.

SQUARE PIANO, \$10.

11th and Essex square piano, \$10. 11th and Essex square piano, \$10. 11th and Essex square piano, \$10.

For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 222 Merrimack Street, Associate Building, Lowell, Mass. Look up the number of your old square, you may be the lucky one.

Good rich blood is made by Maltoz.



SKETCH OF THE URN PRESENTED BY THE GARFIELD WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS TO THE G. A. R. AND DEDICATED TO THE UNKNOWN DEAD.

HOBDEN DROWNED

Fate of a Well Known Young Man.

CANOE UPSET IN TYNGS ISLAND CREEK.

Thomas Waugh Had a Narrow Escape.

A sad drowning accident occurred in the Merrimack river off Tyngs island, yesterday afternoon, its victim being Joseph Hobden, aged 25 years, of Worthen street.

Thomas Waugh, his companion, had a narrow escape from drowning. The two men have been working at Tyngs island since last Friday, helping in the arrangements for today's canoe meet.

They had considerable work yesterday but during the dinner hour were at leisure and wishing to go to the upper end of the river, took one of the many canoes that were along shore and started up the creek with it, the creek being the narrow passage of water between the island and the main land.

Owing to the recent rains, the river was much smaller and paddling was extremely difficult. Beside Hobden was unacquainted with a canoe and could not swim.

When they were within about 50 feet from the bridge across the creek, a canoe, passed them going downward and Hobden, turned out for it. In doing this the canoe was rocked about some and coming in contact with a whirlpool immediately capsized.

Hobden and Waugh went down together and came up side by side. Waugh struck out for the shore, but the helpless Hobden caught him and both went down again. When Waugh came up he was at some little distance from Hobden and though well exhausted succeeded in getting to the shore.

He looked around for his hapless companion, but did not see him again. The alarm was given and about 2 o'clock Undertaker Molloy's men arrived. With great danger to themselves they grappled for the body until 9 o'clock without success. They then abandoned their task until this morning.

It is believed the body rests within a few feet of where it went down, owing to the fact that the bottom is strewn with water soaked logs, while at one point the remnant of a stone wall still exists.

Officer Frank Fox, who is on duty at the island, and members of the club assisted in the search for the body. Hobden lived at 73 Worthen street and is survived by one brother and two sisters. He was a well known and popular young man and formerly worked for the Magee Emulsion company and later in Lynch's tannery. His bereaved parents have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

BODY FOUND. At 11.30 Undertaker Molloy found the body about 15 feet from where it went down.

Good rich blood is made by Maltoz.

GRAND ARMY DAY

Veterans Strew the Hero's Graves With Flowers.

EVERYTHING READY FOR THE DAY'S PARADE.

The Monument Beautifully Decorated This Morning.

This is the day on which the nation honors its fallen heroes by strewing their graves with flowers and recounting the noble sacrifices by which they saved the union, making it one and inseparable, now and forever. It is a day that awakes many patriotic memories for it is impossible to listen to the recital of the battles of the civil war without being thrilled with fervid patriotism and inspired with the highest admiration of the men who shed their blood so freely on the altar of liberty, that our country might live forever in one grand and united nation, the freest, the greatest and grandest on earth, and yet as nations go only in its infancy. As usual, the veterans were around early this morning in their uniforms, visiting their headquarters and going thence to fill the various assignments, to decorate graves or assist in memorial services in the suburbs.

The day was the finest that could be wished for, being clear and bright, in striking contrast with the weather of last week.

Early in the morning, a delegation from Post 185, accompanied by the Lowell Military band, went in a special car to North Chelmsford to assist the veterans of that town in their services, while another delegation from the same post went to Tewksbury for a like purpose. A delegation from Post 120 went to Tyngsboro to assist in the memorial exercises in that town. All these delegations had returned before noon, so as to be ready for the parade in the afternoon.

THE MONUMENT. Ladd and Whitney monument, the Goddess of Liberty and the pretty little plot surrounding them never were more artistically adorned than on this Memorial Day, when a committee of the post, under Comrade Potter, and a committee of the Ladies' Circle, G.A.R., No. 8, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Brackett, had charge of the decorations. They were ably assisted by Decorator Young. In the center of the grass plot is a large bed of panates surrounded by a circle of stately tropical plants.

The apex of the Ladd and Whitney monument is surmounted by a large crown of golden flowers and three tiny American flags. At the top of each of the four sides is a red, white and blue star from which are running down the sides plated red bunting, fringed with evergreen, to the base where on each side is a large shield of plated red, white and blue bunting, with large rosette in the center. About the pedestal on all sides are floral pieces in profusion intermingled with evergreen and tropical plants. The Goddess of Liberty (Continued on Page Three.)

GIFT FROM WOMEN

Eloquent Stone Urn Dedicated by Grand Army.

EXERCISES HELD IN LOWELL CEMETERY SATURDAY.

Grand Tribute to the Unknown Dead.

The stone urn presented by James A. Garfield Woman's Relief Corps to the trustees of the soldiers' lot in the Lowell cemetery, was dedicated Saturday afternoon in the presence of a large number of people.

Members of Post 120, G.A.R., the Woman's Relief Corps, Sons and Daughters of veterans, members of the city government and a number of local ministers were on hand.

The urn was filled with beautiful flowers. The inscriptions on the base are:

"Directed by James A. Garfield Woman's Relief Corps, 31, May 28, 1898. A tribute of gratitude to the union soldiers and sailors who served in the civil war, 1861-1865."

O, ye who rest in nameless graves, Unmarked, because unknown, We cherish the memory of your deeds Angels have heard your story, And God knows all your names.

Beneath the crossed guns on one side of the base is inscribed: "To the unknown dead."

The exercises began with a selection by the National band, and prayer was offered by Rev. C. L. Merriam. After singing by a quartette, the urn was presented to the trustees of the lot by Mrs. W. W. Tuttle, representing the corps, and W. W. Tuttle responded for the trustees.

The urn was dedicated by James A. Garfield Post 120, G.A.R., Commander S. C. Smiley presiding.

Following the singing by the quartette, Alderman Rival responded for the city of Lowell, Mayor Bennett being absent through illness.

Rev. A. E. Wilson, pastor of the Paige Street Free Baptist church, delivered the oration.

In the absence of the department commander of the G.A.R., Rev. Mr. Kenning read "The Processional," written by Rudyard Kipling.

Mrs. Robinson, S.V.C., and Mary Elliott, D.S., responded for the state officers of the Woman's Relief Corps.

After patriotic selections by the band the audience sang "American," and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Mr. Ford.

MR. KELLER'S SURPRISE. Thomas Keller was surprised by his fellow employees in the front mills with a Morris chair at his home, 110 French street, Saturday evening. Charles McCollough presented the gift and after a response by the recipient a social time was enjoyed.

The Highland club will have an outing at Camp Bradley, Nagog Lake, on Wednesday with a line list of sports.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Owing to the fact that City Hall is closed today, it being a holiday, the meeting of the board of health, which was to have been held this afternoon, has been postponed till tomorrow afternoon.

CASITORIA. The Kid You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*

Putnam & Son

There's a great revolution in prices for boys' suits that it will pay you to know about. Lots that are slow are repriced and made to go.

TWO LOTS Double Breasted Jackets, short trousers, sizes 8 to 15, \$1.25 a suit.

ONE LOT Double Breasted Jackets, sizes 8 to 15, all wool suits, \$1.39.

ONE LOT, sizes 8 to 15, double seat and double knees, \$1.50.

TWO LOTS Black or Blue Cheviots, all wool, double seat and double knees, sizes 8 to 16, \$2.00.

SEVERAL LOTS, suits from Rogers, Peet & Co., sizes 8 to 16. The most perfect boys' clothing made, have been \$7, \$8 and \$10, all now for \$5.00.

For small boys from 3 to 10 years of age, there's a most engaging collection of naval rigs that have been as successful as we could desire.

SAILOR SUITS, complete, deep collars, plain or trimmed, blue flannels, serges and neat mixtures, \$1.75 to \$5.00.

MIDDY SUITS, with little vests, deep collars, plain or trimmed, blues, browns and neat mixtures, collars and vests in a variety of colors, \$1.50, \$1.95, \$2.25, up to \$5.00.

Of suits with long trousers. Single and double breasted coat. Coat, vest and trousers make the suit. Sizes from 14 to 19 years. Blue cheviots, all-wool, \$3.75. Blue serges, all-wool, fast color, \$5.00. Neat cheviots, in great variety, reduced from \$8.00 and \$10.00 to \$6.00.

SEVERAL LOTS.

PUTNAM & SON

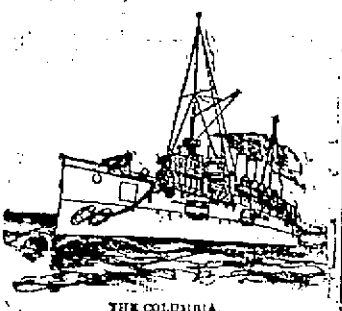
180 Cornhill Street.

THE COLUMBIA DISABLED

In a Collision With a British Steamer at New York.

She Sunk the Foscolia But Saved Her Crew—Account of the Disaster by the Captain of Lost Vessel—The Columbia to be Promptly Repaired.

New York, May 30.—After the Columbia, in command of Captain Sanders, had anchored off Tompkinsville Sunday, it was seen that she had a large jagged hole in her starboard side, abreast of the mainmast and just forward of the after barbet. Above the water line the hole extended about 10 feet high and six feet wide. Just how far below the water line the cruiser was damaged could not be ascertained. As soon as the vessel came to anchor several men carrying sailors' bags upon their shoulders were put ashore at Tompkinsville. These proved to be the captain and crew, 21 in all, of the British steamer Foscolia, which left this port Saturday with a cargo of machinery and general merchandise for Bordeaux.



THE COLUMBIA.

"About 7:40 p. m. Saturday the British steamer Foscolia collided with our vessel during a dense fog. We were then about eight miles southwest of Fire Island light. We lowered two lifeboats and rescued the captain and crew, numbering 21 in all. We stood by until the Foscolia sank. As soon as we arrived here we sent the rescued men ashore."

Captain Evans made a full statement regarding the loss of his vessel. He said: "The Foscolia steamed from this port at noon Saturday with a general cargo of about 200 tons. There was considerable grain aboard and also barrels of kerosene oil. The steamer reached Sandy Hook lightship at 3 p. m., and then the usual course was taken to the eastward, as our destination was Bordeaux, France. While running along the coast an observation of the gun was taken and the ship's compass was tested and found to be correct. All went well until 7:15 p. m., when a heavy fog set in. I was on the bridge and ordered the lights up and the fog whistle kept going. As the fog grew denser the speed of the Foscolia was reduced one half, and at 7:45 we were traveling at between three and one-half, to four knots an hour.

"A couple of minutes later Lookouts Johnson on the foremast and Thompson on the bridge reported a steamer on the port bow. Our lights were burning brightly and the fog signal was whistled. I looked up and saw a big steamer with four funnels dead ahead. As the steamer was not 200 yards apart I saw that a collision was inevitable. I blew three whistles and the approaching vessel answered with one blast. That was the first time I heard the Columbia's whistle. Instantly I ordered our engines full speed astern and steered out by half south. The Columbia from her signal blast I understood to be southwest by south. The vessels came together, however, with a terrible crash, and the bow of the Foscolia ran up on the cruiser's armor belt and then cut through her spigons. They remained locked for a couple of seconds, but the backing of the Foscolia's engines tore her bow as far back as the first water-tight bulkhead. The wreckage stuck in the cruiser's side above and below the water line, and caused the Columbia to list considerably. Had it not been for the bulging of the spigons from the side of the warship the Foscolia would only have struck the Columbia a glancing blow. The bow of the Foscolia became wedged between the spigons and hull of the cruiser, and the bow of my boat was completely wrenched off. The Columbia was hit just forward of the after spigon on the starboard side. It was dead calm at the time of the collision, and the forward lookout, Johnson, escaped the crash.

"After backing away I saw that the injury to the Foscolia was serious and instantly ordered the lifeboats launched. They were in the water in just four minutes and my 15 men were ordered into them. I remained aboard the wreck with my five officers, Chief Engineer William Saunders and Second Engineer Sidney Price, after trying the engines, reported them to be badly deranged by the collision that they were incapable of working the ship. The Foscolia was leaking badly, and the pumps were started. The crew were sent aboard the cruiser, which had a hole in her starboard side large enough to drive a team and carriage through. The pumps were kept working until 10:30 p. m., but the Foscolia was getting lower and lower in the water. Two boats of the Columbia were standing by me, and Lieutenant Williams asked me at that hour what I intended doing. I replied that I would stand by my ship until she went down. Then I ordered the officers into the lifeboat and I remained in the main rigging while the steamer continued to sink. I asked the men in the Columbia's boats if I had not done everything I could to save the ship, and they answered that I had. Both my officers and the Columbia's crew advised me to abandon the Foscolia, which was fast going down. I got into the small boat with them then and said I would stand by the wreck until it disappeared. Lieutenant Williams said that as the Columbia was badly hurt it might be necessary for her to go into port at once. I repeated that I would not leave the Foscolia until she went down, and then I arranged that if the Columbia had to leave, short and long blast of her whistle. I remained with my officers about 60 yards from the sinking ship, and until 2 a. m. I could hear the constant tooting of the cruiser's whistle. Then it faded out of hearing, but I knew where it was, because I could hear the Fire Island foghorn that I judged about eight miles away and bearing north northeast by the compass in my hand.

"At 2:30 I heard a great noise in the wreck, which I afterward discovered was made by the anchor chain running out of the locker. Shortly after 3 a. m. the Foscolia went down headfirst in about 10 fathoms of water. It reappeared again a few minutes later, and then disappeared forever stern first. Its disappearance was followed by a sound similar to the flip made by the surf on the beach. Big bubbles came to the surface, and then grain and oil barrels came to the surface around the small boat.

"The Foscolia, which I commanded for 13 months, was an iron vessel of 550 tons net and 1310 tons gross, launched at Low, Eng., in 1879, and her calling port is London. She was 252 feet long, 31 feet beam and 22 feet 7 inches deep. She was schooner rigged, had two masts, a double deck, four bulkheads, compound engines, and carried water ballast.

From the appearance of the Columbia it looks as though the heavy protective deck of the warship saved her from being cut in two. As the Foscolia ran further into the air she struck the steel deck, which stopped her. The collision occurred just underneath the spigons of a gun, and the gun was displaced, but not lost. The cut laid bare the main gangway and exposed to view the room of one of the officers. Had he been in it at the time, he could have been killed.

MRS. MINER'S ROMANCE.

Thought Her Husband Dead, Married Again, Widowed, Again Engaged.

Highampton, N. Y., May 30.—The offer of Henry Miner, a wealthy gentleman living near Buzzards' bay, the home of ex-President Cleveland, to equip a company and start to the front, resulted in a romantic discovery. Some time ago Catherine M. Hunt brought an action for breach of promise against Thomas Nickerson, and the case was to be tried before Justice Clearfield in Hudson the past week. It was announced that the case was to be fought to the bitter end and its conclusion was a romantic as it was sudden.

Mrs. Hunt was born in Highland Falls, Delaware county, and when very young married a sailor, Henry Miner of Boston. A short time afterwards Miner went to sea on a whaling vessel. Time rolled on, and finally Miner's mother notified the young wife that the vessel had been lost with all on board. Seven years passed, and no word of Miner being received, he was deemed dead in the law, and Mrs. Miner was married to Hunt. The latter died and she afterwards became engaged to Nickerson, whom she sued for breach of promise.

While the case was pending it was announced that Mr. Miner was alive and wealthy, having offered to equip a company for the war. This would have terminated the breach of promise case, the plaintiff being already married, but Mrs. Hunt declared it a ruse on the part of the defense, and started out to obtain proofs of Miner's death. She followed a clue to Buzzards' bay, where she found Miner alive, wealthy and unmarried. The meeting was a joyous one, and another wedding is in prospect.

THE FATAL INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL.

Taken unsuspectingly in nerve tonics, has sent many a person to a drunkard's grave. This can be avoided by the use of Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which is made ready by the simple addition of hot water. Nervous Prostration, Nervous Exhaustion, Constipation, Headache, and Indigestion are all cured by this wonderful remedy. Call on H. H. Butler, 263 Central and 381 Middlesex street, and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

To Cure Constipation Forever, Take Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, 10c or 25c. C. C. Co. full directions, druggists and mail order.

Mallox is made of malt, beef, and other nutrients.

Ask your doctor how many preparations of cod-liver oil there are.

He will answer, "Hundreds of them." Ask him which is the best. He will reply, "Scott's Emulsion."

Then see that this is the one you obtain. It contains the purest cod-liver oil, free from unpleasant odor and taste. You also get the hypophosphites and glycerine. All three are blended into one grand healing and nourishing remedy.

See and get all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

THE SOUTH ENDS W. L. OPEL

Strong South End Team Wins Out Easily.

Young Murray Pitched for the Emeralds for the First Time—Carter of the South Ends Puts up a Magnificent Game—Emerald "Has Beens" Show up Finely.

Johnnie Bourke did not attend the Emerald-South End game Saturday, and of course with the mascot away something had to happen to the Emeralds.

It happened all right, for the South Ends, with one of the strongest teams ever presented by the local league, sailed into one of the weakest teams that the Emeralds have thus far shown and completely routed them. The score was 10 to 2, without permitting.

It was the South Ends' game from the beginning, and hence was not an interesting one. It might have been, if Manager McMahon had made a mistake in putting Murray in for the first time in a full game and against a team of men with the ball-playing ability of Merritt, Gallagher, and Davis. He sent a boy on a man's errand and the boy was spanked.

Murray didn't even have a suit and pitcher's shoes. Then in the very first inning, he got the most miserable kind of support and it was little wonder that the youngster was hit fairly. He should be put in a few innings at a time for at least a few games until he becomes familiar with the new company and then it is safe to predict that the wonder of the juvenile diamond will be able to hold his own.

But Manager McMahon in another move made no mistake and that was in re-signing a few so-called "baseball" players of the "City" Kane. Andy Bourke and Billy Scott, Kane with Connor, got all the honors on the Emerald side of it. He not only made one of the two hits made by the team, but he pitched six chances like a champion. He should be held on all seasons.

The South Ends, Saturday, presented a pitcher from Lawrence, Carter, who has pitched here before. He's all right, as the score and summary will show. They also ran up a great team all about. The South Ends, now having seen Manager McMahon's success with the "has-beens," should put Billy McVey in the field once more for a trial anyway. Bill could just hold his own.

The battery of Merritt and Fratus was long, if not very numerous. For fielding, however, Merritt's fly in the eighth, Connor's in the second, and



CHARLES H. CONANT, 1880, a Prominent Candidate for Associate Judge to Succeed Judge Frye, Dead.

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See and get all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

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STRONG STATEMENTS.

Three Women Relieved of Epsom Troubles by Mrs. Pinkham.

From Mrs. A. W. Smith, 55 Summer St., Haverford, Me.: "For several years I suffered with various diseases peculiar to my sex. Was troubled with a burning sensation across the small of my back, that all-gone feeling, was despondent, fretful and discouraged; the least exertion tired me. I tried several doctors but received little benefit. At last I decided to give your Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. The effect of the first bottle was magical! Those symptoms of weakness that I was afflicted with, vanished like vapor before the sun. I cannot speak too highly of your valuable remedy. It is truly a boon to women."

From Mrs. Melissa Phillips, Lexington, Ind., to Mrs. Pinkham: "Before I began taking your medicine I had suffered for two years with that tired feeling, headache, backache, no appetite, and a run-down condition of the system. I could not walk across the room. I have taken four bottles of the Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills and used one package of Sanative Wash, and now feel like a new woman, and am able to do my work."

From Mrs. Mollie E. Hazell, Powell Station, Tenn.: "For three years I suffered with such a weakness of the back, I could not perform my household duties. I also had falling of the womb, terrible bearing-down pains and headache. I have taken two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and feel like a new woman. I recommend your medicine to every woman I know."

Ungit, a. Sudden, b. Wainwright, c. 6. Elson, not out, 2. Miller, b. O. Wainwright, 0. Total, 40.

Representatives of the Locks and Canal company, it is reported, have been busy settling claims for damages in anticipation of back water caused by increasing the height of the flash boards at Pawtucket dam.

Members of St. John's Episcopal church will have a lawn party next Wednesday evening on the grounds of Dr. and Mrs. Leonard Huttons. Dr. W. H. Ruddle of Boston and Charles W. Brigham of Lowell are preparing a history of the 7th Massachusetts battery. One of the members of this battery, John W. Arlin, died in Boston this week of apoplexy and was buried here Thursday.

A season of comic opera will be given at Lakeside in July and August. There are more opera at the Lowell machine shop for machinery than at any time for two years. The company has begun the manufacture of woolen machinery.

MAY PROCESSION HELD AT THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CHURCH.

The May procession took place at the Immaculate Conception church last evening. During the Vesper service, the church was crowded with sadists and members of the congregation. (Rev. Fr. Joyce, O. F. M., was the celebrant. After the chanting of the Magnificat, the members of the Children of Mary and the Immaculate Conception sodality formed in procession and with the sanctuary boys and the priests, marched to Columbus Park.

Within the park, the procession, which numbered hundreds of girls, was massed in a circle with the statue of the Blessed Virgin borne by four girls standing in the center before the church doors and all united in singing "Mother, Dear, O Pray for Me." The effect was very impressive.

The people crowded around outside the park and witnessed the impressive scene that followed. The beautiful May hymns were sweetly sung by this grand chorus of several hundred voices.

Returning to the church, the processionalists sang, "As the Dewy Shakes of Even," and this hymn was perhaps the finest of all. When all were seated benediction of the blessed sacrament was given, and the congregation sang the impressive, plain chant "Agnus Dei." After the benediction all rose and sang, "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name."

LOWELL MEN ELECTED.

At the fourteenth semi-annual meeting of the N. A. W. and W. Over-seers, held at Boston, D. A. Wells of Lowell, a finisher, was admitted to membership. Thomas E. Hinsley, one of the instructors at the Lowell Textile school, was elected to honorary membership.

In buying watches, go to a reliable dealer. Your money back if not satisfactory. Harris, 10 Appleton street. "Blood will put new life in your blood."

Bon Ami
WILL NOT SCRATCH BUT IS COARSE ENOUGH TO CLEAN.
All Grocers.

Hill & Robinson's
Congress of Novelties
More features than a circus. Something entirely new. More Acts, More Features, More Novelties than any other show of its kind in America.
A troupe of genuine Turks and Arabs.
LAKEVIEW AVE. GROUNDS, May 30th, 31st and June 1st
Admission, 10 and 20 Cts.

Afternoon at 1, Evenings at 7.

Admission, 10 and 20 Cts.

Admission, 10 and 20 Cts.

Admission, 10 and 20 Cts.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Bargain Week In

PORTIERES and LACE CURTAINS

Being overstocked in our Upholstery and Drapery Departments, we have decided to quote prices on goods "FOR ONE WEEK" which must effect a speedy clearance of our surplus stock.

We guarantee all quotations to be genuine reductions of from 20 to 30 per cent. under regular selling prices—the goods will speak for themselves—come and see them. Read the undermentioned list of bargains:

- 1 lot Nottingham Laces, worth 60c., sale price 49c.
- 1 lot Nottingham Laces, worth \$1.15, sale price 79c.
- 1 lot Nottingham Laces, worth \$1.35, sale price 98c.
- 1 lot Irish Point Laces, worth \$3.50, sale price \$2.49.
- 1 lot Irish Point Laces, worth \$4, sale price \$2.98.
- 1 lot Irish Point Laces, worth \$4.75, sale price \$3.49.
- 1 lot Irish Point Laces, worth \$5.50, sale price \$3.98.
- 1 lot Brussels Laces, worth \$5.50, sale price \$3.98.
- 1 lot Brussels Laces, worth \$7, sale price \$4.98.
- 1 lot Bobbinet Curtains, worth \$2.25, sale price \$1.69.
- 1 lot Bobbinet Curtains, worth \$2.75, sale price \$2.09.
- 1 lot Bobbinet Curtains, worth \$3.75, sale price \$2.69.
- 1 lot Fish Net Curtains, worth \$1.15, sale price \$3c.
- 1 lot Muslin Curtains, worth \$1.25, sale price \$5c.
- 1 lot Muslin Curtains, worth \$1.10, sale price 98c.
- 1 lot Muslin Curtains, worth \$1.25, sale price 98c.
- 1 lot odd pairs at your own price.

PORTIERES.

- 1 lot Chenille and Tapestry Portieres, worth \$3.25, for \$2.49.
- 1 lot Chenille and Tapestry Portieres, worth \$4, for \$2.98.
- 1 lot Chenille and Tapestry Portieres, worth \$4.75, for \$3.49.
- 1 lot sample half pairs, worth \$2.50 to \$3.50, for \$1.49.

FURNITURE COVERINGS AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

- 1 lot Tapestry, 50 inches wide, worth 50c., for 39c.
- 1 lot English and French Cretonnes, worth 30c., for 19c.
- 1 lot Carpet and Drapery Denims, worth 30c., for 20c.
- 1 lot Silkoline, 35 inches wide, worth 12 1/2c., for 7c.
- 1 lot Crepe Cloths, worth 15c., for 9c.
- 1 lot Fish Net, 36 inches wide, worth 22c., for 15c.
- 1 lot Muslin, 36 inches wide, worth 15c., for 10c.

The Sale of Oriental Rugs

Is now positively limited to Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, during which days Mr. Serpess will offer the balance of his stock at prices less than import cost to save the trouble of packing and removing. These Rugs have been pronounced by connoisseurs to be the finest ever shown in Lowell. Everyone a gem of beauty, while the prices are much lower than usually charged for the same grade of goods. We invite inspection and comparison of this superb collection.

S. T. FARRELL

110 and 112 Merrimack Street.

GREAT BARGAINS

THIS WEEK.

Ladies' 25c. Plaid Hose, seamless, only 12 1/2c.

Ladies' 25c. Vests, high and low neck, silk trimmed, only 15c. each.

Ladies' \$1.25 Black and Fanny Saleen Skirts, only 98c. each.

Ladies' \$2.50 Black and Colored Dress Skirts, only \$1.75 each.

Ladies' \$1.00 Wrappers, handsome colors, only 75c. each.

Ladies' 50c. Shirt Waists, only 25c. each.

Ladies' Laundered Shirt Waists from 39c. to \$1.98 each.

110-112 Merrimack St.

(FORMERLY CENTRAL STREET.)

PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People
Beware of cheap imitations. Read for full particulars. Sold in drug stores everywhere. Dr. Williams' Medical Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

LAKEVIEW PARK
Grand Opening Feature.
Free Outdoor Entertainment
Every Afternoon and Evening.

HAYES' Merry Entertainers

The United Trio
In a breezy effervescent Musical Comedy. All the newest songs, Dances and Ideas of 1898.

Petite Maude Scott,
Daintiest of Dainty Serio-Comics.

Leavitt and Novillo,
The Masters of Jugglery.

Fielding Sisters,
Charming and Brilliant Duetists.

FARE 5 CENTS.

All catering at Lakeview Park is done by the D. L. Page Co.

As we sell.



SKETCH OF THE FREDERICK T. GREENHALGE MONUMENT.

The above shows the tombstone which marks the grave of the late Governor Greenhalge in the Lowell cemetery. When sketched by the Sun artist this morning, it was void of decoration, but during the afternoon, it will be buried with wreaths sent by loving friends. The family lets no occasion of this kind pass without placing garlands on the grave, while the admirers of the late governor show their reverence for his memory by sending floral offerings to be laid upon his grave. The grave was decorated in the usual way by the veterans, but the floral tributes of personal friends were very numerous and beautiful.



W. H. J. HAYES, Chief Marshal of Today's Parade.

GRAND ARMY DAY.

(Continued.)

erty is crowned with laurel, while in her extended hand she holds a wreath with long red, white and blue streamers. The pedestal is covered with flowers.

The four cannons are very artistically transformed into floral gems by the skillful arrangements of evergreen about the frame. From the mouth of each protrudes a large bouquet.

DECORATIONS.

City Hall and the Memorial Building are tastefully decorated about all entrances in tastefully arranged bunting of the national colors.

The full program of this afternoon's parade has been previously published in The Sun. It will start at 3:30 o'clock from the North common and will proceed over the following route:

Clark to Fletcher, to Pawtucket, to Merrimack, where the column will be reviewed at City Hall by the Mayor and city government, and then to Monument Square, where services will be held. The column will be re-formed on Merrimack street, then proceed down

Merrimack to Central, to Jackson street, where the column will be reviewed by the chief marshal and staff and dismissed.

It is the earnest desire of the comrades that all residents on the line of march decorate and storekeepers close their places of business from 3 p. m. to 4:30 p. m.

See Second Edition.

Mailox helps the weakest stomach.

FUNERALS.

ROWEN—The funeral of the late George H. Rowen took place from the Immaculate Conception church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Fr. Giguant, O.M.I., officiating. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful. The bearers were Messrs. Michael O'Neill, John Kelly from Court Merrimack, F. of A., John Lynch, E. J. McGinn from sisters courts of the F. of A., James Hogan and Matthew Connelly from the family. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. The funeral was among the largest seen here for some time. Mr. McDermott had charge.

MANN—The funeral of Lizzy A. Mann was held Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Edison cemetery chapel. Rev. H. Lockhart officiated and interment was in the Edison cemetery.

SMITH—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Smith took place yesterday afternoon from St. Peter's church. Rev. Fr. Mullin conducting services. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery, and the bearers were Messrs. Hickey, King, McGinn, Kane, Crowley, and McCarthy.

Don't die by inches—get well—Mailox

CASTORIA. The Kidney and Bladder Remedy.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Fine job printing done at this office.

DEATHS.

MAHONEY—John Mahoney, aged 31 years, died last night at his home, 17 North street. Deceased was a well known old resident of this city. Besides his wife, he is survived by two sons, David A., and John S., and Nellie C., a teacher in the public schools. The funeral will be held Wednesday morning from St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. The family requests that no flowers be sent.

CLOUGH—Arthur Clough died Saturday at his residence, 39 Powell street, aged 34 years. He was a member of Columbia Council, O.E.C.M., and General Fiske Lodge, I.O.G.T. He leaves a wife and one son.

KNAPP—John H. Knapp, aged 51 years, died yesterday morning at his home in West Somerville. Deceased is survived by his wife, three sons, and two daughters. The funeral will occur Wednesday morning under the direction of C. H. Molloy of this city.

NICHOLSON—Sarah E. Nicholson, the 18-year-old daughter of John and Sarah Nicholson, died Saturday afternoon at her parents' home, 24 Riverside avenue.

An Astonishing Admission. On a single day last week eight persons were found starting to death in New York, and they were not recent arrivals.—Omaha Bee.

Is it possible? And Dingley prosperity sweeping over the land like a March norther! Surely there is some mistake about this. The idea that starvation can exist in this day of Dingley prosperity and right in the heart of the section where national honor and national integrity were upheld so gloriously! Eight people in New York city starving to death when prosperity is fairly swamping them! Surely our contemporary is joking. It cannot be serious in making that statement.—Omaha World-Herald.

Fine job printing done at this office.

MAY 28

Rains, of course—a good place to get an Umbrella, or if you mislaid your own, or if your friend has not returned it. We're right on the square here and handy for all purposes. By the way, this is one of the days you can save six dollars on a suit of clothes.

Lots of men nowadays don't make six dollars in the whole week—unfortunately for us and for them. We told all about this offer during the week. If you want a good black suit, now's your chance. \$12 will buy an \$18 suit provided you comply with the conditions. We will explain our plan here if the "ad" has escaped your observation. Cut this out and bring it with you.—SUN.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

BIG DAY IN CAMP WITH THE POLICE

Fully 15,000 People Visited the Soldiers Yesterday.

Assailants of Fred Carlson are Known.

FR. MURPHY PRESENTED WITH A HORSE.

THEY DID NOT BEGIN THE TROUBLE.

Presents for the Other Officers.

Anxious Relatives Seeking Friends.

May 29.—Fully 15,000 persons visited the campground today. By two o'clock it was almost impossible to get through the throngs of people who were actually jammed. The people, many of them women and children, came in all sorts of conveyances including an Irish jaunting car carrying a load of young women. There were so many bicycles that they finally became a nuisance in the crowded streets, and the officer of the day had to keep them outside the camp lines.

It was a good-humored crowd, however, and even the necessary rough work of the provost in its attempt to clear the field for the evening parade, and following presentation was accepted as part of the business. All the men and boys in the camp were, apparently, visited all at once by all their relatives and acquaintances, while the officers were actually driven out of their quarters by their guests.

It was the greatest day in the history of Framingham field and one to be remembered for all time. Beside the great crowd that came up from Boston with the A.O.U., and assisted in the presentation of the regimental flag, there were smaller groups who sought out their personal friends and left with their remembrances of various kinds. Fair Oaks garbison of Natick came on a visit to the Natick company. The old veterans and the young volunteers shouted themselves hoarse in friendly greetings. Capt. Quinlan was remembered, being given a handsome gold cross set with diamonds.

Capt. Hayes was presented with a handsome sword and belt. Chaplain Murphy was given a magnificent black horse with trappings. Mr. John A. Ryan of Boston making a most eloquent speech of presentation, to which Fr. Murphy most happily replied.

The field and staff, collectively, was given the latest thing in rubber ponchos by the Aspley Rubber company, through Senator Brigham, and there were other gifts to individual members.

The weather was made to order. It was simply perfect from sunrise to the going down thereof. Guard mounting was the first ceremony of the day, and following that, at 10 o'clock, came mass, celebrated by Chaplain Murphy.

During the day there was much speculation as to when the regiment would start South. It depends entirely upon the arrangements the quartermaster in Boston can make for transportation. Late tonight, there was a report in camp, which could not be confirmed, however, that the regiment will leave tomorrow night, going via the New York, New Haven & Hartford railway to Newport, thence via steamer to New York, thence via Baltimore & Ohio to Washington. The New York, New Haven & Hartford company has several cars in the yard here and could easily send the regiment to its destination with little delay. The fact that these cars are ready and in the yards here may be father to the rumor.

LOWELL MAN SUED

For Alienating of Affections of Mr. Legassy's Wife.

THE DEFENDANT IS GEORGE L. CROSBY.

All Concerned Are Young People.

Newburyport, May 28.—A case was heard before Judge Bailey in the superior court today, it being a special civil action in which Clarence B. Legassy of Haverhill sued George L. Crosby of Lowell for the alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

The plaintiff's statement is that he married Florence B. Laughall, formerly of Newburyport, Jan. 7, 1897 and they resided with his father. In June last Mrs. Legassy went to Lynn to work a few weeks in a restaurant and while there the husband was informed of circumstances that raised his suspicions as to what his father went to Lynn to investigate.

It was June 26 that his father returned to Haverhill and the defendant also came back. The husband employed ex-police officer Sprague to watch his wife. Sprague alleges that he saw Mr. Crosby and Mrs. Legassy make a trip together to the beach on the steamer Merrimack and on returning to the Haverhill wharf they separated.

On two other occasions in July they went to places near Lake Kenosha in the evening walking along lovers' lane and other roadways leading into the wood.

The defense was a general denial. Testimony showed that Officer Sprague's brother who is a stable keeper in Haverhill brought Mr. Legassy and his father to the scene and had all the parties face to face with admissions of indiscretion on the part of Crosby but nothing criminal and offers for settlement.

Subsequently there was a libel for divorce and the defendant was named as a co-respondent. All of the parties are young the plaintiff being 23; his wife a very little older while the defendant is nearly the same age.

The judge reserved his decision.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be sure and get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. All druggists, 60c or \$1.00. Cure guaranteed. No tobacco and no smoke. Address: Sterling Remedial Co., Chicago or New York.

The police have discovered the assailants of Henry Hayden and Gus Carlson, but have made no arrest as yet. The assailants were Assyrians and from what the police have learned of the affair were not to blame for the beginning of the trouble. It is true that one of them made a remark as Carlson, Hayden and the two girls were passing, but his remarks were addressed to his companion.

Dr. Pool visited the two men again Saturday and probed the wound of Carlson to learn its extent. It was about an inch deep and greatly resembled the knife which caused the death of Dr. Chaput, except that it was a little higher.

The wound will be a painful one but it is not dangerous. Both men were ordered out of their Tyler street room Saturday morning and they left promptly.

MISSING PERSONS.

Supt. Davis has received a telegram from Undertaker G. W. Jones, of Portland, Me., asking him to find Mrs. Martha Welsh, 21 East Merrimack street. The telegram stated that her brother Frank H. Bury, has been dead a week in that city. The woman is supposed to live on the Merrimack Corporation.

Another letter received is as follows:

Dorset, Mass., May 28, 3 a. m. To the Chief of Police, Lowell, Mass.: Dear Sir—Having a brother somewhere in Lowell or its immediate vicinity I take the liberty of addressing you and asking you for your kind assistance in locating him as his father is dangerously ill.

His name is Edward Holmes Smith, son of Daniel Smith, formerly of 145 Duke street, St. John, N. H. He is about 6 feet, 4 inches in height; has light, sandy complexion, and is about 45 years old. He has a peculiar accent in his speech. According to his talk five years ago, he worked on a large farm and had charge of an old man who was an invalid. When the old man died he remained as a sort of valet or butler.

Hoping for your kind assistance, I remain respectfully yours, J. J. Smith, 11 Westminster St., Roxbury District, Boston, Mass.

HOUSE ENTERED.

Burglars entered the residence of Mrs. Martha Wyman at Chestnut, near the city line on last Thursday evening. They were frightened away, however, before they could accomplish anything. The only thing missing from the house is a lady's cloak. The police were notified.

ORDERS FOR INVASION.

Washington, May 28.—It is certain that orders have gone to Major General Shafter at Tampa to embark the greater portion of his corps, including all the regiments and a few of the most efficient volunteer regiments, on board the transports gathered at that place. The aggressive military movement which has been so frequently predicted and so often delayed for one cause or another will be an accomplished fact before the end of this week. The strongest units of Admiral Sampson's reorganized squadron will convey the expedition and cover its landing at a point now definitely designated. Simultaneously the most rigid censorship of press dispatches that has so far been undertaken by the government will be put into operation at Tampa and Key West, and all messages relating to the movements of troops or ships, or in any way speculating upon the expedition will be permitted on the wires. If this means of preventing publication of information which would be exceedingly valuable to Spain is not fully successful, the censorship will be promptly extended to the mails.

It can be confidently asserted that beyond the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy, the president will permit no civilian to enjoy his confidence in this matter until a landing on foreign territory shall have been actually accomplished, and General Shafter himself will have sealed orders whose contents will be known only to General Miles and General Corbin until the expedition is safely at sea. Admiral Sampson's sole instructions will be to guard the expedition and to co-operate with General Shafter under the latter's directions.

THE LIEBER RULES.

Washington, May 29.—General orders 100 of April 24, 1863, comprising instructions for the government of armies of the United States in the field, have been reissued and are being sent to the various commanders for their guidance during the present conflict with Spain. These instructions were prepared by Francis Lieber, the father of the present Judge advocate general of the army, and were published at the direction of President Lincoln after being formally revised by a board of officers of which Major General E. A. Hitchcock was president. They were adopted by both France and Prussia in the war between those countries five years after the civil contest here, and were the basis upon which a general European conference afterwards acted in drawing up an agreement on this subject. The instructions make 24 pages of print and cover almost every conceivable feature of military conduct and usage in time of war, and a definition of many of the terms used.

STOP THAT HEAD COLD IN 10 MINUTES.—or it will develop into chronic Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder stops cold in the head in 10 minutes and relieves most acute and deep seated catarrh after one application. Cures quickly and permanently. I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with best results. It is a great remedy and I never cease recommending it.—John E. Dill, Spaulding, Ohio.

Sold by RINGWOOD & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. B. Carter, Branch, and Smith streets.

Delicate Gingham

"Wash delicate gingham in tepid Fairy Soap suds, rinse well in tepid water, and dry in the shade."—Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.

FAIRY SOAP

Pure—White—Floating.

The Soap of the Century.

Sold every where in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE

Send us your name, address and one Fairy Soap wrapper to receive a copy of our booklet, "Fairy Soap," second series, larger and more valuable than the first, and containing new stories and illustrations.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Baltimore.

They Are In Luck.

The national banking interest is in great luck. Not many years since it was feared that the rapid extinguishment of the public debt would force the banks out of business by taking away the basis of their circulation. The issue of \$200,000,000 of bonds by the last administration was a godsend to them. And now they are in a position to meet the prospect of addition to the bonded indebtedness of the country, and by this means they hope to prolong their existence and their power to fleece the people for at least another half century. Could they have their way about it the debt would be made permanent, and there would be no pretense whatever of paying it off. The greenbacks must all be called in and canceled, the government advanced from the banking business and full control to issue and manipulate the paper currency given to the banking corporations. Conditions are not favorable just at present for any financial legislation, but the philanthropists of the national banks see in each succeeding bond issue something certain to insure to their advantage and aid materially in perpetuating their lease of life.—Journal of the Knights of Labor.

CARDENAS HARBOR CLOSED.

Key West, May 30.—Cardenas harbor has been completely closed by the Spaniards since the attack of the Winslow and other American torpedo boats. This fact was demonstrated by the attempt of the English steamer Myrtilledene to enter the port to take on a cargo of sugar. The Myrtilledene had begun to take on a cargo when war was declared, and she was ordered out by the American gunboats. The steamer's gunners opened fire at under the blockade proclamation she was entitled to 30 days in which to load, and Secretary of the Navy Long gave the ship permission to return and complete her cargo. She found, however, that the harbor was filled with sunken obstructions and could not get in. She lies outside the harbor, nestling in, forlorn and dejected like a storm-battered bird, uncertain whether to attempt to bring her cargo out in lighters or wait for the war to end. The watercraft Cardenas are too shallow for big ships, and the Winslow tragedy probably closes the history of naval operations in that quarter.

Telephone W. E. Livingston, 15 Thorn-dike street, for a little of that Cannel coal for your open grate. Look at your coal bin, too.

Flat chases job printing done at this office.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.

LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought on the and has the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President. March 24, 1898.

Samuel Pitcher—M.D.
Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought" BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



A prominent vocal instructor, living in one of the prosperous cities of Connecticut, relates a curious experience: "In learning," he says, "to properly place and sustain the tone, pupils sometimes feel a faintness and dizziness arising from the peculiar action of the diaphragm and the effort of controlling the breath. I have known a girl to actually have to sit down for fear of fainting. I became convinced that the difficulty came from a weak stomach and talked with my physician about it. He was inclined to think that I had the right solution of the trouble. Some time after that I, from time to time, gave a Ripans Tabula to a pupil, suggesting that it be taken before singing in the next lesson. The effect was precisely what I had hoped. The pupils were relieved of the difficulty and able to take the full half hour of vocal exercise without any of the old trouble. It seems a queer use to make of a medicine, but it was effective."

Old and Reliable Cures Colds Quick

For over forty years it has been used and proved to cure the most stubborn lung or bronchial colds. It soothes and heals quickly, preventing serious development. It does not upset the stomach.

MASTA'S PULMONIC BALSAM.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE LOWELL SUN
JAMES H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, \$3.00. Per Month, 25c.

NEVER REFUSE

to advertise in a paper with a large circulation because you do not agree with its views on public questions. It is not to the paper that you appeal for trade, but to its readers. If you solicit patronage from those only who think as you do, you had better go out of business before you lose every dollar you have. You may not agree with The Sun on all questions, but if you take the trouble to look into its circulation, you will agree that you cannot afford to be out of its columns if you advertise at all.

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell, and it is the cheapest advertising medium in this city on the basis of actual circulation. It's

**LOWELL'S
GREATEST
NEWSPAPER.**



Are we to have Hawaii? It is difficult to refuse it, while President Doane is forcing it upon us.

The supreme court will now be called upon to pass upon the constitutionality of the "corporation tax." If it rules as it did on the income tax law, the court must speedily be reconstructed.

The board of strategy should send for Dewey and order him to silence the forts at Havana and destroy the Spanish fleet. The board would not require to spend any of its precious time going into details of how he should do this.

The gallant Ninth goes to Camp Allego. It is said that Colonel Boggs, from some cause, does not appear anxious to go to the front. He would evidently prefer to remain around Boston. If this is so he is the wrong man to be at the head of the Ninth regiment.

If Commodore Schley has let Admiral Cervera escape, the United States will be the laughing stock for the nation. The blockade of Havana has accomplished very little thus far and if Cervera has left Santiago, he may probably make a dash for Havana if he finds an opportunity.

If that Cadiz fleet should come here, Sampson and Schley would have a hot time of it. They have been kept guessing so by Admiral Cervera. Had they destroyed the fortifications of Havana harbor, there would be no security for the Spanish fleet at Havana and no better trap could be devised than to get it into an unfortified harbor.

The shillbottle "Remember the Maine" has shocked some of our superstitious political patriots to the extent that they have petitioned Secretary Long to have it suppressed in the navy department. These people should petition the government to carry on the war without killing anybody. It is so cruel you know.

The same sickly sentimentalists send bouquets to the worst criminals, to such men as Bram, Joe Kelly and the New Hampshire murderer, and even to Lucretia of Chicago, who ran his wife through the sausage machine and dissolved what was left of her body in chemicals.

MEMORIAL DAY.

This is Memorial Day, a day held sacred to the memory of the nation's fallen heroes. At the present time, there is a bare possibility that the heroes of the civil war may be in a measure overlooked or forgotten in our admiration for the heroes of the present war. But so far as this war has gone, it has little of the terrors of those four years of bloody strife, so well remembered by the survivors of the conflict who march our streets today. The battles of those four years were among the most terrible in desperation and carnage that the world has ever seen and it is to be hoped that the present conflict will witness nothing half so bloody as the battles between the North and South from 1861 to 1865.

It is a source of gratification to the veterans of that war now in their declining years to find the North and the South moving hand in hand in the common cause of freedom and humanity. The men of the South who fought against the union in the last war are as patriotic today and as ready to risk their lives for the union as the men of the North. Patriots of the North and South march together as a band of brothers to free the people of Cuba and to go down to bring additional glory to the Stars and Stripes. The last war was most destructive in the loss of life and treasure; but the result were proportionally glorious; yet

It is the better of everybody conversant with the situation in the present war that victory will come to the United States with a comparatively small loss of life and that the results will vastly increase the power, the prestige, and the commerce of this nation.

In the conclusion of the present war, the Grand Army veterans will see the union which they fought to establish, made more glorious than ever; they will see this country made one of the foremost powers in the world on sea and on land; they will see its territory extended, its navy enlarged, its commerce built up, and its flag respected as the emblem of liberty in every quarter of the world. All this must certainly bring consolation to those who risked their lives for the union, now under the influence of age and in the natural order of things soon to be mustered into that army of the great Beyond where every noble sacrifice is nobly rewarded.

Should the city give \$5000 to the support of the Lowell Textile school, you are given an excellent opportunity to express your views on this question at the public hearing in City Hall next Tuesday night.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

The New York Sun has been generously giving up space on its valuable editorial page to lists of books suitable for children's reading. Only of The Sun's readers having made an inquiry in the columns of that paper regarding good reading matter for a child of 12 years, several lists of books have been sent in and published. We think these lists will be found both interesting and useful by the readers of The Sun. Here is one of them:

All of Julia Ann's stories.
The Jungle Books.
Rab and His Friends.
A Child's Garden of Verses, Stevenson.
A Dog of Flanders.
Lives of the Queens of England, Agnes Kirkland.

David Copperfield.
Parables from Nature, Mrs. Gatty.
Uncle Remus.
Greek Heroes.
The Wonder Book.
Charlotte Yonge's Stories.
The Scottish Chiefs.

This is a good list and does well to start off with some of the best of the world's work. Here is another list, which is said to have the endorsement of Kipling himself:

Scott's Pirate (to be read aloud).
Stories of Ragnarok (Norse mythology).
All of Mrs. Juliana Horatia Eber's books—Six to Sixteen. A Thousand for a Farthing, Jackanapes, The Story of a Short Life, Dandy Darwin's Dovecot, etc.

All Louis M. Alcott's books.
Water Babies.
The Play-Prayer Series.
What Katy Did; What Katy Did at School.
The Silver Skates by Mrs. Mary Alice Dodge.
Grimm's Tales.
Uncle Christian Andersen's Tales.
Black Beauty.

Facts on the Field.
Remont d'un Jeune Homme Peuvre.
There is good reading matter in the above and many adults will recognize several favorites of their youth. Up to this point, strange to say, not one of the books mentioned by Mrs. Robinson has appeared, and yet we cannot think these books either passé or unimportant. But now welcome to a correspondent who gives the names of the books, which were household words in his boyhood and an excellent list it is, on the whole:
Robinson Crusoe.
Swiss Family Robinson.
Gulliver's Travels.
Arabian Nights.
The Scottish Chiefs.
Evenings at Home.
Stories of the Ready.
Hobbit.
Santini and Storton.
The Looking Glass (not Carroll's).
Thaddeus of Warsaw.
Benjamin's Parents' Friend.
Edgeworth's Parents' Assistant.
And our excellence, the Bible Tales. Only two of the above have appeared in previous lists, while at least half of them might well have done so. How sad the fate of a youth who does not read Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights!

SUPERIOR COURT.

Following is the short list for the session of the superior court at Lowell tomorrow, Judge Lilley on the bench:
237—Leblanc, Jr. vs. McOler.
238—Merrill vs. Hammett.
239—Pollock vs. Stevenson et al.
240—Merrill vs. Keyes.
241—Lincoln vs. Keyes.
242—Walton vs. Colbert.
243—Quinn vs. Sarno.
244—Gano vs. Sarno.
245—Murphy vs. Murphy.
246—Kennedy vs. Mechanics' Savings Bank.

A SMOKING SET.

Lowell Council, Knights of Columbus, sent an entire smoking set to Private William Cooke, Co. G, Sixth Regiment, as a gift and token of the council's respect for their fellow member ready to fight for his country.

Everybody Pays So.

Chocolate Candy Coughs, the most recent medical discovery of the day, is a most effective remedy for the most common and most annoying of all ailments, clearing the entire system, dispelling all humors, forcing habitual constipation and indigestion. Please try and try a box of C. C. Coughs, 10c. Sold at all drug stores.

FOR SUMMER WEAR
Willow
Combining Health, Comfort, Beauty, Style.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' SCALP CLEANER
Is the only Dandruff Cure. For Shampooing it has no equal. AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
Chickadee's English Blood Purifier. It is the only Dandruff Cure. For Shampooing it has no equal. AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Weak Men Made Vigorous
What PEPPER'S NERVONIG DIET

Hotel Albert, New York.
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
Rooms, \$1 Up. RESTAURANT.
Good food—good food—quiet, airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district. Half portions served. Making it profitable for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

Merchants and Travelling Men
Having business downtown can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at

BREVOORT HOUSE
NEW YORK.
"Home-like" Hotel of European Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Monument Arch, Washington Square.

SHARON HOUSE
Largest and most complete bathing establishment in the United States. Bathing on application. Open Jan. 1 to Oct. 1. B. P. SHARON & SONS, Proprietors.

AN ARRAY
Of Spring Footwear, gotten together for the special benefit of the people of Lowell, whose good-will we endeavor to deserve by gathering for their selection "Shoes" of the very latest styles and through workmanship, lasting service and comfort to the wearer. Ladies' hand-stitched shoes, in button or lace, tan and black kid, English last, \$3 a pair. Men's Vied and light tan lace shoes \$3 a pair. Ladies' Vesting Tan Lace Shoes, in tan and black, \$1.50 and \$2 a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

Dissolution Sale

For the next 30 days we shall sell all the goods now on hand at your own price, regardless of cost.

By the 1st of July everything has got to be sold to make room for new goods and repairs.

Just take a look at our stock and see what there is that suits you and make us an offer for it.

We will have no auction, but move in a quiet and orderly manner.

Space will not allow us to give prices, but a call will suffice.

Geo. F. Offutt & Co.
(Successors to Offutt & Pierce),
35-39 MARKET STREET.

Another Prize Captured

J. DRAIN, III Corham Street

Has captured about a carload of the Greatest Bargains in Millinery ever seen in Lowell.

Hundreds of fine trimmed Hats at about 1-4 regular price. Thousands of untrimmed shapes in all the newest styles and colors to suit everybody at less than one-half what other dealers ask.

Children's and Misses' Hats in all colors, all styles, from 25c. upwards.

Today we open about 100 doz. Misses' and Children's Untrimmed Shapes, good value at 50 and 75c. Our price 25c. for choice.

Today we open one of the grandest displays of Ladies' Fine Sailors, all the new styles direct from the manufacturer. This line is worth walking a long distance to see. They are elegant cheap Sailors for 25c. and 50c.

Today we place on sale the grandest value in Trimmed Sailors, fast color, worth \$1.25 to \$1.50, for this sale 69c.

Flowers, Feathers and Ribbons marked down one-half. These great mark-downs we are obliged to make as we are more than overstocked.

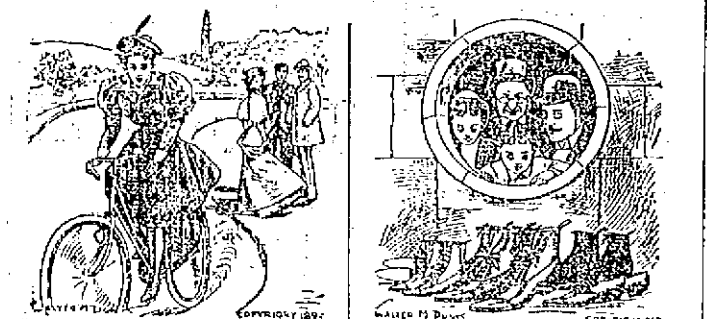
Our new line of Children's White Dresses from 25c. to \$2 are great values.

New Muslin Bonnets, all prices. Our 25c. 38c. and 50c. Bonnets are elegant for the price and cannot be equalled in Lowell.

See our line of Shirt Waists from 25c. to \$2. They please everybody. Special sale Ladies' Wrappers this week. Ladies' extra size Waists and Wrappers always in stock.

JOHN DRAIN, III CORHAM STREET.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

An Up-to-Date Century Rider A GLANCE AT OUR SHOES



Should have a pair of Bicycle Shoes. 1st. Ladies' 10-inch Bicycle Shoes, \$2.00. 2nd. Ladies' 15-inch Bicycle Shoes, high cut, best quality, \$2.50. 3rd. Men's Bicycle Shoes, black or russet, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00. Boys' Spring Band Shoes, russet and black, sizes 9 to 13, only 75 cents. Ladies' Russet Boots, cloth top, \$1.00.

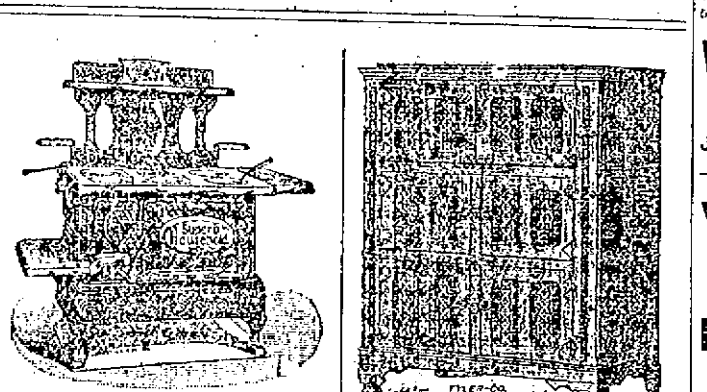
THOMAS P. BOULGER
115 Central Street

Anybody who earns a little money can get all the Clothing he wants of us on credit. No matter how small his income may be, we'll arrange the payments to suit his means. We have but one price cash or credit, and credit is absolutely free.

MEN'S SUITS marked down to \$8.75, \$10.75, \$12.75.
LADIES' SUITS \$9.98, \$10.98, \$14.75.
JACKETS and CAPES \$5.98, \$7.98, \$9.98.
TRIMMED HATS \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98.

We must again and again impress upon your mind that the best is none too good for our trade. Self preservation compels us to offer you the best made garments the market contains. Your bill comes due gradually—there is plenty of time to test our statement. To sell you inferior garments would be like killing the hen which lays the golden egg.

Caesar Misch
ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.



Ranges REFRIGERATORS
The Ranny is the Best.
Agents for the Household Range, Easy on fuel, easy bakers, easy to operate, fully warranted.
Mineral wool packed, solid oak, bronze trimmings, fully warranted against warping, and use little fuel.
Ice Boxes, \$4.50 to \$10
Refrigerators, \$7.50 to \$30
Robertson & Co., 82 Prescott Street

DON'T STOP TO THINK
BUY RIGHT TO THE
CENTRAL
CASH MARKET
Lower Prices on Beef.

Best Round, 2 lbs. 25c.
Best Top Round, 1 lb.
Best Round and Sirloin 18 to 22c.
Pea Beans, 5c. qt.
2 doz. Fresh Eggs, 25c.
100 Fresh Eggs, \$1.00
3 lbs. Pork Steak, 25c.

The Bargain Makers in the Beef Business, cor.

CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

Toothache!

It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped forever. Wm. H. Goldspring, D.D.S., by placing his finger upon any aching tooth, stops the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him. He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 5 a. m. to 10 p. m.

177 Middlesex St., Room 1.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 2nd, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing, flat copy, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and Chinese Desserting.

You Have Struck the Right Place
When You Have Found

Peter Watson's
CELEBRATED BAKERIES

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakery supplies, you will always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located in
62 to 66 CHARLES ST.
and 485 LAWRENCE ST.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker & Funeral Director
160 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 614. Calls night and day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 CORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "TWO TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

BUY YOUR
Men's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing
ON CREDIT.

At cash prices of the popular CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 117 Merrimack street, opp. City Hotel, OPEN EVENINGS.

Take My Advice and Call on the
Eagle Clothing Co.

We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. **THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE**, 190-192 Middlesex St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ale. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Cheapest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. KNIGHTS
11 Middlesex Street.

Notice.
For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his \$25 Suits for \$20; his \$30 Suits for \$25; his \$35 Suits for \$30; his \$40 Suits for \$35; his \$45 Suits for \$40; his \$50 Suits for \$45; his \$55 Suits for \$50; his \$60 Suits for \$55; his \$65 Suits for \$60; his \$70 Suits for \$65; his \$75 Suits for \$70; his \$80 Suits for \$75; his \$85 Suits for \$80; his \$90 Suits for \$85; his \$95 Suits for \$90; his \$100 Suits for \$95; his \$105 Suits for \$100; his \$110 Suits for \$105; his \$115 Suits for \$110; his \$120 Suits for \$115; his \$125 Suits for \$120; his \$130 Suits for \$125; his \$135 Suits for \$130; his \$140 Suits for \$135; his \$145 Suits for \$140; his \$150 Suits for \$145; his \$155 Suits for \$150; his \$160 Suits for \$155; his \$165 Suits for \$160; his \$170 Suits for \$165; his \$175 Suits for \$170; his \$180 Suits for \$175; his \$185 Suits for \$180; his \$190 Suits for \$185; his \$195 Suits for \$190; his \$200 Suits for \$195; his \$205 Suits for \$200; 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A PURE FABRICATION ISSUED

Sent Out From Paris Tells of a Fabulous Battle.

In Which Yankee Ships Were Sunk and Others Captured—President Faure Talks of the War—Talk of Peace—More Troops for Dewey in Ten Days.

Washington, May 30.—A dispatch from Paris gives an account of a naval battle alleged to have taken place between the combined squadrons of Sampson and Schley and that of Cervera. The story is that Commodore Schley's squadron parted from Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet off Cape May, the eastern point of Cuba, and steered toward the Yucatan passage, followed closely by Sampson's ships. Both were sighted from the watch towers of Santiago de Cuba. Rear Admiral Sampson arrived off the province of Puerto Principe, continuing thence in the direction of Jamaica. Admiral Cervera left Santiago Thursday, May 26, at midnight, all his lights being extinguished, with the Vizcaya and the Almirante Oquendo preceded by the torpedo boat destroyer Furor. He took up a position in proximity to Jamaica. Two hours later the remainder of Admiral Cervera's squadron withdrew from the harbor of Santiago and proceeded in a southerly direction.

On the morning of Friday the Furor advised Admiral Cervera of the approach of the enemy. Rear Admiral Sampson's ships steamed at full speed toward the Spanish vessels, which accepted combat, but moved in a southerly direction to effect a junction with the remainder of the Spanish squadron. Presently the battle raged furiously on both sides. The Americans detached three cruisers and three smaller ships to surround the Vizcaya and the Almirante Oquendo. The Furor, between the cross fire of the enemy, made for the American flagship notwithstanding the fire of the heavy guns. The outcome of the contest was that two American warships were sunk and one Spanish warship disabled in its steering gear. The remaining vessels of the American squadron were so much damaged that they were compelled to take refuge in Haitian waters. It is reported that the Cristobal Colon captured one American ship which had been disabled from a shot by the Vizcaya that performed her side.

Officials of the navy department declare with the utmost positiveness that the engagement did not occur. Advice from Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley clearly indicate that the statements contained in the Madrid story are without the slightest foundation in fact. When Secretary Long was shown a copy of the dispatch he said: "It is an interesting story, but it entirely lacks the element of truth. You will notice that it is regarded with suspicion even in Madrid. It comes to us from Paris, where it was received from some unnamed place after being filtered through the Spanish capital. No, there is absolutely no truth in it."

Official advice were received last night from Commodore Schley. They contain no information of an engagement, although it is known that they were written after the battle is said to have occurred. These indicate that he is now, and has been for several days, guarding the entrance to the bay of Santiago. He says that he has Admiral Cervera and his Cape Verde squadron bottled up in the bay. Schley has not only his own squadron, but two or three vessels besides at his command, and it is not believed to be possible for the Spanish admiral to escape with his fleet, either by day or by night.

No information is obtainable as to the intentions of the commodore. Whether he will endeavor to force an entrance to the bay and seek a battle with the Spanish squadron is not known, but such a course at present is not regarded as likely. It would be the better, in the opinion of naval officials, to keep Cervera and his vessels safely in the harbor, where they are as absolutely useless as they would be at the bottom of the sea.

PRESIDENT FAURE'S REGRETS.

Paris, May 30.—President Faure, at the unveiling of the monument to the combatants of 1870 at Etienne Sunday, referred in the course of his speech to the Hispano-American war, expressing his regrets that the efforts of France and the

where the Spanish ships may appear. If the Spaniards should escape Commodore Schley on the southern coast of Cuba and make for the eastern ports of the United States in a few hours he can cut them off in the Windward passage. One more scout boat is kept in that position constantly. On the other hand, if the Spaniards should come around the western end of Cuba, with the hope of getting into Havana, he is where he can intercept them on short notice.

A most vigilant watch is kept by the fleet day and night in apprehension, in hope, that the Spanish fleet may come in sight. The sailors hang over the rails scanning the horizon, and the gunners lie in the shadow of the big rifles, longing for a chance to set the great monsters thundering. "When a quiet day for a battle," they say, looking out over the motionless sea, but days and nights go by and the enemy does not come. At night the lights are all put out and the torpedo boats and small gunboats constantly patrol the surrounding waters.

NEWS FROM MANILA.

London, May 30.—The Hong Kong correspondent of The Daily Mail says: "United States Consul Q. P. Williams tells me he does not think Admiral Montojo will be confronted, and adds that he does not think that the admiral should be, for he fought bravely. Mr. Williams says also that Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, has his men at Cavite in a good state of discipline. They are provided with plenty of rifles and ammunition, and are expected to do good service for the Americans in attacking Manila."

"The Spaniards are trying to win the Philippine rebels from their allegiance to the Americans," Captain General Augustus said two days before the capture of Manila, promising all kinds of reforms, including autonomy for the islands; but the insurgent chief declined to negotiate with them, reminding them that the same promises had been made before. Aguinaldo made prisoners of two native deputies from the Manila government. The Spanish are appointing natives governors of provinces."

DIED AT CHICKAMAUGA.

Chickamauga, National Park, May 30.—Sunday was a day of rest at Camp Thomas, all drills and exercises having been dispensed with. Lieutenant Colonel Hartsuff, chief surgeon on General Brooke's staff, cordially endorses the plan adopted by the national relief committee of receiving and distributing supplies to needy soldiers and their families. It was learned at the chief surgeon's headquarters that the largest percentage of sickness in camp is in the Wisconsin, Minnesota and Illinois regiments, and that the percentage of sickness among these regiments is very small and inconsequential. The health of the camp, considering the conditions, is remarkably good. There were three deaths Sunday, as follows: Pierce Collier, aged 35, company H, Fourteenth Minnesota, of River Falls, from pneumonia, contracted in camp before reaching Chickamauga; H. O. Burnham of Lynn, Mass., company D, Eighth Massachusetts, pneumonia; Ludwig Bohner, Springfield, Ill., company D, Fifth Illinois, blood poisoning. All the men were prepared for burial and will be sent to relatives for interment.

SOMEBODY IS WRONG.

London, May 30.—A dispatch to The Times from Kingston, Jamaica, says: "Private information from the most trustworthy sources indicates that Admiral Cervera's squadron is not at Santiago de Cuba, but is in Central American waters."

The Times, reviewing the situation, says: "The missing squadron has accomplished nothing so far except the consumption of coal. If Admiral Cervera, after leaving Martinique, had succeeded in obtaining a supply of coal, he might without great difficulty have struck a heavy blow at Key West or Tampa. As he has not attempted this, the inference is that he lacks supplies, and, fearing to approach San Juan de Puerto Rico, steered for Santiago."

"No fleet in existence of such small dimensions has ever been more successful in evading a moral effect. Such effect cannot, however, be indefinitely prolonged unless a stronger policy than that of evasion can be adopted; and it is possible that the United States authorities have taken Admiral Cervera somewhat too seriously. Despite official denials, the proceedings of the United States board of strategy unequivocally indicate diversity, and even conflict of counsel, and the absence of a strong guiding hand. While naval movements monopolize attention, the crisis of the situation is essentially military. The United States must capture Havana, and then to that end must seize a convenient harbor as a base of attack on Havana."

TALKING OF PEACE.

Madrid, May 30.—The papers continue to talk of the possibilities of peace. The Globe publishes an article, supposed to be inspired by Mr. Moret, the late minister of the colonies, advocating peace, which has attracted great attention, but the discussion shows as yet no tangible results.

JOINS CHAFFEE'S COMMAND.

Tampa, May 30.—The Second Massachusetts volunteers, now encamped at Lakeland, and with one exception, the Seventy-first New York, the only regiment of volunteers in the Fifth corps,

has been ordered to break camp and



BRIG. GEN. ADNA R. CHAFFEE.

Inc to an order issued by General Spitzer, and will be brought to Tampa. It will go into camp near the Eighth and Twenty-second infantry regiments which, with the Second Massachusetts, compose the First brigade, under the command of Brigadier General Adna R. Chaffee.

NOT BEFORE TEN DAYS.

San Francisco, May 30.—It will be about 10 days before all the troops are sufficiently equipped for the start to Manila and the vessels are in readiness. General Merritt will not give the order to depart until his men are in good shape. He wants to land them at Manila in order to commence fighting right away, and is taking no chances on poor accommodations for the soldiers.

THROW AT CAMP DEWEY.

South Framingham, Mass., May 30.—Sunday was a notable one in Camp Dewey, principally on account of the Semanista crowd which thronged on the parade ground in the afternoon to witness the presentation of a set of colors to the regiment. After the dress parade the regiment was formed into a hollow square, and the presentation party, in an Irish jaunting car, drove up with the colors. William J. Cronan of Boston, after an eloquent speech, handed the flags to Colonel Boggs, and the latter in his response said that the regiment would guard them well. One of the flags is the stars and stripes, while the other is the green banner of Ireland. On the latter in gold letters is inscribed, "Presented to the Ninth Regiment, M. V. M., by the Ancient Order of Hibernians of Suffolk county." Patriotic speeches were made by Congressman John P. Fitzgerald and E. J. Satterly of South Framingham, state president of the A. O. H.

CONGRESSIONAL BUSINESS.

Washington, May 30.—The consideration of the Hawaiian annexation resolutions by the house this week is possible, but not assured. Speaker Reed stands ready to give them full right of way in the house if they pass the senate, but is opposed to sending them through the house first and forcing them upon the senate, because, he contends, it would precipitate a fight there that would prolong indefinitely the session and end likely in the whole matter finally going over to next winter. Especially is he opposed to forcing the Hawaiian Islands to the front until the revenue bill is through the senate. It is stated upon high authority that other Republican members of the committee on rules are in accord with the speaker's position. Notwithstanding their favor, as he does not, the annexation proposition.

There is no certainty as to when the vote may be taken on the revenue bill. It looks as if the entire week would be spent upon it. It is probable that there will be more or less debate upon the Lodge amendment for the annexation of Hawaii and the Morgan amendment relating generally to the government of annexed territory. Both Senators Morgan and Lodge have announced their intention to make speeches on the subject. Inevitably, and senators espousing the opposite view declare their purpose to reply if the subjects are opened. Republicans generally predict that Senator Lodge will refrain from pressing his amendment, and it is the general opinion that he will at least not go to the extent of asking a vote upon it thus subjecting the measure to a motion to lay upon the table.

Whenever the final vote is reached on the revenue bill there is no longer much doubt as to the shape in which it will be passed by the senate. The decisive vote of Saturday on the corporation tax amendment renders it quite certain that all the Democratic amendments will be eliminated from the bill, and that the Republican suggestion for the issuance of \$100,000,000 in bonds and \$100,000,000 in time certificates will be substituted for the house bond and certificate provision. The general impression among the senate is that the house will accept a majority of the senate amendments, and that consequently the bill will not be long in conference.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WANTED.

WANTED—A table girl. Mrs. Williams, 135 Liberty street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their hair, complexion or manila hair cleaned or dyed and made into late styles at the Hair and Beauty Parlor, 101 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Men and women to work at home. Pay \$5 to \$10 per week for making crayon portraits. New patent method, anyone who can read or write can do the work at home in spare time, day or evening. Send for particulars and work at once. Address H. A. Gripp, Germanville, Tennessee.

WANTED—300 young and old men to bring their old clothes to First. The house has been fitted with a new machine for cleaning and renovating old clothes. Cleaning establishment at 177 Merrimack street, where you can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANTED—House-keepers at the Lowell Employment Office, 322 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

WANTED—By a man, 30, single, pleasant, capable, honest, industrious, general work. Sweet & Co., 104 Central street.

WANT NOONANS!—Yes, you want Noonans! It is sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonans! Save health to bugs at all kind of stores. A. F. Reed, L. L. Walker, A. W. Jones, D. D. Hickey and Storey & Co.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 4 Horse Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Body. Office open at all hours.

ACTIVE COLLECTORS wanted everywhere for "America's Battle for Cuba's Freedom." Official war book tells all about Spain. Colors, uniforms, medals, war and all great commanders; graphic descriptions of the war's famous victories and his complete bibliography. Biggest book for sale. Large pages, magnificently illustrated; treasured for family use. Price, 50 cents. 50 per cent discount for agents. 30 days' credit. Freight paid; outside free. Write quick. The Franklin Company, Dept. A, Chicago.

TO LET.

To Let—Rooms with or without board, and large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Tel. nos. 222 Fayette street.

To Let—Cottage of two rooms, steam bath, set tubs, hot and cold water, excellent cellar, and lawn if desired. W. H. Jackson, 111 Somerset street.

ROOMS TO LET in The San Building, 14, granite The City Hotel.

PASTURAGE FOR HORSES and cattle at Wingham Farm. Plenty pure water and good feed. Address John M. Bailey, Haverhill, Mass. Reasonable. Inquire 818 High street.

STORE TO LET—818 High street.

TENEMENT TO LET—Half a house, seven rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, convenient cellar, large yard at 308 1/2 street. Terms easy. \$15 per month. Inquire 188 Grand street.

LOST.

LOST—Two weeks ago a small terrier dog, black, brown, short hair, tall, pointed, answers to the name of FIVE. Reward offered. Finder would confer a great favor by returning to Little Gilda Carl, 31 Church street and be rewarded.

TO RENT.

Two new College houses at Willow Dale, on Bowers' Avenue.

DONOVAN & MANSUR.

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SAW.

Repair to the SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY and have your carriage or other vehicle repaired, and all your traps put in

GOOD SPRING TRIM.

VER.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED)

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Golden Cream.

India Pale Ale

And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL.

JOHN LENNON & CO. AND

PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.

They keep a full line of our goods in

hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.

Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale

who do not.

The following is a complete list of

those who use the same. Jones' Ale

is used exclusively by:

JOHN LENNON & CO.

PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.

CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.

WILLIAM GUINNEY & CO.

W. W. MURPHY & CO.

NOEL TRAFLET.

J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.

PATRICK TEAGUE.

GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.

GARVEY & MEADE.

JOHN M. PEVEY.

P. BRADY & CO.

ROCKINGHAM.

O. M. DONOHUE & CO.

It can also be found at the following

places:

J. H. BURKE.

JAS. CALVIN & CO.

JOS. H. CLARK & CO.

DORAN & CONNORS.

H. F. DUGGAN & CO.

TURCOTTE & CO.

P. L. FURLONG.

M. W. HALLORAN & CO.

P. REYES, JR.

JNO. DONOHUE & CO.

T. F. GARVEY & CO.

M. MORAN & CO.

A. E. ROACHE & CO.

JNO. J. RATHBONS & CO.

S. BARTLETT & CO.

W. H. MERRITT & CO.

P. H. BROSSAN & CO.

W. H. BODY & CO.

H. F. MELEN & CO.

SMITH & DENN.

F. H. CALLAHAN & CO.

DANIEL MURPHY.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

(LIMITED)

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Nearly new upright piano, cost \$250. Will sell at \$100.00. Inquire at 135 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, good farm, excellent house, large lot of land. Price \$1000. G. L. Hubbard, 11 Central street.

FOR SALE—Seven calves from Lowell, farm of 25 acres. Two-story house and barn, wood for home use. Price \$500. G. L. Hubbard, 11 Central street.

FOR SALE—The best liquor business (license) in the city of Lowell. The house has been established for 15 years, and is the best paying in the city, having averaged \$2500 (net) profit for the past three years. The plant is furnished throughout with the latest modern improvements and conveniences. The building is located in a prime district and has a large established trade. The only reason for selling is that the present owner has been only three months in the city, and he will sell for a small sum. Address H. E. Y. Box 40, Taunton, Mass.

FOR SALE—Three miles from Lowell (farm of 100 acres, small farm of 2 acres, cattle and horses, heavy and good, price \$1000. G. L. Hubbard, 11 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Gates' Land near Westport street, two tenement houses with all modern improvements, cost \$1000, price \$600. G. L. Hubbard, 11 Central street.

FOR SALE—Ten HILFANS for a cents at drugists. One given away.

WALL PAPERS at factory prices. \$2 will paper your room with the latest design of wall paper with border to match. First-class work guaranteed. No money down. The printing and bookbinding at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 323 Middlesex street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At drugists, Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MENTHOL CREAM Stimulus is used in all leading hospitals and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream stimulates, relieves, soothes, and all kinds of skin troubles. It contains alcohol, glycerine and perfume. It is a rich, creamy, lather and when used in the bath and on the face, it gives the skin a clear and soft, cool, perky, look by leading drugists.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure in 15 years. I can say this. Lowest price offered in front of 100 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work, price \$2 by mail. Chichester Chemical Co., 323 Middlesex street. For just what you want, try this at J. M. Follows, 125 Merrimack street.

WAGONS—Hansom pure, side wagon, extra high grade, demountable and durable. Bandages, opened and covered, grooves, wagon, but little. Second hand, traces of all kinds at great bargains. J. F. Libby, 22 Robinson street.

I HAVE NO AGENTS, but will retail Rubber Stamps, Seal Presses, for Societies, Notaries, Banks, Corporations, etc. Also Markers, Ink Pens, Ink, Wax Seals, Air Condition Stamps, Iron Markers, Self-inking Stamps, etc. For just what you want, try this at J. M. Follows, 125 Merrimack street.

AGENTS—the brings you samples and catalogues of portable engines, etc., by return mail. Quick! Manufacturers, Box 126, Boston, Mass.

LOANS placed on planks, furniture, etc., at reasonable rates. No money down. The printing and bookbinding at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 323 Middlesex street.

WAR ON PRICE—A cottage house for sale, 200 yards from the Lawrence house. For sale, \$1500. Terms easy. Hubbard, 11 Central street.

\$15 A MONTH.

Will rent this splendid new 2 1/2 story brick house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room, with marble and tile floors, hot and cold water, marble floors in dining room, kitchen, parlor and bath room; piazza and balcony; also lawn and garden. For rent, \$15 a month. Apply to J. M. Follows, 125 Merrimack street.

James Walsh.

Floral and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street, near the corner of Central street.

CONCRETE.

Concrete paving and dealer in cement, for and packed. Orders collected in all parts of Lowell, and garden walks, windows and stable floors, street pavements, etc. (also asphalt) and roofing. J. M. Follows, 125 Merrimack street.

CAPTURED.

A lot of Shift Walrus, well worth one dollar or over, will sell at only 25c. Also Tallow and Cream. Clothing and all kinds of household goods at lowest cash prices on credit at the Co-operative Supply Co., 2 Swan Building. Open every evening.

SCHOEFFLER'S.

DYSPEPSIA CURE

CURES

DYSPEPSIA.

See a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler's Pharmacy Co., Newark, N. J.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE.

Henry W. Farragut, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Bank & Union Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric light, and is now open for the reception of the traveling public. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey, Clerk. H. H. Hays, Prop.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Middlesex, SS.

PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of PATRICK HENRY, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased, I do hereby give notice that, Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to PATRICK HENRY, late of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, without giving a surety on his bond.

You are hereby directed to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County, on the seventh day of June, A. D. 1898, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on the day of the said Court.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this sixth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

S. H. COLSON, Register.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK.

"GLORIA"

FOR DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

The use of "GLORIA" invigorates the system, feeds the nerves and overcomes weakness. Gives courage with the vigor and pleasurable life in every drink. See a glass.

S. BARTLETT, Agt., 103 and 101 Middlesex St.

GATELY & PEARSON.

SOLICITORS

OF

TENTS

Patents Obtained. Invention of the Tents.

41 HILDAFT BUILDING.

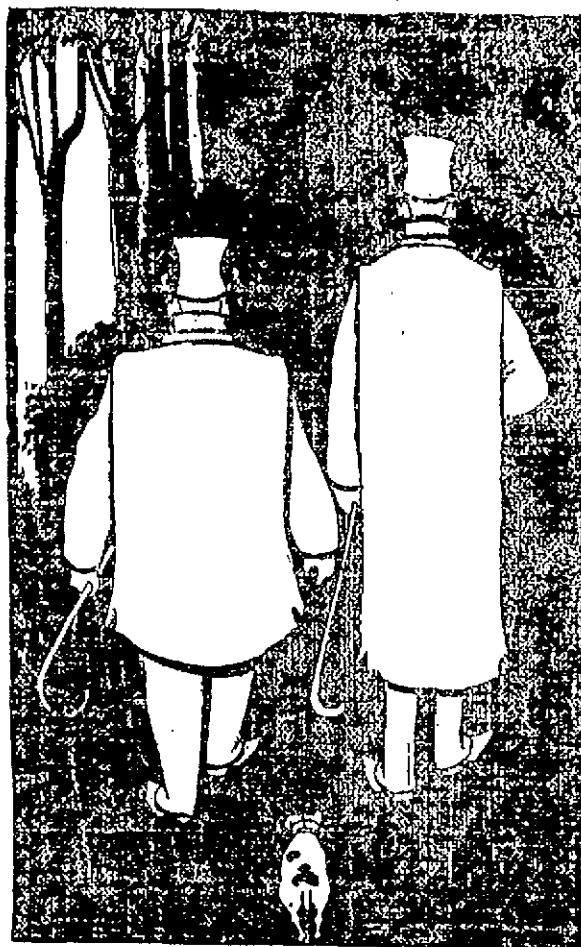
CAPTURED!

AT LAST.



A THRILLING RESCUE.

for home and got safe to the house. The boy, though covered with claw wounds from head to foot and bearing deep marks of the jaguar's teeth in the back, where the beast had seized him to carry him away, recovered completely from his injuries, although bearing the scars for his lifetime. The puma and the jaguar were found, both dead.



"How did you get on at the Police Court?"
"Fine!"

GENERAL CONGRATULATIONS



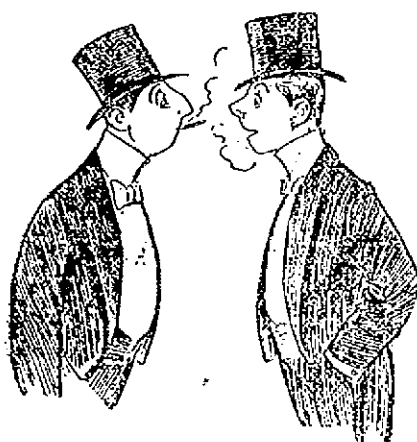
Miss Old Dear—Who do you think proposed to me last night?
Miss New Bud—I haven't the slightest idea, but I congratulate you, just the same.

SQUIRMING OUT OF IT FEEBLY.



Pat Rafferty--'Is, yere Rivlince; 'twas Rory O'Sullivan that gave me this clip for kissin' him!

AND SO HE KEPT AWAY.



Gus--By the way, have you seen Julius Caesar at Her Majesty's?
 Algy--No! Fact is, I can't bear the name of the Johnnie. I know it appears somewhere in history, and I never could stand history, don't you know. And then I had a dog named Julius Caesar, and the poor beggar died, so I know I shouldn't care a hang about the show!



First Boy—Where are yer goin' to, Bill?
 Second Boy—I've got to go right over 'Amersmith Bridge to Barnes, then I've got to go to Putney and back by Fulham Road, then to 'Igt street, Kensington.
 First Boy—Why, I've got to go to 'Igt street. You go on. I'm in a bit of a hurry, but I'll wait for yer!

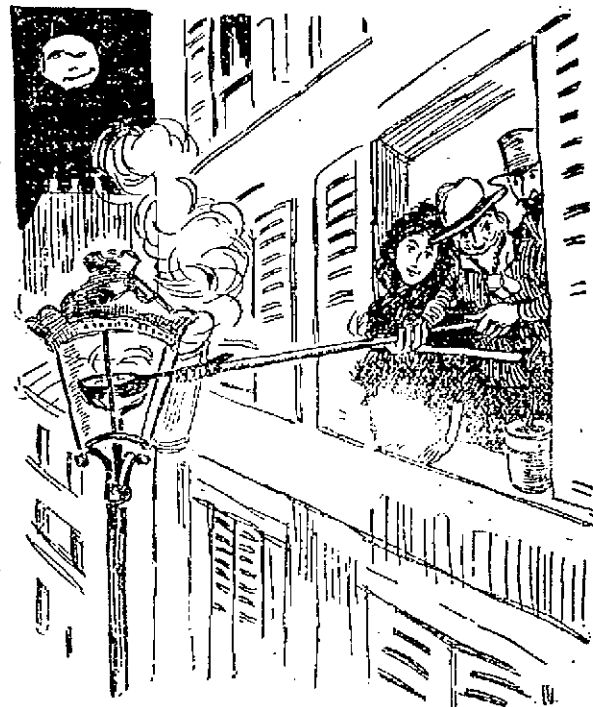
READY FOR ANY KIND OF AN ALLIANCE



She—I shall never marry again, but I think I shall adopt some orphan instead.

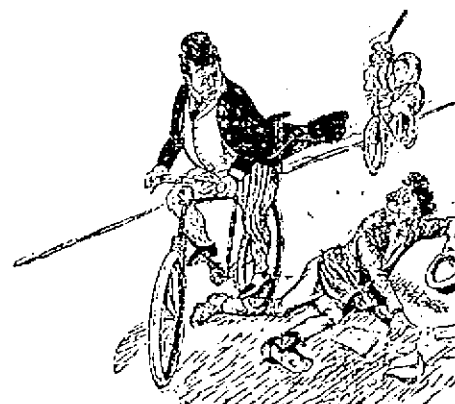
The Rejected—Dear lady, how fortunate. I am an orphan.

HOUSEHOLD ECONOMY



How absurd not to have thought of this before. Just think how much gas cooking saves in coal!

CARRYING COURTESY TOO FAR



Disgustingly Polite Employee (as his employer screeches over him)—You honor me, my dear sir.

Considerable as are the powers of the Queen, they are not unlimited. There are some very curious restrictions of the royal prerogative. The Queen cannot, for instance, communicate with her subjects as can the most menial of her servants; nor can she receive presents from her people save through officers of state or friends personally known to her.

The Queen could sell or give away the royal navy or declare war with Russia; but she could not spend a single farthing of public money without the consent of Parliament. The Queen has no power over taxation, and could not create any new office with fees attached to it. Neither could she annex new fees to old offices. She could not increase the wages of the royal footmen, unless she did it out of her private funds or without exceeding the allowance made to her by Parliament.

A curious curtailment of the royal prerogative is effected by an act of Parliament passed in the reign of George III. This act deals with Sabbath breaking, and in it it is distinctly stated that the monarch cannot pardon offenders who have been convicted of a certain form of Sabbath breaking. Yet her majesty could pardon 90 per cent. of all the prisoners in the land.

Though no act of Parliament is complete until it has been signed by the Queen, her majesty is subject to the laws that she signs, and cannot issue a proclamation contrary to law.

Though the Queen could recall any subject from abroad, she cannot compel a subject to leave this country. This disability does not cease to operate even in time of war, and, though at such a time the Queen could call upon every able man to take up arms, she could not force a single civilian to leave the country, even to carry on a necessary war.

Though her decision is absolute after a prisoner has been sentenced, she could not interfere with the course of justice before the sentence has been passed, nor could she exert any influence over the judges. Neither could she interfere in a case of private as opposed to public wrong.

The Queen is the only person who cannot arrest a suspected felon. No action can be taken against her for breaking the law, and therefore she is precluded from making an arrest, assuming the suspected prisoner were

GIVING SISTER A PART

From Pick-Me-Up.



"It is selfish of you, Johnny, to play at ships, when I have not got one."
"You can play, too; you can be the storm, and blow."

innocent, no action for false imprisonment could be taken against her majesty. The law, indeed, assumes that the Queen can do no wrong, which seems about as absurd as the legal assumption that the Queen cannot be under age, and cannot die.

The Queen cannot exclude a member from Parliament after he has been duly elected, nor can she delegate the duty of making laws to any one.

The Queen's power of disposing of territory in time of peace has been disputed. In time of war her majesty could hand over London to France to bring the war to an end, but it seems clear that in time of peace her majesty cannot subject any part of the empire to the sway of a foreign power.—London Tit-Bits.

At first thought, it doesn't seem like so much of a luxury to have one's lawn cut off with a buzz-saw, does it?

Yet science, in the interest of suffering humanity, is adopting the cross cut or circular saw to the uses of surgery, and so evident are its benefits that the wonder is the innovation was not thought of long ago.

The principle of the saw is much the same as that of the familiar electric excavating tool used by dentist, and the advantages of its use are quite apparent.

The surgical saw is mounted on flexible shaft like that of the dental machine, but of course more powerful. A handle enables the operator to direct in course, and by the use of an oil it can be made to saw parallel with the shaft. It is noiseless in every particular when in use.

The method of operation with the power saw will presumably be somewhat as follows: The patient is laid upon the operating table, etherized and covered with a white cloth, except the part to be operated upon. The saw, which has been treated aseptically to avoid the slightest danger of blood poisoning, stands with its electric motor at the foot of the table.

The limb is tightly ligatured, and the saw—zati!—it is all over.

The power saw will operate quickly and without disturbing the steady position of the patient. Besides, it is claimed that the heat generated by it will sear the bone tissue and hasten the process of healing by the important first hour of vascular change following the operation.

for home and got safe to the house. The boy, though covered with cuts and wounds from head to foot and bearing deep marks of the jaguar's teeth in his back, where the beast had seized him to carry him away, recovered completely from his injuries, although bearing the scars for his lifetime. The punishment and the jaguar were found both dead.

Flowers for the Dead.

How America Remembers Its Dead Heroes.

THE CUSTOMS OF EUROPE

Only a Few Nations Follow the Example Set By The Grand Army of the Republic.

"The muffled drum's sad roll has beat
The soldier's last tattoo;
No more on life's field shall meet
That brave and fallen few."

On France's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,
But stony guards with solemn sound
"The breeze of the dead."

—O'Hara.

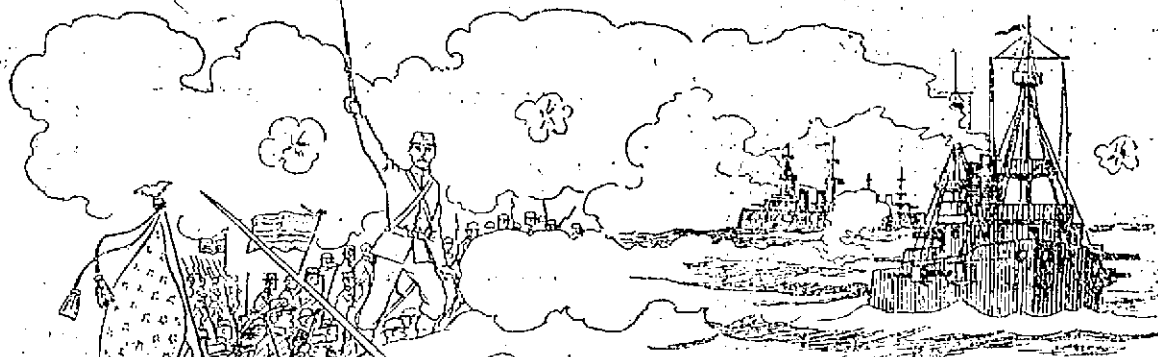
Previous to our establishment of a national holiday by the Grand Army of the Republic, the idea of thus paying respects to the common soldier had never occurred to any of the philosophers, priests, or preceptors of the ancient world. No other nation but ours and our sister republic of Mexico, strews the graves of its departed soldiers with sweet flowers and thus ennobles the principles for which they gave their lives. The Catholic church has from early times incited upon its adherents the necessity of praying for the souls of departed dead, but this was a purely religious rite and was national in no sense.

In France, Austria, Italy and other Catholic countries services are still held in churches, bon fires are kindled on hills to be seen and understood by the people of the surrounding valleys; and sometimes a cry goes around shouting in sepulchral tones "the Sicilian-One is coming; ye who live, pray for his peace remembering!" The prayer thus recalled will upon examination be found some Prince or church celebrity, or some rich benefactor, who left behind in wills or bequests some tangible reason why his name should be spoken of amongst living men, and which the order so benefitted has only earned its money by faithfully observing.

Thus in France there is usually a liberal display of flowers around the Column Vendôme and the Hotel des Invalides in honor of Napoleon; at the Picpus Cemetery in honor of Lafayette, in the latter case chiefly by Americans. In England on every anniversary of Prince Albert's death the Queen personally repairs to Frogmore to perform a similar honor at the tomb of her late husband. The memory of Waterloo is preserved in England through the curious custom of the Duke of Wellington's successor traveling to Windsor to present three French flags to her majesty. And in a similar spirit and as a sort of Tory rite the grave of Lord Beaconsfield and the various monuments erected to his memory are decorated with the primrose on each April 24. But neither in France or in England has there been any encouragement given to this wholesome practice in any national sense, to the soldiers who fell at Waterloo or even in the charge of the light brigades at Balaklava. Those nations seem to exhaust themselves in the cares of illustrious persons and take every possible means of forgetting their common dead. There is also some ground for believing that it is since the American idea has taken hold that the plan of perpetuating great deeds even in the case of such a man as Beaconsfield has been observed; for the tombs of such heroes as Marlborough, Gollingswood and Drake are utterly neglected in the Westminster Abbey. Sir John Moore, too, who fell at Corunna is also left to "sleep on in the grave where Britons have left him," and the chances are that were there not a political motive behind the anniversary of Primrose Day, and had the Tory party not been quickened by the patriotic action of resident Americans, there would be no day for Marlborough or Nelson.

The intensity of religious or patriotic feeling has a considerable effect upon these anniversaries. The leaders of the Commune on May 26 have their graves decorated with bunches of violets or immortelles; and in Glasnevin Cemetery, the grave of Parnell is similarly marked by great

★ To Heroes Living And To Heroes Dead. ★



RED DAWN THE DAY OF OUR DEAD.

O'er waves of the southern sea comes a call
Come sounds of the loch, come eyes of the thrall.
O'er the hallowed soil of the burial mound
Comes the beat of drum, comes the bugles sound.
Again quakes the earth with the mighty tread
Of the host that fought of the host that bled;
Of that young host that vows to sacred shade
To hold its heritage with freedom's blade.
The fight is on land, the fight is on sea,
Red-crested the wave, red-rivered the lea.
Yet the Soul's eye sees not even the fray
Two spectres as one; the blue and the gray.

F. FREYTAG.

crowds of processionists who usually avail themselves of the occasion to make a demonstration against the government as well as a pilgrimage to the tomb of the great parliamentarian.

Usually decorations abroad take the form of creating new orders, not to perpetuate the memory of the dead, who are left to whatever "storied urn or animated bust" may recall of them, but to make distinguished and selfish living. These decorations recall the caustic remark of Lord Palmerston: "What I like about the garter is that it does not take any particular merit to get it."

Decoration day in Europe is making headway, principally through the influence of the large number of wealthy Americans who now reside in most European cities. Though many of these have ceased to be Americans in spirit, and have in many cases succumbed to their environments, the members of the respective colonies celebrate such battles as those of Gettysburg and of Appomattox by banquets and other social festivities and thus air in revealing an atmosphere favorable to the great American holiday. Were there no colony of wealthy Americans in Paris for example, the grave of Lafayette would have been forgotten long since by his own countrymen. The representatives of both nations meet in common reverence over the grave of Lafayette, and in the evening usually celebrate by a dinner where toasts are given and responded to, and where eloquence and wit find apt deliverance. In the same way in

England the American Decoration Day is crowding out of remembrance the day of November 2, which has from time immemorial been fixed by the church as the day devoted to the departed dead. It is a season of gloomy weather and of biting cold when people find it hard to be out of doors; much more so to visit those lonely and darkened streets of necropolis, which are the very opposite in respect of site and cheerful surroundings to American cemeteries, and which one can afford to visit without carrying around with him an awful foreboding of the hereafter.

The countries outside of the United States, however, where the American ideas of Decoration day have made most progress are naturally Mexico and Canada. Since Diaz has practically become the Dictator of Mexico, May 24 is as regularly celebrated in the City of Mexico as is May 30 in Chicago or New York. The Mexican celebration is even more elaborate in some respects than ours and invariably these American soldiers who fell in 1847 are always included in the ceremonies. The Mexicans extend the celebration usually over three days and besides costly floral tributes, a government military band accompanies the processionists, which pours forth strains of delicious music. With the dawn of Decoration day a steady stream of people pour into the cemeteries from daylight to dusk. Flowers are so marvelously cheap the graves present the appearance of being one vast field bed of variegated colors and as with us the day is a national holiday and a gen-

eral light-heartedness pervades all the people, and which in more sombre Europe would be regarded as early in keeping with the solemnities of the occasion. Canada and within the last few years rigorously followed the example of England, but lately Decoration Day is observed there much as it is here, though the Canadians are some what less pronounced than the Mexicans in following the American precedent, and still hardly appreciate the fact that the happy thought of annually decorating the graves of fallen soldiers is purely of American origin.

ANCIENT EMBLEMS.

The emblem of the Egyptians consisted of the figure of an animal at the end of a spear. Each of the twelve tribes of Israel had an emblem of its own. The subjects of Senusert III. were even more elaborate in some respects than ours and invariably these American soldiers who fell in 1847 are always included in the ceremonies. The Mexicans extend the celebration usually over three days and besides costly floral tributes, a government military band accompanies the processionists, which pours forth strains of delicious music. With the dawn of Decoration day a steady stream of people pour into the cemeteries from daylight to dusk. Flowers are so marvelously cheap the graves present the appearance of being one vast field bed of variegated colors and as with us the day is a national holiday and a gen-

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THE WOMEN OF SARDINIA.

The women of Sardinia are described by a visitor to that island as being of elegant figure and graceful carriage, with large black eyes, dark hair and brunette complexion. They dress in very much the same style as women in other parts of civilized Europe, except that there is not the same extreme taste to adopt the latest fashion. The wives and daughters of the farmers and tradesmen, by the gorgeousness of their costumes, amply compensate for the simplicity of dress among the upper classes; and at their religious festivals and other festivals, when they appear in gala dress, they present a wonderful spectacle. These costumes are a sort of family heirloom, handed down from mother to daughter and treasured as highly as hereditary jewels or ancestral portraits. The fashion never changes, and instead of feeling ashamed of being seen in the same dress at two different entertainments, they glory in its antiquity and in the number of occasions on which it has been worn. The costumes of the women vary greatly in different parts of Sardinia. In some districts, a small black jacket, open in front, is worn over a very short bodice of bright colored silk and brocade, which is loosely laced before and over the bust. There are apparently no corsets. The petticoat is of light brown cloth, very full, and between it and the bodice is a sort of neutral ground of protruding garment, which by no means adds to the general beauty of the toilet.

Where Good People Go.

The Sunday-school teacher had reached a point in the lesson where she was dwelling upon the future reward of those who behaved properly here, when the audacious small boy, who frequents most Sunday-schools, spoke up and asked if all good people went to Heaven.

"Certainly," replied the teacher. "Well, has my grandmother gone to heaven?" persisted the youngster. "Surely she has, my boy, if she was a good woman."

"No, she hasn't," declared the fun-loving youngster, "there she is over there!"

The teacher turned to other phases of the lesson.

Hicks—Let's see. Who was the best man your wedding?

Wicks—I was.—Somerville Journal.

The Story of America's Eagle

How the Bird of Freedom Was Taught Its Modern Lesson.

(By Thomas Burke Grant.)

There are few subjects more directly and immediately associated with all the soulful qualities of man than that of national emblems. Around them clusters every patriotic inspiration, and the moment that the emblem of one's country is honored or dishonored there arises within us a sensation either of rebelling or of approval. It is a sensation which proceeds from the very soul, and is unaffected by time or distance or by former relations or animosity. We cannot tell how it is that a simple design or a piece of living produce the feeling which sometimes overcomes the tenderest passions of humanity, and under the influence of which men tear themselves from wives and children and home, and make common cause to ally themselves in its defense, sometimes even with races whom they hate. Their national emblem is the one thing that draws them together, and though lifeless and silent, has such charm of eloquence. It flies the blood and urges men to go forward and to sacrifice even life itself. Love of country is the one supreme and ruling passion in the heart of man and in its presence all other ties, friendship, religion, and home are subordinated whenever a preference has to be made. It was so from the beginning, and modern nations differ in no respect in their devotion to emblems to those of antiquity.

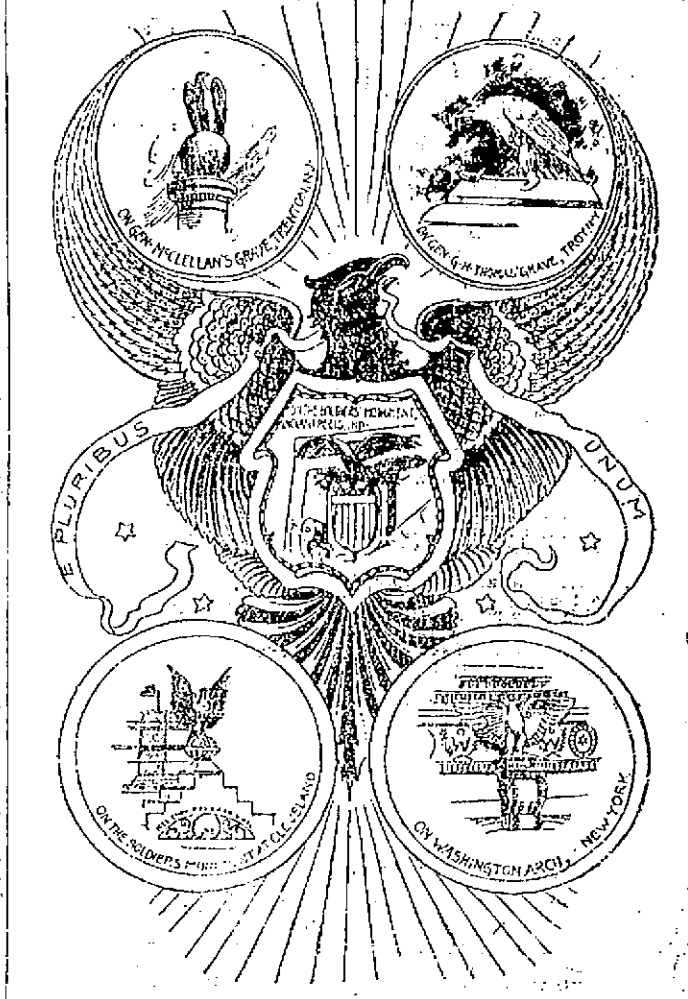
Nothing living is below the eagle in his natural habitat and he alone of all birds can gaze with undimmed eye upon the face of the sun itself. Perched in his address to the eagle thus salutes it:

Bird of the broad and sweeping wing,
Thy home is high in Heaven
Where wild the storms their banners
fling,
And the tempest clouds are riven.

The nations which after the Romans adopted the eagle were the Franks under Clovis and Dagobert; but to

a serpent and a lion for their symbols; the Goths a lion, rooster and bear; the Danes, three lions and a crow; the Swedes a bear and the Saxons a white horse. When the German Emperor was crowned after Sedan, the King of Prussia placed himself in the circumstance that from the time of Charlemagne, all the elected Emperors of Germany used the eagle as the insignia of Supreme power, till in consequence the Imperial dignity having remained for so many generations in the hands of that house, when William I resurrected so much of the ancient patriotism of Charlemagne as was embraced in Central Europe he also resurrected the national emblem leaving behind the she-wolf that suckled Romulus. Germany has therefore her black eagles. As a symbol of Imperial dignity the eagle is also found on the throne of Bavaria.

But it is in the United States alone that the eagle is an emblem of popular freedom. However, in so far as the eagle is symbolized its adoption was a happy afterthought with us, and with us therefore the bird has had a newer and nobler significance than it ever acquired in all the previous history of Europe. We have adopted the eagle in the new world in common with many things that seemed good in Europe, and having adopted them we have enriched and dignified the world with them. In the policy of all former nations stood solely for power and suffering, for wars and conquests. In this character the eagle had no more symbolic value than the cut of the Burgundians, the leopard of Persia, the lion of Britain or the dragon of China. But as a symbol of the spirit of freedom, rising over the swamps and mires of courts and crowns and of maddened constitutions, as an evidence of our escape from the follies and fantasies of titled families, and of ascent above the clouds of retinue that clasp and hamper the progress of Europe, and according to the inalienable rights of the man-soul to a divine freedom than the world



THE AMERICAN EAGLE IN REFUGY.

Charlemagne the distinction belongs of having adopted the eagle as a symbol of Imperial power and of the self-contained and awakened life of a people. He also used a she-wolf and was the first also to see the oriskany. But the spirit of Christianity which was strong at Charlemagne's court somewhat discouraged the eagle as an emblem. It substituted something which, even possible that was less significant and more emblematic of sublimity, such as flowers, crosses and saints. These devices, however, began to disappear again with the age of heresy. It was after Charlemagne, and probably in consequence of the desire to discourage the independence for which he stood, that the eagle became the emblem of human freedom as well as of Imperial power. In metaphor the eagle is now the first emblem of freedom to every people:

"Where its shadow steals black o'er
The Empires of Kings
"Deep terror, deep heart-shaking terror
It brings;
"Where wicked oppression is armed
For the weak
"There rushes its pinion, there echoes
its shriek.
"For an emblem of freedom, stern,
haughty and high
"Is the gray forest eagle, the King of
the sky."

Most of the nations that Charlemagne ruled have since his time also adopted the eagle as a national emblem. Austria, Germany and Russia have each selected this bird. But in Charlemagne's day the Germans used

has yet attained, the American eagle is the noblest and most appropriate emblem yet adopted by civilized mankind.

The actual introduction of the American eagle into our republic heraldry dates back to 1782. William Barton, of Philadelphia, and Charles Thomson, the Secretary of Congress, are the authors of the shield design, with the eagle bearing the olive branch and the shield with the words "E PLURIBUS UNUM."

Some years ago the heralds of Europe took affront at the familiar use of the eagle on the flags, and in other devices of this country. These sages felt that the United States had no hereditary right to the bird as a national emblem, in the same sense for example as Germany, France and Austria have. But though the revolutionary fathers need it not, long years of undisputed possession have given to us a prescriptive right to the eagle which may be said to have taken flight from Europe with the march of Empire westward in accordance with the well known tendency and instincts of the bird to seek the loftiest heights and the boldest and most conspicuous sites. It could not survive in swamps and in gloom, and loving light and air and freedom, of course, came to dwell with us where its plumage acquired a grander gray, and where it has received a warm and generous welcome. The proud bird of freedom is now ours and looking back upon benighted Europe:

"When the fouled nation bids our
armies come
"The bold eagle screams through the
gathering storm."



A SCENE ON DECORATION DAY.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Since many kinds of medicine began to be put into tablet form it is much easier to fall into the habit of giving yourself continuous treatment. The soda mint habit is the most common

of all. You will find men nowadays who buy their tablets in quantities, and crave them as the cigarette smoker craves a smoke. The strong peppermint tablet is also in great demand. Then there are cloves and sharp stinging "breath sweeteners"—all intended to calm a disordered stomach or have

a biting and warming effect. A druggist told of one customer who maintained that he would die of dyspepsia were it not for the constant use of peppermint chewing gum. Others will have nothing but the spruce gum and the old-fashioned "rubber" gum. Men and women who would not take

an alcoholic stimulant under any circumstances keep their small pockets stuffed with roots and herbs. The calamus root or the "sweet flag" is the favorite tincture with the herb victims, although the lovage root is more stimulating. There is a gentian habit and a glu-

seum habit. It often happens that some straitening root or herb is used as a substitute for tobacco, with the result that the tobacco habit is cured but is succeeded by a craving for the cure. —Chicago Record.

man has been twice or three convicted of drunkenness in the police courts, he is sentenced to wear a brass collar, which marks him out among his fellows as a person to whom no publican can with impunity serve liquor. The drastic measure often proves a cure. On the authorities being satisfied that

the branded individual has served a sufficiently long term of probation, he is uncollared and endowed with the liberty of drinks.—Tit-Bits.

In Japan coins are generally of iron, and in Siam they are chiefly of porcelain.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, TUESDAY, MAY 31.
Sun rises—4:10; sets, 7:13.
Moon sets—1:06 a. m.
High water—6:45 a. m.; 7 p. m.
The present indications point to generally fair, though unsettled weather in New England Tuesday, and probably Wednesday, without great change in temperature; variable winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROCKING CHAIRS WITH TEA.
We have received a big lot of Rocking Chairs, Oak, with a pound of Tea while they last. Dickson Bros., the Big Tea Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAPES.
Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, De Moline, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Agents, 16 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.
T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.
Elegant rubber tired telephones at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 420-1.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.
Martin Flaherty of Lowell and Billy O'Donnell will meet at Buffalo June 6, in a boxing match.

This is a time of trial. Rarick & Sullivan's coal will stand the test. Telephone, 581 Gorham street.

Arthur W. Stone, Esq., class of '90, Lowell High school, now of Dexter Me., is visiting friends in this city.

A barrelful of necessities were sent to Camp Alger by the members of the Kirk street church for the Lowell boys.

Dr. J. C. Irish left Lowell last Saturday morning for a trip to Dakota, New Mexico and Colorado. He will be absent until July 1.

A BAND OF MUSIC COULD PLAY IN THE ICE CREST.

The largest ice chest in the city is now at the Crystal, 40 Worthen street, opp. City Hall. It will now hold 50 barrels of ice and 40 barrels of the best lager and 30 tons of ice. You will not have to go to the sea-shore to get cooled off this summer.

PLAG RAISING.

Gumb Brothers raised a flag on Anderson street Saturday.

The employees of the Dobbins-station Boiler works raised a large flag over the factory Saturday. Informal exercises were held and remarks were made by Messrs. Dobbins, Smith, McDougall and several others.

LIEUT. McNULTY

RECEIVED A SWORD TODAY FROM FRIENDS.

A delegation from the Knights of Columbus took the 11:25 train for Camp Denny this morning. While in camp, they will be the guests of Lieut. Philip McNulty, who incidentally will receive a beautiful sword. Lieut. McNulty is one of the most popular men in Company M.

CANOE MEET.

RACES ARE BOOKED FOR TODAY.
About 25 members of the Eastern division of the American canoe association met at the annual spring meet at Tyng's Island, by invitation of the Vesper-County club Saturday afternoon.

The camp was pitched in a beautiful grove of pines at the southeast end of the island, overlooking the Merrimack river, boats for canoes being put out at the junction of the main river and Tyng's Island creek.

The men remained in camp Saturday night and yesterday quietly, and have some canoe races in the bay below the island this afternoon.

The mess is furnished at the Vesper County club's house.
Following are among Saturday's arrivals: Percy F. Hodgson, Brooklyn; J. B. May, W. V. Osgood, G. R. Heekle, J. W. Brown, General Bull, Boston; G. R. Adams, W. F. Forsythe, Vice Commander L. S. Drake, L. A. Hall, C. P. Dodge, Newton; W. W. Crosby, Henry Dinkley, E. T. Brigham, F. L. Dow, Wolcott; D. D. Carter, Winchester; W. E. Stacey, West Newton; A. W. Adams, Newtonville; W. G. Bunker, Ashburndale.

THE RELIEF FUND.

ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO HELP THE SOLDIERS.

The Relief Fund grows apace and is now nearly at the \$3000 mark. Many of the families of the soldiers have been relieved by it already. The latest contributions are as follows:

Amount previously reported, \$2225 11	
A. Friend	2 00
E. G. Crockett	2 00
D. C. H. Ireland	1 00
A. A. Cunningham	1 00
F. R. Jewell	50
Dr. J. V. Meigs	50
Dr. W. H. Johnson	1 00
A. Friend	1 00
A. C. Gerry	1 00
J. A. Tilton	1 00
T. B. Smith	2 00
J. M. Kilgore	5 00
Dr. Hugh Walker	1 00
L. G. F. Co.	10 00
Dr. H. M. Hunter	2 00
Dr. T. G. McManis	2 00
Dr. J. V. Peppin	2 00
Henry T. Mangum	1 00
M. G. Perkins	1 00
W. A. Shipley	1 00
"Friend"	50
Barth Seannell	5 00
Dennis W. Whitley	5 00
G. W. Miller	1 00
Dr. C. B. Sanders	1 00
F. Jones	1 00
H. L. Tibbitts	25 00
Joseph Gates & Sons	25 00
George A. Marler	25 00
F. W. Stukney	5 00
George P. Offutt & Co.	5 00
Proceeds of whist game	2 00
L. V. W.	1 00

Union services were held in the Congregational church in Billerica Centre Sunday afternoon, and the auditorium of the church was crowded.
The pastor, Rev. A. D. W. Hardy, delivered a patriotic sermon. A number of his congregation were Grand Army veterans. The following clergy were present at the services: Rev. S. Knowles of the First Baptist church, North Billerica; Rev. M. O. Simonds, pastor of the Unitarian church, Billerica; and Rev. Thomas Evans of the Baptist church, Billerica.

Over thirty boys from the Mitchell school in Billerica were present in their cadet uniforms. The church was decorated with the national colors.

DENTIST
J. J. Colman, 31 N. B. ST.

MORE OF THE ALLIANCE

Preliminaries of the Compact Said to Have Been Arranged.

A Questionable Story Comes From London—Features of the Proposed Treaty.

London, May 30.—The Washington correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, telegraphing Sunday, says: "I have just learned from a high authority in the state department that important preliminary steps toward an Anglo-American alliance have already been taken. How far these negotiations, if they can be called that, have proceeded, it is not easy to ascertain, for naturally strict secrecy is maintained; but my information is that the preliminary suggestions have been made, and that the subject of such an alliance is practically before the two governments in some shape."

The recent visit paid by Sir Julian Pauncefote to the state department has not, it seems, had reference altogether to the Canadian negotiations. According to my authority the features of the proposed alliance now being considered are these: Great Britain is to recognize the Monroe doctrine, to attempt no increase of her territorial possessions in the western hemisphere and to endorse the American construction of that doctrine. The United States is to build the Nicaragua canal; Great Britain is

to have the use of it in time of war. The United States is to have all the territory taken from Spain in the present war, and Great Britain is to protect the United States in the possession, if this should be threatened. The United States is to stand by Great Britain in her policy in China and the east, and all the British ports in the east are to be opened to the United States under the most favored nation clause. The main features of an arbitration treaty are to be incorporated. It has been provided that all matters in dispute, not involving the Monroe doctrine or the Nicaragua canal, are to be submitted to a non-partisan commission. The existing understanding between the two governments on the great lakes is to be augmented, and the United States is to be given the use of the Welland canal in case of war. "The alliance is to be offensive and defensive. It proceeds on the lines such as the foregoing. As a matter of course all that has been done so far is purely tentative; but my informant gives the above as the general outline suggested."

LEAPED TO DEATH SERMON TO VETS

The End of a Telegraph Eloquent Discourse by Rev. Operator. Smith T. Ford.

TWO GLOUCESTER MEN SAVED FROM DEATH. REV. MESSRS. WILSON AND MILLINGTON ALSO PREACH

City of Worcester Ran on a Reef. To C. A. R. Contingents—Other Memorial Services.

Boston, May 30.—Word has been received of the probable suicide in New York of Frank Chapman, a well-known telegraph operator of this city. Mr. Chapman was in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph company and was formerly vice chief at the local office of the Postal company. He went to New York to take an examination for a position in the signal corps of the United States army. His mother lives in Medford.

He was seen to leap upon the guard rail of a ferry and then into the water. The boat was stopped and backed slowly, but without the man being seen again. On the after deck were found two letters. One was addressed to "Mrs. M. F. Chapman, 11 Newbourn avenue, Medford, Mass.," and the other "Frank." The other letter, which was signed "Chap," was addressed to "T. C. Devine, 19 State street, Boston."

SAVED FROM DEATH.

New York, May 30.—With scarcely any food or water, and having been shut out for 35 hours, D. C. McQuarrie and Edmund Gallagher of Gloucester, Mass., of the crew of the fishing schooner Pinta, were brought here Sunday thoroughly exhausted. They were unable to care for themselves, and had not been for the attention of the crew of the Norwegian bark Wilhelm Herkstad, that picked them up, they believe they would have perished.

RAN ON A REEF.

On the 29th inst., while off the coast of Maine, the two men put off in a small boat to haul in a net. There was a fog on at the time, and they missed their vessel.

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIALISTS.

LYNN, May 30.—The second day of the Socialist Labor party convention brought together a very large number of delegates yesterday. The chief business of the day was the nomination of a partial state ticket, the appointment of various committees and the adoption of resolutions on various subjects. Chief of the latter was a resolution forbidding the circulation of newspapers other than those applied to socialist labor papers, some of which, while declaring themselves not sanctioned by the party, are run on independent basis. The ticket named is as follows: For governor, George H. Pearce of Lynn; lieutenant governor, Michael P. Berry of Haverhill; secretary of state, James P. Stevens of Boston; treasurer and receiver general, Martha Moore Avery of Boston; attorney general, Clarence E. Spelman of Westfield; auditor, John Palmer of New Bedford.

THE CREW PICKED UP.

New York, May 30.—When the Clyde line steamer Onida arrived from Jacksonville and Charleston yesterday, she had on board the crew of the S. V. W. Simmons, which she picked up Sunday morning. The schooner was sunk off the Northeast End Lightship, 30 miles off shore, by a heavy sea. The Onida did not state how or when the Simmons was sunk. The S. V. W. Simmons hailed from Baltimore and was built at Camden, N. J., in 1862. She registered 184 tons.

Use Maltol if you are worn out.

SERMON TO VETS

Eloquent Discourse by Rev. Smith T. Ford.

REV. MESSRS. WILSON AND MILLINGTON ALSO PREACH

To C. A. R. Contingents—Other Memorial Services.

There was a union Memorial service at the First Baptist church yesterday afternoon. The veterans were invited to it and about 200 of them were present. The church was decorated, American and Cuban flags being finely displayed.

The members of the Women's Relief Corps were seated on the right side of the church and the Grand Army men marched in and took the seats reserved for them in the center. Comrade Chas. A. Chute of Post 185 was chief usher.

The usual Memorial Day exercises were observed and the following general program was given: Organ prelude, melody of national airs, Mr. A. E. French; anthem, "Wake the Soldiers," First Baptist church choir; J. A. Greener, Baker, director; reading of Scripture, Rev. W. A. Bartlett; prayer, Rev. C. E. Fisher; roll of the dead and bugle call by Herbert R. Baker; solo, Mrs. W. H. Peppin; prayer, Rev. N. W. Matthews; music chorus, "The Bugler," with solo by Oscar N. Welch; sermon, Rev. S. T. Ford; Kellar's "American Hymn," by choir, with solo by Ethel D. Welch; French; anthem, "Wake the Soldiers," and sung by the audience; benediction by Rev. W. A. Bartlett.

The roll of the dead showed that since the last Memorial service five comrades have passed away from Post 182, eight from Post 185, and three from Post 120.

Rev. S. T. Ford preached the sermon. He said in part: "Such as went forth to battle, expert in war, with all instruments of war, fifty thousand which could keep rank; they were not of double heart."

Thirty-seven years ago in the early spring, a shot from Charleston harbor started the north from its long dream of peace. A loyal people springing to arms, unfurled the banners of war and for four terrible years the nation reeled with the march and counter-march of the great armies.

It becomes us today, comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic, and fellow citizens, to stand with unswerving hands and render thanks to Almighty God and His beneficent providence for the victory of the peaceable heritage of liberty. Catching an inspiration from his heart, let us lay anew upon our country's altar, the sacrifice of loyal hearts. "A land worth dying for is worth living for; and they whose souls are stars in the blue sky, of liberty will light our way in the path of duty." But into the peaceful atmosphere of this holy hour there has penetrated the

Our Store Closed at Noon Today

MEMORIAL DAY REQUISITES!

100-NEW IDEA PATTERNS!

Cloak Department.
Special Bargains For The Holiday.
SHIRT WAISTS.
The "America" Waist, made of fine Sea Island Percale (best quality), in red, white and blue stripes, very appropriate for Memorial Day. Regular \$1.25 Waist, now 98c.
Just arrived—too late for Saturday's business. 30 dozen fine Percale, Gingham and Chambray Waists, in New Bayadere Stripes and Plaids. The nobbiest effects of the season. Worth \$1.50, Special Price 98c.
For the High School Annual Drill, 15 doz. Navy Blue, Lawn and Percale Waists, with three clusters of tucks across front. A special low price for this Waist, \$1.00.

\$10-OUTING SUITS—\$10
An exceedingly fine line of Suits at this price, made up in all wool chevrons, serges and broadcloths, in New Bton Fly Front and Blouse Effects, Jackets are all silk or satin lined, fancy strap effects, etc. Guaranteed to be \$15.00 value. Special Sale Price \$10.00.
Special Sale of Children's Wash Dresses, in Percales and Gingham, all sizes. Prices from 49c to \$3.50.
Half Price Sale of Children's Recfers. A splendid opportunity so early in the season. Remember everything half price. Prices from 49c to \$5.00.

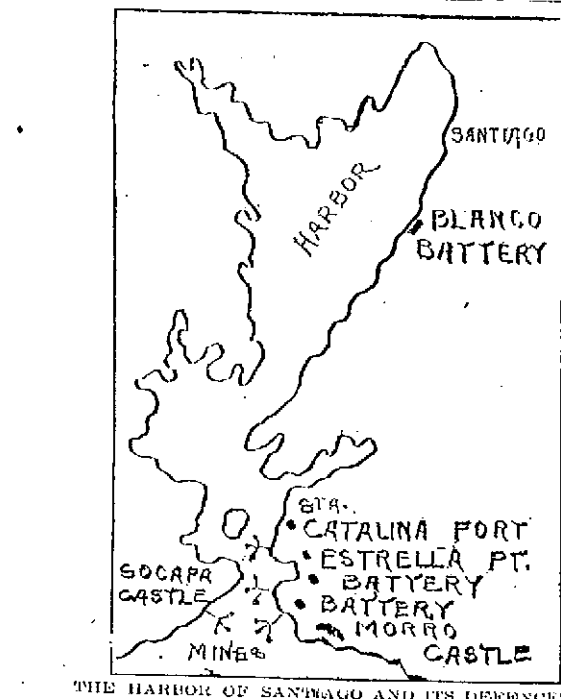
Belts and Gloves.
For 25c we have the finest line in town. Black Belts, Bicycle Belts, Colored Belts, Velvet Belts, Silk Belts, Patriotic Belts, and only Twenty-five Cents Each.
For 49c we have Seal Belts, Brown, Green, Blue and Black Belts, with Harness Buckles, Decorated Belts with fancy buckles, in black and colors, Plain Velvet Belts, in all the new colors, Plaid Silk Belts, all for 49c.
From 49c to \$2.50, the most elaborate line we've ever shown in Jeweled Belts. Also the latest creations in Belt Buckles and clasps at very reasonable prices.

GLOVES.
For 75c a pair, Chamoisee Gloves in natural white and pearl, 2 clasp, will wash and look like new.
For 25c special lot of Black Silk and Taffeta Gloves, in both button and plain wrist, also a fine line of Colored Fabric Gloves for 25c a pair.
For 98c, a beautiful 4-button and lace Kid Glove, in all the new shades, also a new 2-clasp Glove. We warrant them all.

Petticoats, Parasols.
Near to Silk Underskirts in stripes, checks, plaids, etc., double flounce, stiffened ruffles. Memorial Day \$1.23 each.
Black "Siroon" Skirts, always sold for a dollar, today 79c.
There are braids and cord trimmed, with dust ruffles.
The popular Skirt, black ground, colored sicilian stripes, iridescent effects, absolutely fast dye, today 98c.
Black Surrah Skirt Circular Flounce, stiffened, looks like real "Duchess." Wear well, look well, today \$1.69.

Parasols.
One hundred Children's Parasols, for today 19 cents.
A variety of plain colors and the new fancies.
Ladies' Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, the New Princess Handle, glass and Taffeta Silk Cover, Plaids, Stripes and the new border for Sun or Rain for \$1.50 upwards.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.
BIJOU SHOE STORE—(THE BIG DEALERS)—BIJOU SHOE STORE.



ingle call that summons to battle. Once more the sword that flashed on a hard-fought battlefield will be unsheathed. Words that summon to arms will uphold the flag that waved in triumph at Yorktown and Appomattox. The long-threatened war has become a reality, but it is a war as holy as that begun at Concord or Bull Run. It is a struggle between the old and the new, between liberty and oppression, between superstition and intelligence. Wherever Spain has gone, the light of death has followed. Her rule of the Netherlands was one of relentless cruelty. But those brave men of Holland would rather perish in the cold waves of the North Sea, or in the flames kindled by the Spanish torch, than become vassals to her black scepter, and so for eighty years, the war went on, that liberty might not perish from off the earth. Into South America she forced her fiery way, and two centuries of ignorance and bigotry have been her history. But by the power of American ideas and the favor of Almighty God she shall be swept from the Western hemisphere. Ours is not a war for conquest or for glory, but for humanity and right. Already the conflict has given to us a name as glorious as those of Nelson or Farragut. Today let us put upon the unweakened graves on Cuban soil, roses of our income, the tears of our sorrow, and the lilacs of immortal honor.

COTTOLENE

is a combination of two pure natural products—choice beef suet and refined cotton-seed oil, as pure and golden as the southern sunshine which produces it—making a shortening and frying fat unequalled in healthfulness, cleanliness, flavor and digestible qualities. Endorsed by eminent physicians, recommended by cooking experts, used by thousands of discriminating housewives in preference to lard and other cooking fats. Once tried, always used.

The genuine is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks, "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-seed oil on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

Don't Miss It.

Commencing Thursday morning, every Trimmed Hat and Bonnet in our stock to go at

ONE-HALF PRICE.

Flowers, nice ones cheap. Wreaths for Children 6c, 12c, 15c, 25c. The cheapest place on earth to buy Untrimmed Shapes, Sallors and Walking Hats. Our low prices on first-class up-to-date Millinery will surprise you.

BE SURE AND CALL.

HEAD & SHAW. THE MILLINERS, 169 Merrimack Street

ing and perpetuating them.
"When the common interests of humanity call us to listen to the cry of the oppressed at our very door, it seems to us a duty to rise and protect the interests and honor of our nation and strike off the hand at the throne of the victim of tyranny. War for the sake of conquest is in the highest sense criminal. If I should find one in the uniform and with the arms of this government, because he delighted in taking human life, I would regard him the veriest criminal deserving the censure of all moral people. But when I look upon them as guardians of the nation's liberties, the protector of the homes and rights of the people, I respect and honor them."
"Veterans, you did not object to putting on the uniform, so the Christian soldier will not object to putting on the Christian profession. When a few more years have gone and the battle of life is over, will we only think of the defeat of life, or can we see in the gladiators of heavenly assurance, thanks be to God who giveth us the victory through our Lord, Jesus Christ?"
FIFTH STREET BAPTIST.
Rev. H. W. O. Millington preached to members of Post 185 G.A.R. yesterday morning at the Fifth Street Baptist church. He said in part:
"I believe the war against Spain is a righteous war. The sword has its place in movements of a nation as it has its place in the providence of God."
"It is not so much in living as how we live; not so much in being as what we do."
"For military achievements we write highest in the annals of naval warfare up to today the name of Admiral Dewey."
"We are wondering what we shall do with the Philippine Islands; God forbid they should ever be given back to Spain."
"We are not any longer to live for self. Our influence is to spread the light of Jesus is to be given to the world. The glory of God is to be manifested in the uplifting of the people of the earth."
"It may never be our lot to go forth to the battlefield, but we can all have a part in the Christian warfare. Old Glory shall yet fly from grander heights than ever it has done. In the soldier's hand that belongs to Christian citizenship, we may fly the stars and stripes on the loftiest heights of patriotism."

Lest We Forget

We at once call our friends' and the general public's attention to the cut in this advertisement, which partially represents the new patented

Corset Waist Wrapper or House Dress Reliance.

That INDESCRIBABLE something is here. It is made with fitted muslin lining, boned on the sides and made to close with corset lacing to shape to the form without the use of Corsets while doing housework. This simple device appeals to the good judgment of every woman. You'll buy one on sight, if you'll call to see it demonstrated. The pleasure on the three grades we keep \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$1.95 each and it is an impossibility to get an imperfect fit in one of these Reliance Improved House Dresses. It combines both comfort and style, as well as fit. See the cut. Notice the fitted waists—see those lacing—every woman appreciates what they mean—FIT.

Another fitted, they are made full over the hips, hang well, have pockets and a belt, open ends so the sleeves can be pushed up without inconvenience to the wearer, are proper length, and are in every way more satisfactory to the wearer than those made by the best dress makers and costing three times more than our price on these.

We have a large stock of Ladies' Wrappers, Print, Percale and Lawn, which we sell at 60c, 75c and 90c. Hardly a week when less than 10 dozen are sold in this department.

All Baby Goods, Muslin Underclothing, Shirt Waists, Suits, Cloaks and Misses' Dresses on this floor.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
Palm Tablets
The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palm Tablets quickly and forever remove Nervous Debility, Vertigo, Headache, Sleeplessness, Memory, Impotence, Dyspepsia, Kidney Disease, etc. A box 12 boxes with guarantee, 50c, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, 13.00, 14.00, 15.00, 16.00, 17.00, 18.00, 19.00, 20.00, 21.00, 22.00, 23.00, 24.00, 25.00, 26.00, 27.00, 28.00, 29.00, 30.00, 31.00, 32.00, 33.00, 34.00, 35.00, 36.00, 37.00, 38.00, 39.00, 40.00, 41.00, 42.00, 43.00, 44.00, 45.00, 46.00, 47.00, 48.00, 49.00, 50.00, 51.00, 52.00, 53.00, 54.00, 55.00, 56.00, 57.00, 58.00, 59.00, 60.00, 61.00, 62.00, 63.00, 64.00, 65.00, 66.00, 67.00, 68.00, 69.00, 70.00, 71.00, 72.00, 73.00, 74.00, 75.00, 76.00, 77.00, 78.00, 79.00, 80.00, 81.00, 82.00, 83.00, 84.00, 85.00, 86.00, 87.00, 88.00, 89.00, 90.00, 91.00, 92.00, 93.00, 94.00, 95.00, 96.00, 97.00, 98.00, 99.00, 100.00, 101.00, 102.00, 103.00, 104.00, 105.00, 106.00, 107.00, 108.00, 109.00, 110.00, 111.00, 112.00, 113.00, 114.00, 115.00, 116.00, 117.00, 118.00, 119.00, 120.00, 121.00, 122.00, 123.00, 124.00, 125.00, 126.00, 127.00, 128.00, 129.00, 130.00, 131.00, 132.00, 133.00, 134.00, 135.00, 136.00, 137.00, 138.00, 139.00, 140.00, 141.00, 142.00, 143.00, 144.00, 145.00, 146.00, 147.00, 148.00, 149.00, 150.00, 151.00, 152.00, 153.00, 154.00, 155.00, 156.00, 157.00, 158.00, 159.00, 160.00, 161.00, 162.00, 163.00, 164.00, 165.00, 166.00, 167.00, 168.00, 169.00, 170.00, 171.00, 172.00, 173.00, 174.00, 175.00, 176.00, 177.00, 178.00, 179.00, 180.00, 181.00, 182.00, 183.00, 184.00, 185.00, 186.00, 187.00, 188.00, 189.00, 190.00, 191.00, 192.00, 193.00, 194.00, 195.00, 196.00, 197.00, 198.00, 199.00, 200.00, 201.00, 202.00, 203.00, 204.00, 205.00, 206.00, 207.00, 208.00, 209.00, 210.00, 211.00, 212.00, 213.00, 214.00, 215.00, 216.00, 217.00, 218.00, 219.00, 220.00, 221.00, 222.00, 223.00, 224.00, 225.00, 226.00, 227.00, 228.00, 229.00, 230.00, 231.00, 232.00, 233.00, 234.00, 235.00, 236.00, 237.00, 238.00, 239.00, 240.00, 241.00, 242.00, 243.00, 244.00, 245.00, 246.00, 247.00, 248.00, 249.00, 250.00, 251.00, 252.00, 253.00, 254.00, 255.00, 256.00, 257.00, 258.00, 259.00, 260.00, 261.00, 262.00, 263.00, 264.00, 265.00, 266.00, 267.00, 268.00, 269.00, 270.00, 271.00, 272.00, 273.00, 274.00, 275.00, 276.00, 277.00, 278.00, 279.00, 280.00, 281.00, 282.00, 283.00, 284.00, 285.00, 286.00, 287.00, 288.00, 289.00, 290.00, 291.00, 292.00, 293.00, 294.00, 295.00, 296.00, 297.00, 298.00, 299.00, 300.00, 301.00, 302.00, 303.00, 304.00, 305.00, 306.00, 307.00, 308.00, 309.00, 310.00, 311.00, 312.00, 313.00, 314.00, 315.00, 316.00, 317.00, 318.00, 319.00, 320.00, 321.00, 322.00, 323.00, 324.00, 325.00, 326.00, 327.00, 328.00, 329.00, 330.00, 331.00, 332.00, 333.00, 334.00, 335.00, 336.00, 337.00, 338.00, 339.00, 340.00, 341.00, 342.00, 343.00, 344.00, 345.00, 346.00, 347.00, 348.00, 349.00, 350.00, 351.00, 352.00, 353.00, 354.00, 355.00, 356.00, 357.00, 358.00, 359.00, 360.00, 361.00, 362.00, 363.00, 364.00, 365.00, 366.00, 367.00, 368.00, 369.00, 370.00, 371.00, 372.00, 373.00, 374.00, 375.00, 376.00, 377.00, 378.00, 379.00, 380.00, 381.00, 382.00, 383.00, 384.00, 385.00, 386.00, 387.00, 388.00, 389.00, 390.00, 391.00, 392.00, 393.00, 394.00, 395.00, 396.00, 397.00, 398.00, 399.00, 400.00, 401.00, 402.00, 403.00, 404.00, 405.00, 406.00, 407.00, 408.00, 409.00, 410.00, 411.00, 412.00, 413.00, 414.00, 415.00, 416.00, 417.00, 418.00, 419.00, 420.00, 421.00, 422.00, 423.00, 424.00,

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their leased wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

The Sun being connected by a loop with the wires of the Associated Press running all over the country, never gets left on an item of war news. By this means it can investigate false rumors of the war.

COM. SCHLEY HEARD FROM

He Has Seen the Spanish Vessels in Santiago Harbor.

And Says They Will Never Reach Spain Again—A British Vessel Captured Running the Blockade—Cheering News From Manila—Dewey the Dictator of the Club.

Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.

Mole, St. Nicholas, Hayti, May 30.—The following despatch has been received here from the correspondent of the Associated Press with the American fleet off Santiago de Cuba:

Off Santiago de Cuba, May 29.—Commodore Schley and the flying squadron has the Spanish fleet bottled up in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. By the most clever maneuvering, the Commodore allowed the Spaniards to think he had left in disgust. They took the bait and ran into the harbor. Commodore Schley moved down this morning and at six o'clock, going close to the harbor, he saw the Cristobal Colon, the Maria Theresa, and two torpedo boats. He believes the entire fleet is there.

Commodore Schley has acted upon his own information and judgment for the past six days, and he believes the whole Spanish fleet is there.

He sat on the after triangle of the Brooklyn this morning until after the discovery of the fleet and then he went to breakfast, saying: "I have got them, and they will never get home."

The United States auxiliary cruiser, St. Paul, arrived here this morning and was sent to Mole, St. Nicholas, with despatches. She captured a coal ship which was sent to Key West by Captain Sigbee, in charge of a prize crew. The coal was undoubtedly intended for the Spanish fleet. It is believed that there is not much coal at Santiago de Cuba.

The officers and men of the flying squadron are jubilant over the fact that the location of the Spanish fleet has finally been definitely established.

The temperature is 110 degrees in the shade, and in the steel turrets, the heat is actually beyond the power of endurance.

BRITISH STEAMER TAKEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Key West, Fla., May 30 (6.30 a. m.).—The British steamer Restormel was brought in here this morning under her own steam, by a prize crew. She was captured while trying to put into Santiago de Cuba with a cargo of coal. The steamer was bound from Cardiff to Porto Rico. As the Restormel came in, the British flag was flying half way down her main mast. She was looking badly. Newspapermen were not permitted to approach within a hundred yards of her.

REVENUE CUTTER DAMAGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 30.—The revenue cutter Golden Gate was damaged to the extent of about \$1,000 yesterday by a collision with the schooner Mary F. Cruise. No one was hurt, and the schooner was not damaged.

RECIPROCITY TREATY SIGNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 30.—France and the United States have signed a reciprocity treaty agreement.

SPANISH GUNBOAT CAPTURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hong Kong, May 30.—The Americans have captured the Spanish gunboat Leyte, which was attempting to run despatches into Manila. The steamer is reported to have landed six thousand rifles at Cavite, for the use of the insurgents.

The Spaniards have offered \$25,000 reward for the head of Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader.

The governor of Hong Kong has prohibited the United States auxiliary gunboat Zafiro from taking on war stores for the American fleet, but he has permitted her to ship "officers' luxuries. The Zafiro sails from here for Manila today.

NEWS FROM DEWEY.

(Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.)

Hong Kong, May 30.—The British second class cruiser Pique, has arrived here from Manila and Manila. She reports all quiet at both places.

The Spanish garrison at Iloilo numbers 160 men and the place has no defenses. The foreigners there are safe. Supplies are reaching Manila plentifully from the surrounding country. There is no panic at Manila. The Spaniards are working upon the fortifications, but their guns are old and useless and they are short of ammunition.

Rear Admiral Dewey has informed the authorities at Manila that he will hold them responsible for the life of the captain of the Spanish gunboat Callao, captured by the United States fleet. The Spanish have been threatening to shoot him for surrendering although confronted by the whole American fleet.

In reply to the Spanish attempt to win over Aguinaldo's men, the insurgents are said to have informed the Spaniards that they are neutral and will await events.

All the American ships are at Cavite in Manila Bay. Salt provisions are plentiful, but fresh provisions are not obtainable. There is no sickness on the American fleet.

Money Deposited

on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

of the
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK
will draw interest from June 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent, compounded annually.
Daily, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Saturdays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
Bank Hours: 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Chas. J. Giddens, Pres.
Wm. F. Hill, Cashier.
Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.
MARKET ST. COR. WORTHEN.

ROCKING CHAIRS—

With eng. round of our 60, 75, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000, 1010, 1020, 1030, 1040, 1050, 1060, 1070, 1080, 1090, 1100, 1110, 1120, 1130, 1140, 1150, 1160, 1170, 1180, 1190, 1200, 1210, 1220, 1230, 1240, 1250, 1260, 1270, 1280, 1290, 1300, 1310, 1320, 1330, 1340, 1350, 1360, 1370, 1380, 1390, 1400, 1410, 1420, 1430, 1440, 1450, 1460, 1470, 1480, 1490, 1500, 1510, 1520, 1530, 1540, 1550, 1560, 1570, 1580, 1590, 1600, 1610, 1620, 1630, 1640, 1650, 1660, 1670, 1680, 1690, 1700, 1710, 1720, 1730, 1740, 1750, 1760, 1770, 1780, 1790, 1800, 1810, 1820, 1830, 1840, 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100,000 Come Up in Smoke

Just now.

DOWD'S HONEST 10

Cigar is the favorite with all smokers on account of its purity, fragrance and smoking qualities.

T. J. DOWD, Mfr., Nashua, N. H.

SQUARE PIANO, \$20.

1 Duntz & Sons square piano, \$20; 1 Hall and Davis, almost new, \$175; 1 Rintema upright piano, left on sale by party going away, \$100; 1 Tiers & Ford upright piano, \$25. Ask to see Mrs. Marchant's piano, which must be sold at any price before May 28th. Our Jacob Ball pianos are the leading instruments of the age. For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 323 Merrimack Street, Associate Building, Lowell, Mass. Look up the number of your old square, you may be the lucky one.

THE SUN LATEST EXTRA 5 O'CLOCK.

HONORED THE DEPARTED

Exercises and Parade of the Local G. A. R.



W. H. L. HAYES, Chief Marshal of Today's Parade.

The Present War Robs the Veterans of Their Usual Militia Escort, But They Make a Fine Appearance -- Other Memorial Day Happenings.

This is the day on which the nation honors its fallen heroes by strewing their graves with flowers and recounting the noble sacrifices by which they saved the union, making it one and inseparable, now and forever. It is a day that awakens many patriotic memories for it is impossible to listen to the recital of the battles of the civil war without being thrilled with fervid patriotism and inspired with the highest admiration of the men who shed their blood so freely on the altar of liberty, that our country might live forever in one grand and united nation, the freest, the greatest and grandest on earth, and yet as nations go only in its infancy. As usual, the veterans were around early this morning in their uniforms, visiting their headquarters and going thence to fill the various assignments to decorate graves or assist in memorial services in the suburbs.

The day was the finest that could be wished for, being clear and bracing, in striking contrast with the weather of last week. Early in the morning, a delegation from Post 155, accompanied by the Lowell Military band, went in a special car to North Chelmsford to assist the veterans of that town in their decorations. Another delegation from Post 129 went to Tyngsboro to assist in the memorial exercises in that town. All these delegations had returned before noon, so as to be ready for the parade in the afternoon.

THE MONUMENT.

Ladd and Whitney monument, the Goddess of Liberty and the pretty little plot surrounding them never were more artistically adorned than on this Memorial Day, when a committee of the post, under Comrade Potter, and a committee of the Ladies' Circle, G. A. R. No. 8, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Brackett, had charge of the decorations. In the center of the grass plot is a large bed of pansies surrounded by a circle of stately tropical plants. The apex of the Ladd and Whitney monument is surrounded by a large crown of golden flowers and three tiny American flags. At the top of each of the four sides is a red, white and blue star from which are running down the sides plumed red, white and blue streamers, to the base where on each side is a large shield of plumed red, white and blue bunting, with large rosette in the center. About the pedestal on all sides are floral pieces in profusion intermingled with evergreen and tropical plants. The Goddess of Liberty is crowned with laurel, while in her extended hand she holds a wreath

G. A. R., School street cemetery; Ladd and Whitney Post 155, G. A. R., Lowell cemetery; Camp Admiral Farragut, Sons of Veterans, with decorated members of the G. A. R. went to the 14th street cemetery.

As is usual, particular attention was given the grave of Gen. B. F. Butler in the 14th street cemetery, which was covered with flowers previously by the family.

Leaving the cemeteries, the veterans repaired to the North Common, where the parade was formed, and ordered to move at the appointed hour. The parade moved as follows:

Detail of Police.

Chief Marshal, W. H. L. Hayes.
W. W. Tuttle, chief of staff; P. B. Peabody, commissary general; Dr. Geo. B. Plinkham, surgeon general; Charles Cowley, judge advocate general; E. J. Noyes, inspector general; Thomas O. Allen, quartermaster general; Alda, J. P. Thompson, B. S. Ripley, M. V. B. Libby, Peter Littlehale, Albert Pindar, Charles Graham, John Welch, James P. Emerson, Ralph D. Plummer, B. F. Howell, R. Pottrell, Albert C. Blawie, J. O'Donnell, John C. Rogers.

High School Drum Corps.

High School Regiment.

Cadet Col. Charles Wilson; Cadet, Reg. Adl. Arthur Butler; Cadet Q. M. Alfred Kennedy; Cadet Reg. Serg. Maj. Douglas River; Cadet Q. M. Serg. Timothy Coleman, Cadet Color Serg. Arthur Kelly.

First Battalion—Cadets: Maj. Frederick Barrows, Reg. Adl. Charles Littlehale, Serg. Maj. Charles Stevens, Company F. Cadets: Capt. James Mudge, First Lieut. Dana Whipple, Second Lieut. Richard Walsh; Company D. Cadets: Capt. Thomas Kelly, First Lieut. Charles Kelly, Second Lieut. William Hagley.

Second Battalion—Cadets: Lieut. Col. Lloyd Haworth, Reg. Adl. Edward Colley, Serg. Maj. Hope, Company C. Cadets: Capt. Arthur McLean, Lt. Walter Henry, Company H. Cadets: Capt. Thomas J. O'Donnell, First Lieut. Francis Murphy, Second Lieut. John J. Rogers, Company A. Cadets: Capt. Frank Dupes, First Lieut. Harold Varnum, Second Lieut. Geo. P. Tawam.

Lowell Cadet Band, John J. Hannon, Leader.

Post 42, G. A. R.

Commander George B. McIntire, S.V.C.; John J. Dolan, S.V.C.; Charles Graham, Q.M.; C. A. Donahue, surgeon; Dr. John J. Preston; Chaplain Chas. Cowley; officer of the day, John H. Blakey.

National Band, Richard Griffiths, leader

Post 129, G. A. R.

Commander, S. C. Smiley; S.V.C. A. J. Hall; J.V.C. H. Planders, Q.M.; W. W. Tuttle; Chaplain, Royal S. Ripley; officer of the day, A. J. Bolen; surgeon, John W. Carlie; adj. P. B. Butler.

Lowell Military Band, J. A. Murphy, Leader.

Post 155, G. A. R.

Commander J. Adams Bartlett; adj. Frank C. Adams; First Company, Capt. Geo. L. Cady; Lieut. H. B. Hudson; Second Company, Capt. Robert S. Smith, Lieut. A. B. French; Third Company, Capt. Geo. L. Adams, Lieut. Chas. Frothingham; department officers and post commanders formed on left of post officers; color bearer, Frank Cahoon; Ladd and Whitney banner, T. Donavan; color guard, Edward S. Hutchins, John Wilson, Otis Johnson, W. B. Morton, W. B. Fowler, Wm. H. Morgan; markers, F. C. Parsons, C. C. Andrews; band sergeant, Alfred G. Parkhurst.

Vaults Command, U.V.U., Col. James B. Patton, Lieut. George H. Smith, Maj. Leonard T. Farber, Adj. M. C. Peabody, Q. M. H. W. Allen, Surgeon H. S. Ripley, Chaplain Chas. W. Brigham.

Dahlgren Association, Naval Veterans Capt. John H. Outes, Physician Frank G. Rundlett.

Admiral Farragut Camp, S. of V., Capt. H. J. Draper, First Lieut. A. B. Taylor, Second Lieut. R. J. Harvey, First Serg. L. P. Richardson.

Carriages containing Mayor Bennett, Mayor John C. Burke, Esq., John P. Seavies, survivor of the Mexican War, disabled comrades and invited guests.

Barges of school children.

The parade moved over the route as published and was reviewed at City Hall by Mayor Bennett and several members of the city government.

After the parade, the veterans repaired to their respective halls where collations were served to members and invited guests. Speeches followed, and the veterans fought all their battles over again.

Owing to the lack of a spacious hall, the evening meeting will be held at the First Baptist church, the orator being John C. Burke, Esq.

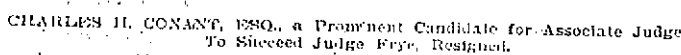
THIS MORNING'S GAMES.

She Sunk the Foscolia But Saved
Her Crew—Account of the Dis-
aster by the Captain of Lost
Vessel—The Columbia to be
Promptly Repaired.

If you have ever tried Hale's Honey of
Horehound and Tar you know what a
safeguard it is against throat and lung
troubles. Sold by druggists.

Hale's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

To Cure Constipation Forever,
Take Cassell's Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c
C. C. C. will cure, bring up and refund money
Maltex is made of malt, beef, and
other nutrients.



Young Murray Pitched for the
Emeralds for the First Time—
Carter of the South Ends Puts
up a Magnificent Game—Emer-
ald "Has Beens" Show up Finely.

Then see that this is the
one you obtain. It contains
the purest cod-liver oil, free
from unpleasant odor and
taste. You also get the hy-
posphosphites and glycerine.
All three are blended into
one grand healing and nour-
ishing remedy.

Price and Money all directions.
SCOTT & BOWNE.

MISSION, 10 AND 20 Ct.

35 Prescott Street.

by the D. L. Page Co.

OLD POST/

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

WITH THE POLICE

Assailants of Fred Carlson are Known.

THEY DID NOT BEGIN THE TROUBLE.

Anxious Relatives Seeking Friends.

The police have discovered the assailants of Henry Hayden and Gus Carlson, but have made no arrest as yet. The assailants were Assyrians and from what the police have learned of the affair were not to blame for the beginning of the trouble. It is true that one of them made a remark as Carlson, Hayden and the two girls were passed, but his remarks were addressed to his companion.

Dr. Pool visited the two men again Saturday and probed the wound of Carlson to learn its extent. It was about an inch deep and greatly resembled the knife which caused the death of Dr. Chaput, except that it was a little higher.

The wound will be a painful one but it is not dangerous. Both men were ordered out of their Tyler street room Saturday morning and they left promptly.

MISSING PERSONS.

Supt. Davis has received a telegram from Undertaker G. W. Ross, of Portland, Me., asking him to find Mrs. Martha Welsh, 21 East Merrimack street. The telegram stated that her brother Frank H. Suppy, has been dead a week in that city. The woman is supposed to live on the Merrimack Corporation.

Another letter received is as follows:

Boston, Mass., May 28, 3 a. m.
To the Chief of Police, Lowell, Mass:
Dar Sir—Having a brother somewhere in Lowell or its immediate vicinity I take the liberty of addressing you and asking you for your kind assistance in locating him as his father is dangerously ill.

His name is Edward Holmes Smith, son of Daniel Smith, formerly of 15 Duke street, St. John, N. B. He is about 5 feet, 4 inches in height; has light, sandy complexion, and is about 45 years old. He has a peculiar accent in his speech. According to his talk five years ago, he worked on a large farm and had charge of an old man who was an invalid. When the old man died he remained as a sort of valet or butler.

Hoping for your kind assistance, I remain respectfully yours,
J. J. Smith, 11 Westminister St., Roxbury District, Boston, Mass.

HOUSE ENTERED.

Burglars entered the residence of Mrs. Martha Wyman at Chelmsford, near the city line on last Thursday evening. They were frightened away, however, before they could accomplish anything. The only thing missing

from the house is a lady's cloak. The police were notified.

HOBDEN DROWNED

Fate of a Well Known Young Man.

CANOE UPSET IN TYNGS ISLAND CREEK.

Thomas Waugh Had a Narrow Escape.

A sad drowning accident occurred in the Merrimack river off Tyngs island, yesterday afternoon, the victim being Joseph Hobden, aged 26 years, of Worthen street.

Thomas Waugh, his companion, had a narrow escape from drowning. The two men have been working at Tyngs island since last Friday, helping in the arrangements for today's canoe meet.

They had considerable work yesterday but during the dinner hour were at leisure and wishing to go to the upper end of the island, took one of the many canoes that were alongshore and started up the creek with it, the creek being the narrow passage of water between the island and the main land.

Owing to the recent rains, the river was much swollen and paddling was extremely difficult. Beside Hobden was unacquainted with a canoe and could not swim.

When they were within about 50 feet from the bridge across the creek, a canoe passed them going downward and Hobden turned out for it. In doing this the canoe was rocked about some and coming in contact with a whirlpool immediately capsized.

Hobden and Waugh went down together and came up side by side. Waugh struck out for the shore, but the helpless Hobden caught him and both went down again. When Waugh came up he was at some little distance from Hobden and though well nigh exhausted succeeded in getting to the shore.

He looked around for his hapless companion, but did not see him again. The alarm was given and about 2 o'clock Undertaker Molloy's men arrived. With great danger to themselves they grappled for the body until 1 o'clock without success. They then abandoned their task until this morning.

It is believed the body rests within a few feet of where it went down, owing to the fact that the bottom is strewn with water soaked logs, while at one point the remnant of a stone wall still exists.

Officer Frank Fox, who is on duty at the island, and members of the club assisted in the search for the body. Hobden lived at 73 Worthen street and is survived by one brother and two sisters. He was a well known and popular young man and formerly worked for the Magee Emulsion company and later in Lynch's tannery. His bereaved parents have the sympathy of

a large circle of friends.

BODY FOUND.
At 11:30 Undertaker Molloy found the body about 15 feet from where it went down.

ORDERS FOR INVASION.

Washington, May 30.—It is certain that orders have gone to Major General Shafter at Tampa to embark the greater portion of his corps, including all the regiments and a few of the most efficient volunteer regiments, on board the transports gathered at that place. The aggressive military movement which has been so frequently predicted and so often delayed for one cause or another will be an accomplished fact before the end of this week. The strongest units of Admiral Sampson's reorganized squadron will convey the expedition and cover its landing at a point now definitely designated. Simultaneously the most rigid censorship of press dispatches that has so far been undertaken by the government will be put into operation at Tampa and Key West, and no message relating to the movements of troops or the expedition will be permitted on the wires.

If this means of preventing publication of information which would be exceedingly valuable to Spain is not fully successful, the censorship will be promptly extended to the mails.

It can be confidently asserted that beyond the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy, the president will permit no civilian to enjoy his confidence in this matter until a landing on foreign territory shall have been actually accomplished, and General Shafter himself will have sealed orders when the expedition is known only to General Miles and General Corbin until the expedition is safely at sea. Admiral Sampson's sole instructions will be to guard the expedition and to co-operate with General Shafter under the latter's directions.

TIDE LEADER RULES.

Washington, May 30.—General orders 100 of April 24, 1892, comprising instructions for the government of armies of the United States in the field, have been revised and are being sent to the various commanders for their guidance during the present conflict with Spain. These instructions were prepared by Francis Lieber, the father of the present Judge advocate general of the army, and were published at the direction of President Lincoln after being formally revised by a board of officers of which Major General E. A. Hitchcock was president. They were adopted by both France and Prussia in the war between those countries five years after the civil contest here, and were the basis upon which a general European conference afterwards acted in drawing up an agreement on this subject. The instructions make 24 pages of print and cover almost every conceivable feature of military conduct and usage in time of war, and a definition of many of the terms used.

FUNERALS.

ROWEN—The funeral of the late George H. Rowen took place from the funeral home, Conception church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Fr. Giguant, O.M.I., officiating. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful. The bearers were Messrs. Michael O'Neill, John Kelly from Court Merrimack, P. of A., John Lynch, E. J. McGinn from sisters courts of the P. of

A. James Hogan and Matthew Connolly from the family. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. The funeral was among the largest here for some time. Mr. McDermott had charge.

MANN—The funeral of Lizette A. Mann was held Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Edson cemetery chapel. Rev. H. Lockhart officiated and interment was in the Edson cemetery.

SMITH—The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Smith took place yesterday afternoon from St. Peter's church, Rev. Fr. Mullin conducting services. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery, and the bearers were Messrs. Hickey, King, McGinn, Kane, Crowley, and McCarthy.

BOARD OF HEALTH.
Owing to the fact that City Hall is closed today, it being a holiday, the meeting of the board of health, which was to have been held this afternoon, has been postponed till tomorrow afternoon.



SKETCH OF THE FREDERICK T. GREENHALGE MONUMENT.

The above shows the tombstone which marks the grave of the late Governor Greenhalge in the Lowell cemetery. When sketched by The Sun artist this morning, it was void of decoration, but during the afternoon, it will be buried with wreaths sent by loving friends. The family lets no occasion of this kind pass without placing garlands on the grave, while the admirers of the late governor show their reverence for his memory by sending floral offerings to be laid upon his grave. The grave was decorated in the usual way by the veterans, but the floral tributes of personal friends were very numerous and beautiful.

DEATHS.

MAHONEY—John Mahoney, aged 61 years, died last night at his home, 17 North street. Deceased was a well known old resident of this city. Besides his wife, he is survived by two sons, David A. and John S., and Nellie C., a teacher in the public schools. The funeral will be held Wednesday morning from St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. The family requests that no flowers be sent.

CLOUGH—Arthur Clough, died Saturday at his residence, 32 Powell street, aged 31 years. He was a member of Columbia Council, O.U.A.M., and General Fluke lodge, I.O.G.T. He leaves a wife and one son.

KNAPP—John H. Knapp, aged 54 years, died yesterday morning at his home in West Somerville. Deceased is survived by his wife, three sons, and two daughters. The funeral will occur Wednesday morning under the direction of C. H. Molloy of this city.

NICHOLSON—Sarah E. Nicholson, the 18-year-old daughter of John and Sarah Nicholson, died Saturday afternoon at her parents' home, 24 Riverside avenue.

HIGGINS—Mary Higgins, the infant child of Daniel and Sarah Higgins, died yesterday at her parents' home, 49 Wamsuck street.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE.

This popular dry goods firm has bought the town. They have had a couple of star artists at their store for the past week, making oration portraits of any of their patrons free of cost. Judging from the specimens of their work, they are conceded by everybody who has examined them to be equal to some that would cost from ten to fifteen dollars. This is their last week and everyone should avail themselves of the generous offer. Go and inspect and see if this statement is not correct.

LAWRENCE PAYS DIVIDEND.

A semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent has been declared by the Lawrence Manufacturing company of Lowell payable June 1, to stock of record May 23. Last December the Lawrence passed its dividend, but the current declaration is an increase of 1 per cent, over this time last year.

FLAG RAISING.

At 9 o'clock this Memorial day morning, the employees of McDonald Bros., grocery store, Geo's Machine company and Copsons works, all assisted in exercises accompanying the raising of one of the largest flags over any business house in the city. It measures 16x8. Blanche B. McDonald recited "The Salvation to the Flag," and remarks were made by Messrs. Henry McDonald, Geo. and several others. A large number of persons were present and "Old Glory" was given an ovation at its appearance.

MR. KELLERER SURPRISED.

Thomas Kellerer was surprised by his fellow employees in the Boot mills with a Morris chair at his home, 710 French street, Saturday evening. Charles McCollough presented the gift and after a response by the recipient a social time was enjoyed.

BIG DAY IN CAMP

Fully 15,000 People Visited the Soldiers Yesterday.

FR. MURPHY PRESENTED W. A. HORSE.

Presents for the Other Officers.

May 29.—Fully 15,000 persons visited the campground today. By two o'clock it was almost impossible to get through the line in officers' street while company streets were actually impassable. The people, many of them women and children, came in all sorts of conveyances including an Irish jaunting car carrying a load of young women. There were so many bicycles that they finally became a nuisance in the crowded streets, and the officer of the day had to keep them outside the camp lines.

It was a good-humored crowd, however, and even the necessary rough work of the provost in its attempts to clear the field for the evening parade, and following presentation was accepted as part of the business. All the men and boys in the camp were, apparently, visited all at once by all their relatives and acquaintances, while the officers were actually driven out of their quarters by their guests.

It was the greatest day in the history of Framingham field and one to be remembered for all time.

Beside the great crowd that came up from Boston with the A.O.U., and assisted in the presentation of the regimental flags, there were smaller groups who sought out their personal friends and left with their remembrances of various kinds. Fair Oaks garbion of Natick came on a visit to the Natick company. The old veterans and the young volunteers shouted themselves hoarse in friendly greetings. Capt. Quinn was remembered, being given a handsome gold cross set with diamonds.

Capt. Hayes was presented with a handsome sword and belt.

Chaplain Murphy was given a magnificent black horse, with trappings, Mr. John A. Ryan of Boston making a most eloquent speech of presentation, to which Fr. Murphy most happily replied.

The field and staff, collectively, was given the latest thing in rubber ponches by the Appleby Rubber company, through Senator Brigham, and there were other gifts to individual members.

The weather was made to order. It was simply perfect from sunrise to the going down thereof. Guard mounting was the first ceremony of the day, and following that, at 10 o'clock, came mass, celebrated by Chaplain Murphy.

During the day there was much speculation as to when the regiment would start South. It depends entirely upon the arrangements the quartermaster in Boston can make for transportation.

Later tonight, there was a report in camp, which could not be confirmed, however, that the regiment will leave tomorrow night, going via the New York, New Haven & Hartford railway to New York, thence via Baltimore & Ohio to Washington. The New York, New Haven & Hartford company has several cars in the yard here and could easily send the regiment to its destination with little delay. The fact that these cars are ready and in the yards here may be father to the rumor.

LOWELL MAN SUED

For Alienating of Affections of Mr. Legassy's Wife.

THE DEFENDANT IS GEORGE L. CROSBY.

All Concerned Are Young People.

Newburyport, May 28.—A case was heard before Judge Braley in the superior court today, it being a special civil sitting in which Clarence E. Legassy of Haverhill sued George L. Crosby of Lowell for the alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

The plaintiff's statement is that he married Florence B. Langhail, formerly of Newburyport, Jan. 1, 1897 and they resided with his father. In June last Mrs. Legassy went to Lynn to work a few weeks in a restaurant and while there the husband was informed of circumstances that raised his suspicions so that his father went to Lynn to investigate.

It was June 26 that his father returned to Haverhill and the defendant also came back. The husband employed ex-police officer Sprague to watch his wife. Sprague alleges that he saw Mr. Crosby and Mrs. Legassy make a trip together to the beach on the steamer Merrimack and on returning to the Haverhill wharf they separated.

Then on two other occasions in July they went to places near Lake Umbagog in the evening walking along loved lane and other roadways leading into the wood.

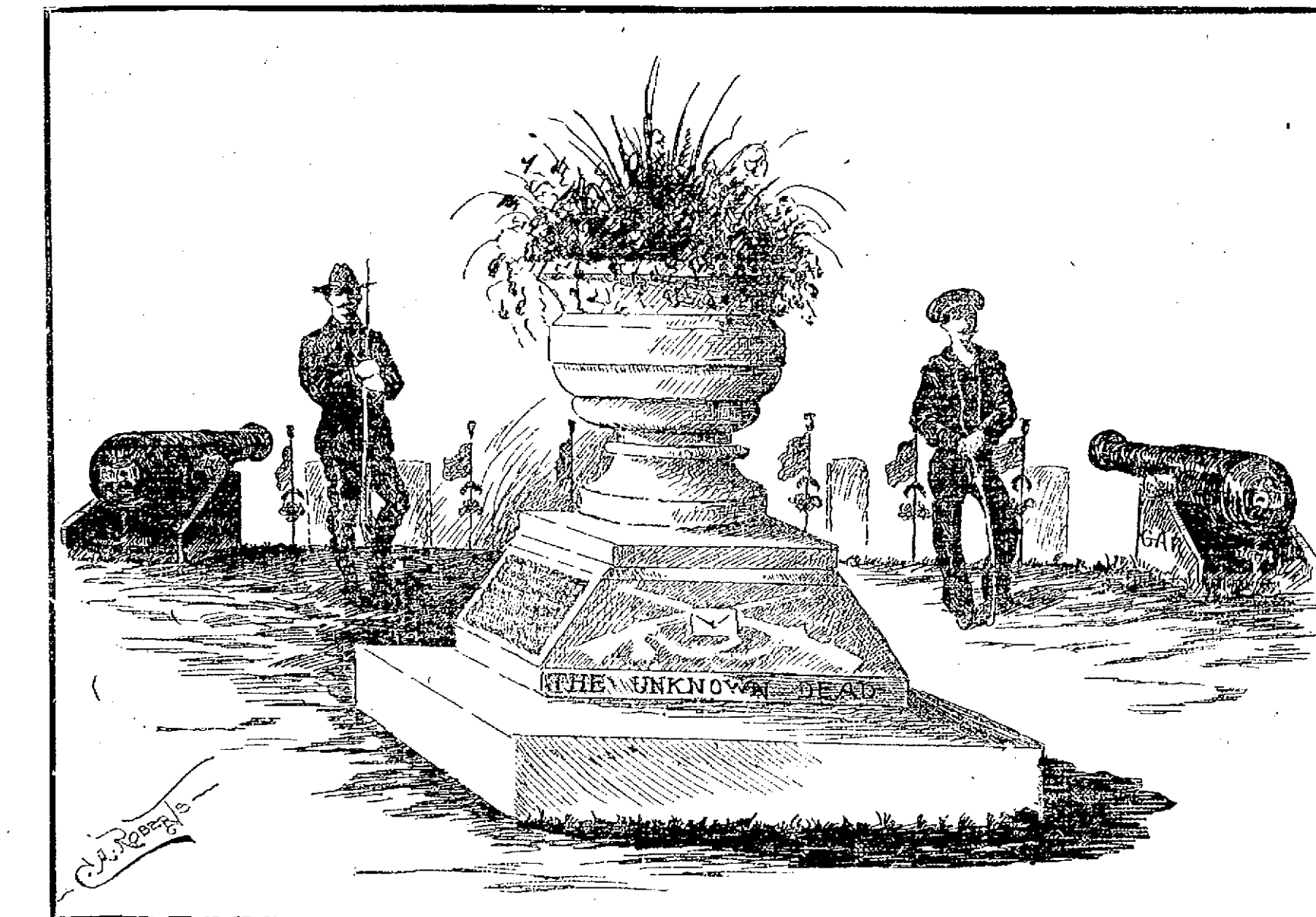
The defense was a general denial. Testimony showed that Officer Sprague's brother who is a stable keeper in Haverhill brought Mr. Legassy and his father to the scene and had all the parties face to face with admissions of indiscretion on the part of Crosby but nothing criminal and offers for settlement.

Subsequently there was a libel for divorce and the defendant was named as a correspondent. All of the parties are young the plaintiff being 22; his wife a very little older while the defendant is nearly the same age.

The judge reserved his decision.

The Highland club will have an outing at Camp Bradbury, Nagog Lake on Wednesday with a fine list of sports.

Maltex makes the old feel young.



SKETCH OF THE URN PRESENTED BY THE GARFIELD WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS TO THE C. A. R. AND DEDICATED TO THE UNKNOWN DEAD.

MAY 28

Rains, of course—a good place to get an umbrella if you mislaid your own, or if your friend has not returned it. We're right on the square here and handy for all purposes. By the way, this is one of the days you can save six dollars on a suit of clothes.

Lots of men nowadays don't make six dollars in the whole week—unfortunately for us and for them. We told all about this offer during the week. If you want a good black suit, now's your chance. \$12 will buy an \$18 suit provided you comply with the conditions. We will explain our plan here if the "ad" has escaped your observation. Cut this out and bring it with you.—SUN.

O'Hearn & Dowd

OLD POST OFFICE.

THE LOWELL SUN
J. H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, \$3.00. Per Month, 25c.

NEVER REFUSE

to advertise in a paper with a large circulation because you do not agree with its views on public questions. It is not to the paper that you appeal for trade, but to its readers. If you solicit patronage from those only who think as you do, you had better go out of business before you lose every dollar you have.

You may not agree with The Sun on all questions, but if you take the trouble to look into its circulation, you will agree that you cannot afford to be out of its columns if you advertise at all.

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell, and it is the cheapest advertising medium in this city on the basis of actual circulation. It's

**LOWELL'S
GREATEST
NEWSPAPER.**

Are we to have Hawaii? It is difficult to refuse it, while President Dole is forcing it upon us.

The supreme court will now be called upon to pass upon the constitutionality of the "corporation tax." It is rules as it did on the income tax law, the court might possibly be reconstructed.

The board of strategy should send for Dewey and order him to silence the forts at Havana and destroy the Spanish fleet. The board would not require to spend any of its precious time going into details of how he should do this.

The gallant Ninth goes to Camp Algon. It is said that Colonel Bogan from some cause, does not appear anxious to go to the front. He would evidently prefer to remain around Boston. If this is so he is the wrong man to be at the head of the Ninth regiment.

If Commodore Schley has let Admiral Cervera escape, the United States will be the laughing stock for the nations. The blockade of Havana has accomplished very little thus far and if Cervera has left Santiago, he may probably make a dash for Havana if he finds an opportunity.

If that Cadiz fleet should come here, Sampson and Schley would have a hot time since they have been kept guessing so by Admiral Cervera. Had they destroyed the fortifications of Havana harbor, there would be no security for the Spanish fleet at Havana and no better trap could be devised than to get it into an unfortified harbor.

The "shillbilleth" "Remember the Maine" has shocked some of our supersensitive petticoat patriots to the extent that they have petitioned Secretary Long to have it suppressed in the navy department. These people should petition the government to carry on the war without killing anybody. It is so cruel you know.

The same sickly sentimentalists send bouquets to the worst criminals, to such men as Brim, Joe Kelly, the New Hampshire murderer, and even to Lambert of Chicago, who ran his wife through the sausage machine and dissolved what was left of her body in chemicals.

MEMORIAL DAY.

This is Memorial Day, a day held sacred to the memory of the nation's fallen heroes. At the present time, there is a bare possibility that the heroes of the civil war may be in a measure overlooked or forgotten in our admiration for the heroes of the present war. But so far as this war has gone, it has little of the horrors of those four years of bloody strife, so well remembered by the survivors of the conflict who march our streets today. The battles of those four years were among the most terrible in desperation and carnage that the world has ever seen and it is to be hoped that the present conflict will witness nothing half so bloody as the battles between the North and South from 1861 to 1865.

It is a source of gratification to the veterans of that war now in their declining years to find the North and the South moving hand in hand in the common cause of freedom and humanity. The men of the South who fought against the union in the last war are as patriotic today and as ready to risk their lives for the union as the men of the North. Patriots of the North and South march together as a band of brothers to set free the people of Cuba and in so doing to bring additional glory to the Stars and Stripes.

It is the belief of everybody conversant with the situation in the present war that victory will come to the United States with a comparatively small loss of life and that the results will vastly increase the power, the prestige, and the commerce of this nation.

In the conclusion of the present war, the Grand Army veterans will see the union which they fought to establish, made more glorious than ever; they will see this country made one of the foremost powers in the world on sea and on land; they will see its territory extended, its navy enlarged, its commerce built up, and its flag repeated as the emblem of liberty in every quarter of the world. All this must certainly bring consolation to those who risked their lives for the union, now under the infirmities of age and in the natural order of things soon to be mustered into that army of the great Beyond where every noble sacrifice is nobly rewarded.

Should the city give \$5000 to the support of the Lowell Textile school. You are given an excellent opportunity to express your views on this question at the public hearing in City Hall next Tuesday night.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

The New York Sun has been generously giving up space on its valuable editorial page to lists of books suitable for children's reading. One of The Sun's readers having made an inquiry in the columns of that paper regarding good reading matter for a child of 12 years, several lists of books have been sent in and published. We think these lists will be found both interesting and useful by the readers of The Sun. Here is one of them:

The Jungle Books.
All of Jonathan Horatio Ewing's stories.
Tab and His Friends.
A Child's Garden of Verses, Stevenson.
A Dog of Flanders.
Lives of the Queens of England, Agnes Strickland.
David Copperfield.
Parables from Nature, Mrs. Gatty.
Water Babies.
Greek Heroes.
The Wonder Book.
Charlotte Yonge's Stories.
The Scottish Chiefs.
This is a good list and does well to start off with some of Kipling's work.
Here is another list, which is said to have the endorsement of Kipling himself:
Scott's Platte (to be read aloud).
Heroes of Ragnar (Norse mythology).
All of Mrs. Juliana Horatio Ewing's books.
Six to Sixteen. A Platoon for a Farthing.
The Story of a Short Life, Duddy Darwin's Doves etc.

All Louisa M. Alcott's books.
Water Babies.
The Gypsy Breynon Series.
What Katy Did; What Katy Did at School.
The Silver Skates by Mrs. Mary Mansel Dodge.
Granny's Tales.
The Christian Andersen's Tales.
Black Beauty.
Faith on the Plow.
Roman, d'un Jeune Homme Pauvre.

There is good reading matter in the above and many adults will recognize several favorites of their youth.
Up to this point, strange to say, neither Robinson Crusoe nor Swiss Family Robinson has appeared, and yet we cannot think these books either passe or disapproved of. But now welcome to a correspondent who gives the names of the books which were household words in his boyhood and an excellent list it is on the whole:
Robinson Crusoe.
Swiss Family Robinson.
Gulliver's Travels.
Arabian Nights.
The Scottish Chiefs.
Evenings at Home.
Masterman Ready.
Robin Hood.
Satanstoe and Merton.
The Looking Glass (not Carroll's).
Theodora of Warsaw.
Merquith's Parents' Friend.
Edgeworth's Parents' Assistant.
And for excellence, the Billo Tales. Only two of the above have appeared in previous lists, while at least half of them might well have done so. How sad the fate of a youth who does not read Robinson Crusoe and the Arabian Nights!

SUPERIOR COURT.

Following is the short list for the session of the superior court at Lowell tomorrow, Judge Lilly on the bench:
2972—Leblanc, Jr. vs. McOsker.
2511—Martel vs. Boudette.
2601—Pollock vs. Stevenson et al.
2532—Mersel Ree vs. Keyes.
2620—Linahan vs. Keyes.
2488—Warren vs. Colbert.
2530—Quinn vs. Same.
2460—Same vs. Same.
2515—Murphy vs. Murphy.
2521—Kennedy vs. Mechanics' Savings Bank.

A SMOOKING SET.

Lowell Cattle, Knights of Columbus, sent on either smoking set to Private William Goetz, Co. C, Sixth Regiment, as a gift and token of the council's respect for their fellow in arms ready to fight for his country.

Everybody Cures So.

Caspar's Candy Cures, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, cures all and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, dissolving the uric acid and other elements, curing rheumatism, fever, habitual constipation and indigestion. Please buy and try a box of C. C. Candy, 12, 25, 50 cents. Sold everywhere and cured by all druggists.

**WIDOW
GAIL
CO.**
Sole and
Exclusive
Lowell
Agents for
the
Famous
"Widow
Gail"
Candy
Cures.

**SEVEN
SUTHERLAND
SISTERS'
SCALP CLEANER**
Is the only Dandruff Cure. For Shampooing it has no equal.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Pennyroyal Pills
Chickadee's English Diamond Brand.
Original and Only Genuine.
Pills for Women.
Cures all kinds of female ailments, such as irregular menstruation, white discharge, etc. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all such complaints. It is sold by all druggists and is the only one of its kind.

Weak Men Made Vigorous
What PEPPER'S NERVIGOR DOES.
It cures all kinds of nervous debility, such as loss of memory, loss of power, etc. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all such complaints. It is sold by all druggists and is the only one of its kind.

What PEPPER'S NERVIGOR DOES
It cures all kinds of nervous debility, such as loss of memory, loss of power, etc. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all such complaints. It is sold by all druggists and is the only one of its kind.

Merchants and Travelling Men
Having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at

Hotel Albert, New York.
COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
Rooms, \$1 Up. RESTAURANT.
Good food—good food—quiet, airy rooms. Half board served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

BREVOORT HOUSE
NEW YORK.
Home-like Hotel of European Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.

SHARON HOUSE
SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.
Largest and most complete bathing establishment in the United States. Pumping station on application. Open June 1, to Oct. 1.
B. P. SHARON & SON, Proprietors.

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Largest and most complete bathing establishment in the United States. Pumping station on application. Open June 1, to Oct. 1.
B. P. SHARON & SON, Proprietors.

AN ARRAY
Of Spring Footwear, gotten together for the special benefit of the people of Lowell, whose good will we endeavor to deserve by gathering for their selection "Shoes" of the very latest styles and through workmanship, insuring service and comfort to the wearer. Ladies' hand-sewed shoes, in button or lace, tan and black, high, English boots, \$3.50 a pair. Men's Vesting Top Lace Shoes, in tan and black, \$1.50 and \$2 a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

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215 DUTTON STREET.

Another Prize Captured
J. DRAIN, 111 Corham Street

Has captured about a carload of the Greatest Bargains in Millinery ever seen in Lowell.

Hundreds of fine trimmed Hats at about 1-4 regular price. Thousands of untrimmed shapes in all the newest styles and colors to suit everybody at less than one half what other dealers ask. Children's and Misses' Hats in all colors, all styles, from 25c. upwards.

Today we open about 100 doz. Misses' and Children's Untrimmed Shapes, good value at 50 and 75c. Our price 25c. for choice.

Today we open one of the grandest displays of Ladies' Fine Sailors, all the new styles direct from the manufacturer. This line is worth walking a long distance to see. They are elegant cheap Sailors for 25c. and 50c. Today we place on sale the grandest value in Trimmed Sailors, fast color, worth \$1.25 to \$1.50, for this sale 69c.

Flowers, Feathers and Ribbons marked down one-half. These great mark-downs we are obliged to make as we are more than overstocked.

Our new line of Children's White Dresses from 25c. to \$2 are great values.

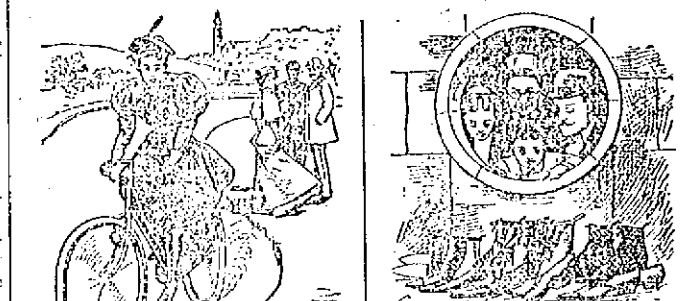
New Maslin Bonnets, all prices. Our 25c. 38c. and 50c. Bonnets are elegant for the price and cannot be equalled in Lowell.

See our line of Shirt Waists from 25c. to \$2. They please everybody. Special sale Ladies' Wrappers this week. Ladies' extra size Waists and Wrappers always in stock.

JOHN DRAIN, 111 CORHAM STREET.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

An Up-to-Date Century Rider | A GLANCE AT OUR SHOES



Should have a pair of Bicycle Shoes. Ladies' 10-inch Bicycle Shoes, \$2.00. Ladies' 15-inch Bicycle Shoes, high cut, best quality, \$2.50. Men's Bicycle Shoes, black or russet, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Boys' Spring Heel Shoes, russet and black, sizes 9 to 13, only 75 cents. Ladies' Russet Boots, cloth top, \$1.00.

THOMAS P. BOULGER
115 Central Street

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DON'T STOP TO THINK
BUT RUSH TO THE
CENTRAL
CASH MARKET

Lower Prices on Beef.

Best Round, 2 lbs. 25c.
Best Top Round, 15c.
Best Round and Sirloin 18 to 22c.
Pork Hams, 50 ct.
2 doz. Fresh Eggs, 25c.
100 Fresh Eggs, \$1.00
3 lbs. Pork Steak, 25c.

The Bargain Makers in the Beef Business, cor.

CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

Toothache!

It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped forever. Wm. H. Goldspring can, by placing his finger upon any aching tooth, stop the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him.

He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.

177 Middlesex St., Room 1.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT

Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 8th. at No. 100 Middlesex street, Lowell. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing, Copying, and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

You Have Struck the Right Place
When You Have Found

Peter Watson's

CELEBRATED BAKERIES

For if you are looking for the best quality of bakery supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at

53 to 60 CHARLES ST.
and 485 LAVERGNE ST.

If you desire to have your goods by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker & Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 GORHAM STREET.
Choies Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

BUY YOUR

Men's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing

ON CREDIT.

At cash prices, of the popular CENTRAL SUPPLY CO., 117 Merrimack street, opp. Chris. Holmes' OVEN EVENINGS.

Eagle Clothing Co.

We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE, 190-192 Middlesex St.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock

And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ale. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Cheapest line of foreign and domestic Bottling and Glass.

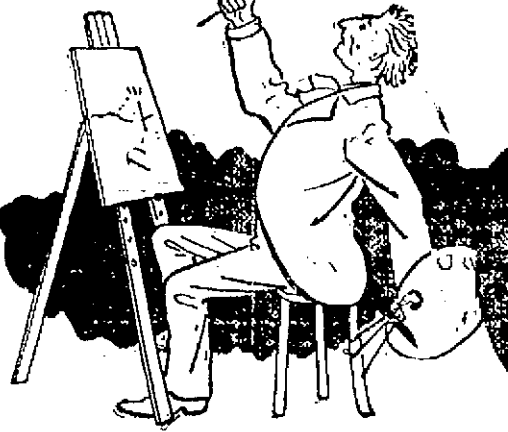
GEORGE W. ENRIGHTS

11 Middlesex Street.

Notice.

For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertram, the tailor, will make his \$22 Suits for \$15; his \$24 Suits for \$20; his \$30 Suits for \$24; his \$35 Suits for \$28; his \$40 Suits for \$32; his \$45 Suits for \$36; his \$50 Suits for \$40; his \$55 Suits for \$44; his \$60 Suits for \$48; his \$65 Suits for \$52; his \$70 Suits for \$56; his \$75 Suits for \$60; his \$80 Suits for \$64; his \$85 Suits for \$68; his \$90 Suits for \$72; his \$95 Suits for \$76; his \$100 Suits for \$80; his \$105 Suits for \$84; his \$110 Suits for \$88; his \$115 Suits for \$92; his \$120 Suits for \$96; his \$125 Suits for \$100; his \$130 Suits for \$104; his \$135 Suits for \$108; his \$140 Suits for \$112; his \$145 Suits for \$116; his \$150 Suits for \$120; his \$155 Suits for \$124; his \$160 Suits for \$128; his \$165 Suits for \$132; his \$170 Suits for \$136; his \$175 Suits for \$140; his \$180 Suits for \$144; his \$185 Suits for \$148; his \$190 Suits for \$152; his \$195 Suits for \$156; his \$200 Suits for \$160; his \$205 Suits for \$164; 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his \$780 Suits for \$624; his \$785 Suits for \$628; his \$790 Suits for \$632; his \$795 Suits for \$636; his \$800 Suits for \$640; his \$805 Suits for \$644; his \$810 Suits for \$648; his \$815 Suits for \$652; his \$820 Suits for \$656; his \$825 Suits for \$660; his \$830 Suits for \$664; his \$835 Suits for \$668; his \$840 Suits for \$672; his \$845 Suits for \$676; his \$850 Suits for \$680; his \$855 Suits for \$684; his \$860 Suits for \$688; his \$865 Suits for \$692; his \$870 Suits for \$696; his \$875 Suits for \$700; his \$880 Suits for \$704; his \$885 Suits for \$708; his \$890 Suits for \$712; his \$895 Suits for \$716; his \$900 Suits for \$720; his \$905 Suits for \$724; his \$910 Suits for \$728; his \$915 Suits for \$732; his \$920 Suits for \$736; his \$925 Suits for \$740; his \$930 Suits for \$744; his \$935 Suits for \$748; his \$940 Suits for \$752; his \$945 Suits for \$756; his \$950 Suits for \$760; his \$955 Suits for \$764; his \$960 Suits for \$768; his \$965 Suits for \$772; his \$970 Suits for \$776; his \$975 Suits for \$780; his \$980 Suits for \$784; his \$985 Suits for \$788; his \$990 Suits for \$792; his \$995 Suits for \$796; his \$1000 Suits for \$800; his \$1005 Suits for \$804; his \$1010 Suits for \$808; his \$1015 Suits for \$812; his \$1020 Suits for \$816; his \$1025 Suits for \$820; his \$1030 Suits for \$824; his \$1035 Suits for \$828; his \$1040 Suits for \$832; his \$

WHY DAUBER'S PICTURE WAS NOT HUNG IN THE EXHIBITION.



"Is it 'give and take'?" asked Com modore Dewey, as he chewed his half of the twin almond.
 "I suppose so," responded Castillia, half doubtingly.
 "Philippine, my dear," roared the Commodore; "I said it first." And he stowed the group of islands away in his atlas.

A THRILLING RESCUE.

In the Guarico county, at a village called Paraya, near the Morita trail, the writer saw an Indian named Joe Lobado whose face and head were deeply scarred and whose body was a network of similar scars from wounds

received through being carried away by a jaguar when an infant in arms. Of course he could not remember the occurrence, but his mother, who had rescued him, described it to me. She had gone to a mata, or wooded spot, on the pampas for firewood, carrying her child, after the fashion of Venezuelan women of humble station, in a shawl

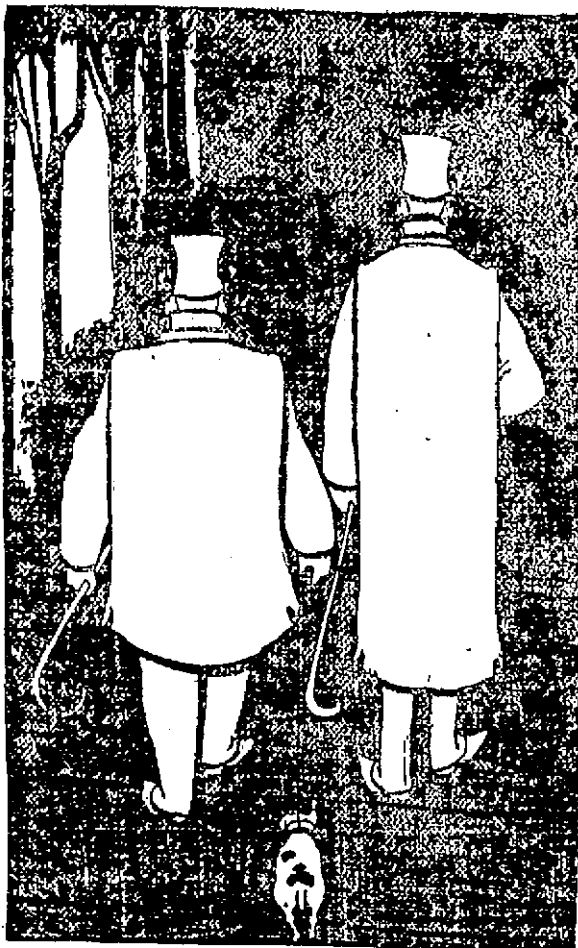
looped from her shoulder. This shawl with the small boy in it she slung to a low tree branch while she gathered her bundle of sticks, and she did not perceive the approach of a jaguar until he had seized the child and was carrying it away. The mother grasped her machete and ran after the jaguar, shrieking. She managed to keep the

beast in sight, but he was rapidly getting beyond her view when suddenly the jaguar stopped, put the child down and, bristling for fight, stood with his forepaws resting upon it. Then the mother saw that a puma was fronting the jaguar. She hurried on toward where the two beasts faced each other, growling and snarling. Before she got to them the puma sprang, and at once the two were fighting fiercely above the child. In the struggle the child was rolled to one side, but before the mother could get to it the jaguar broke away from the puma, and, springing to the boy again, crouched with his paws above him as before. The puma leaped again and the fight was

renewed, but again the jaguar got clear and jumped to guard his prey before the mother could get a chance to snatch her child. Once more the puma attacked his too, and this time as the beasts struggled and tore each other an accidental kick from one of them sent the boy twenty feet away, almost to the mother's feet. Catching him up, she ran

for home and got safe to the house. The boy, though covered with claw wounds from head to foot and bearing deep marks of the jaguar's teeth in the back, where the beast had seized him to carry him away, recovered completely from his injuries, although bearing the scars for his lifetime. The puma and the jaguar were found, both dead, at the place where they had fought.

SOMETHING UNUSUAL.



"How did you get on at the Police Court?"
 "Fine!"

GENERAL CONGRATULATIONS.



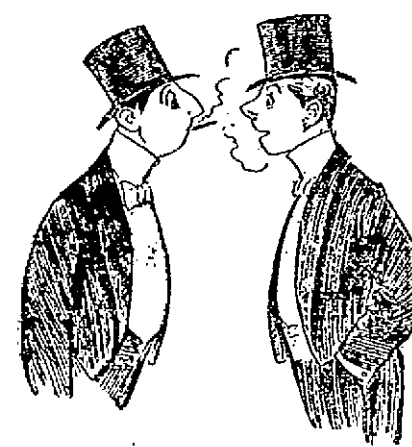
Miss Old Dear—Who do you think proposed to me last night?
 Miss New Bud—I haven't the slightest idea, but I congratulate you, just the same.

SQUIRMING OUT OF IT FEEBLY.



Pat Rafferty—Yis, yere Rivirince; 'twas Rory O'Sullivan that gave me this clip for kissin' him!
 Father O'Toole—You're lying, Pat; it was for kissin' his wife.
 Pat Rafferty—Ah, well, shure! Didn't yer Rivirince yerself say they were one?

AND SO HE KEPT AWAY.



Gus—By the way, have you seen Julius Caesar at Her Majes's?
 Algy—Not. Fact is, I can't hear the name of the Johnnie. I know it appears somewhere in history, and I never could stand history, don't you know. And then I had a dog named Julius Caesar, and the poor beggar died, so I know I shouldn't care a hang about the show!

ERRAND BOYS IN LONDON MUCH LIKE THOSE HERE.



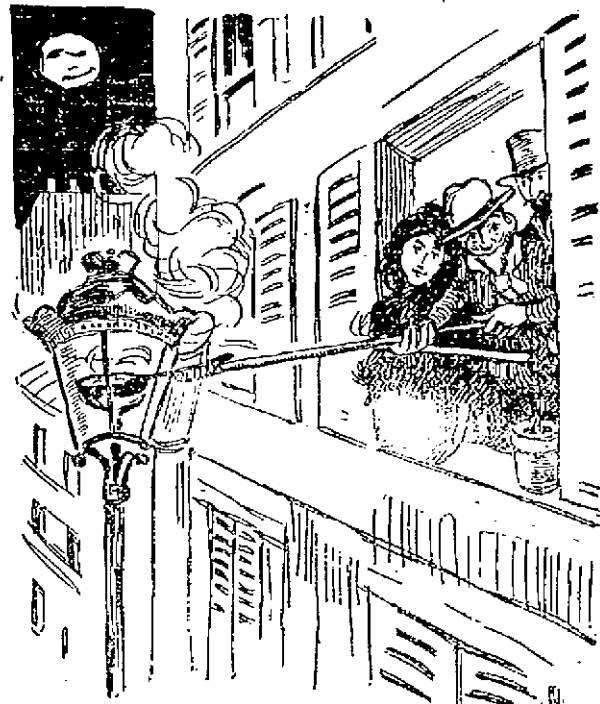
First Boy—Where are yer goin' to, Bill?
 Second Boy—I've got to go right over 'Amersmith Bridge to Barnes, then I've got to go to Putney and back by Fulham Road, then to 'Igt street, Kensington.
 First Boy—Why, I've got to go to 'Igt street. You go on. I'm in a bit of a hurry, but I'll wait for yer!

READY FOR ANY KIND OF AN ALLIANCE.



She—I shall never marry again, but I think I shall adopt some orphan instead.
 The Rejected—Dear lady, how fortunate. I am an orphan.

HOUSEHOLD ECONOMY.



How absurd not to have thought of this before. Just think how much gas cooking saves in coal!

CARRYING COURTESY TOO FAR.



Disgustingly Polite Employee (as his employer scorchs over him)—You honor me, my dear sir.

CHIT-CHAT.

Considerable as are the powers of the Queen, they are not unlimited. There are some very curious restrictions of the royal prerogative. The Queen cannot, for instance, communicate with her subjects as can the most menial of her servants; nor can she receive presents from her people save through the agency of state or friends personally known to her majesty.

The Queen could sell or give away the royal navy or declare war with Russia; but she could not spend a single farthing of public money without the consent of Parliament. The Queen has no power over taxation, and could not create any new office with fees attached to it. Neither could she annex new fiefs to old offices. She could not increase the wages of one of her footmen, unless she did it out of her private funds or without exceeding the allowance made to her by Parliament.

A curious curtailment of the royal prerogative is effected by an act of Parliament passed in the reign of George III. This act deals with Sabbath breaking, and in it it is distinctly stated that the monarch cannot pardon offenders who have been convicted of a certain form of Sabbath breaking. Yet her majesty could pardon 99 per cent. of all the prisoners in the land.

Though no act of Parliament is complete until it has been signed by the Queen, her majesty is subject to the laws that she signs, and cannot issue a proclamation contrary to law.

Though the Queen could recall any subject from abroad, she cannot compel a subject to leave this country. This disability does not cease to operate even in time of war, and, though at such a time the Queen could call upon every able man to take up arms, she could not force a single civilian to leave the country, even to carry on a necessary war.

Though her decision is absolute after a prisoner has been sentenced, she could not interfere with the course of justice before the sentence has been passed, nor could she exert any influence over the judges. Neither could she interfere in a case of private as opposed to public wrong.

The Queen is the only person who cannot arrest a suspected felon. No action can be taken against her for breaking the law, and therefore she is precluded from making an arrest, as, supposing the suspected prisoner were

GIVING SISTER A PART.
 From Pick-Me-Up.



"It is selfish of you, Johnny, to play it ships, when I have not got one."
 "You can play, too; you can be the storm, and blow."

innocent, no action for false imprisonment could be taken against her majesty. The law, indeed, assumes that the Queen can do no wrong, which seems about as absurd as the legal assumption that the Queen cannot be under age, and cannot die.

The Queen cannot exclude a member from Parliament after he has been duly elected, nor can she delegate the duty of signing laws to any one.

The Queen's power of disposing of territory in time of peace has been disputed. In time of war her majesty could hand over London to France to bring the war to an end, but it seems clear that in time of peace her majesty cannot subject any part of the empire to the sway of a foreign power.—London Tit-Bits.

At first thought, it doesn't seem like so much of a luxury to have one's leg cut off with a buzz-saw, does it? Yet science, in the interest of suffering humanity, is adopting the cross-cut or circular saw to the uses of surgery, and so evident are its benefits that the wonder is the innovation was not thought of long ago.

The principle of the saw is much the same as that of the familiar electric excavating tool used by dentist, and the advantages of its use are quite as apparent.

The surgical saw is mounted on a flexible shaft like that of the dentist's machine, but of course more powerful. A handle enables the operator to direct its course, and by the use of an offset it can be made to saw parallel with the shaft. It is noiseless in every part, except when in use.

The method of operation with the power saw will presumably be somewhat as follows: The patient is laid upon the operating table, etherized and covered with a white cloth, except the part to be operated upon. The saw, which has been treated aseptically to avoid the slightest danger of blood poisoning, stands with its electric motor at the foot of the table. The limb is tightly ligatured, and the saw—zzt!—it is all over.

By the old method a tiny hand-saw was used. Inevitably as it was drawn and pushed back and forth it distorted the position of the limb operated upon and lacerated the flesh more or less.

The power saw will operate quickly and without disturbing the position of the patient. Besides, it is claimed that the heat generated will scar the bone tissue and hasten the process of healing by the important factor of vacuolar change following the operation by the old method.

Flowers for the Dead.

How America Remembers Its Dead Heroes.

THE CUSTOMS OF EUROPE

Only a Few Nations Follow the Example Set By The Grand Army of the Republic.

"The muffled drum's sad roll has beat
The soldier's last tattoo;
No more on life's parade shall meet
That brave and fallen few."

On Fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,
But stony guards with solemn sound
The bivouac of the dead."
—O'Hara.

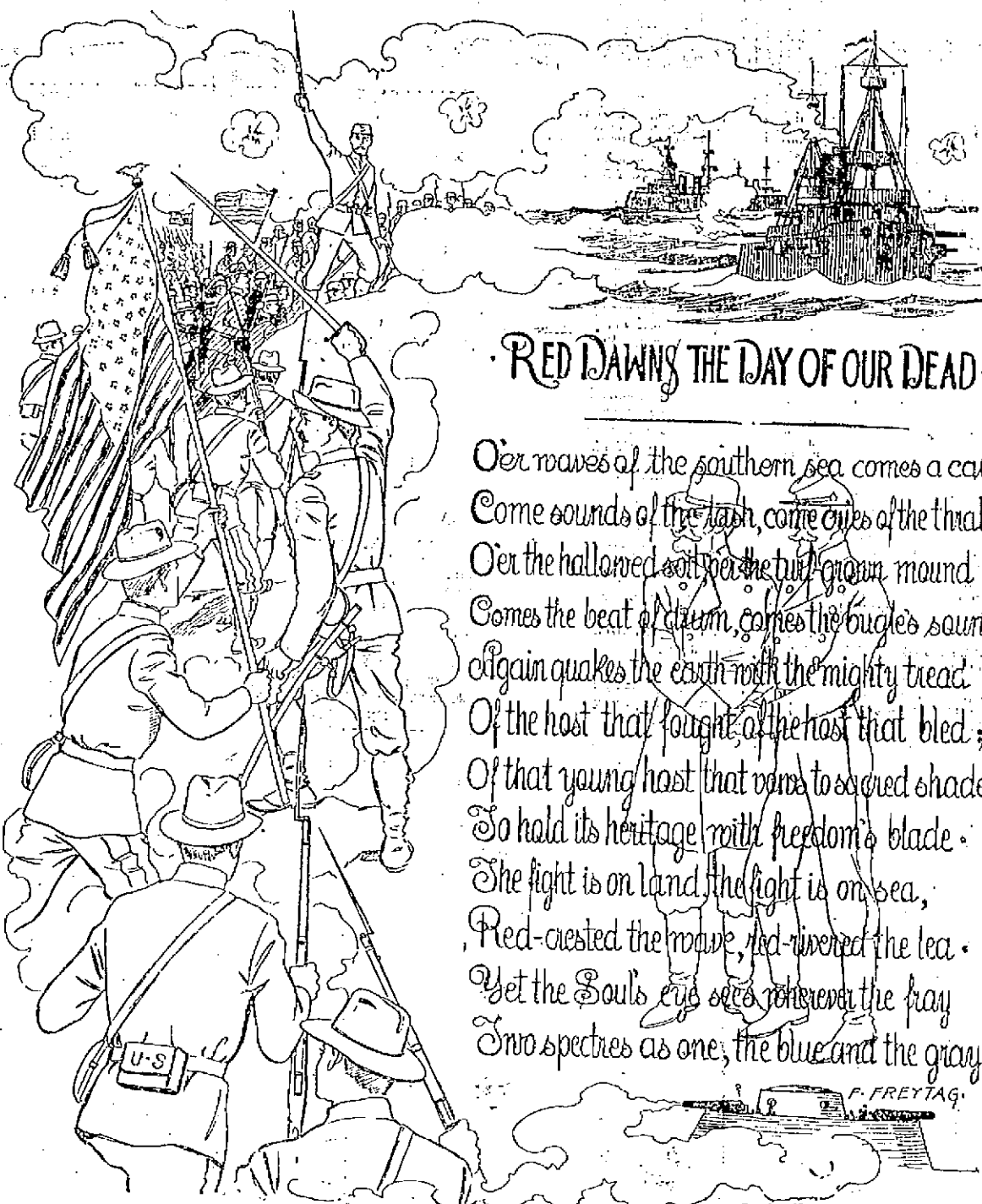
Previous to our establishment of a national holiday by the Grand Army of the Republic, the idea of thus paying respects to the common soldier had never occurred to any of the philosophers, priests, or preceptors of the ancient world. No other nation but ours and our sister republic of Mexico, strews the graves of its departed soldiers with sweet flowers and thus embalms the principles for which they gave their lives. The Catholic church has from early times instituted upon its adherents the necessity of praying for the souls of departed dead, but this was a purely religious rite and was national in no sense.

In France, Austria, Italy and other Catholic countries services are still held in churches, bon fires are kindled on hills to be seen and understood by the people of the surrounding valleys; and sometimes a crier goes around shouting in sepulchral tones "The fleur Such-A-One is coming; ye who live, pray for his peace remembering!" The party thus recalled will, in the next party he found some Prince or church celebrity, or some rich benefactor, who left behind in wills or bequests some tangible reason why his name should be spoken of amongst living men, and which the order so benefitted has only earned its money by faithfully observing.

Thus in France there is usually a liberal display of flowers around the Column Vendôme and the Hotel des Invalides in honor of Napoleon, at the Picpus Cemetery in honor of Lafayette, in the latter case chiefly by Americans. In England on every anniversary of Prince Albert's death, the Queen plausibly repairs to Frogmore to perform a similar honor at the tomb of her late husband. The memory of Waterloo is preserved in England through the curious custom of the Duke of Wellington's successor traveling to Windsor to present three French flags to her majesty. And in a similar spirit and as a sort of Tory rite the grave of Lord Beaconsfield and the various monuments erected to his memory are decorated with the primrose on each April 21. But neither in France or in England has there been any encouragement given to this wholesome practice in any national sense, to the soldiers who fell at Waterloo or even in the charge of the light brigade at Balaklava. Those nations seem to exhaust themselves in the cases of illustrious persons and take every possible means of forgetting their common dead. There is also some ground for believing that it is since the American idea has taken hold that the plan of perpetuating great deeds even in the case of such a man as Beaconsfield has been observed; for the tombs of such heroes as Marlborough, Collingwood and Drake are utterly neglected in the Westminster Abbey. Sir John Moore, too, who fell at Corunna is also left to "sleep on in the grave where Britons have laid him," and the chances are that were there not a political motive behind the anniversary of Primrose Day, and had the Tory party not been quickened by the patriotic action of resident Americans, there would be no Beaconsfield Day, just as there is no day for Marlborough or Nelson.

The intensity of religious or patriotic feeling has a considerable effect upon these anniversaries. The leaders of the Commune on May 25 have their graves decorated with bunches of violets or immortelles; and in Glasnevin Cemetery, the grave of Parnell is similarly marked by great

★ To Heroes Living And To Heroes Dead. ★



RED DAWN THE DAY OF OUR DEAD.

O'er waves of the southern sea comes a call
Come sounds of the lash, come cries of the thrall.
O'er the hallowed soil of the buried ground
Comes the beat of a drum, comes the bugles sound.
Of gain quakes the earth with the mighty tread
Of the host that fought, of the host that bled;
Of that young host that rose to sacred shade
To hold its heritage with freedom's blade.
The fight is on land, the fight is on sea,
Red-crested the wave, red-rivered the lea.
Yet the Soul's eye sees wherever the fray
Two spectries as one, the blue and the gray.

F. FREYTAG.

crowds of processionists who usually avail themselves of the occasion to make a demonstration against the government as well as a pilgrimage to the tomb of the great parliamentarian.

Usually decorations about the tomb of creating new orders, not to perpetuate the memory of the dead, who are left to whatever "storied urn or animated bust" may recall of them, also undistinguished and selfish living. These decorations recall the music remark of Lord Palmerston: "What I like about the garter is that it does not take any particular merit to get it."

Decoration day in Europe is making headway, principally through the influence of the large number of wealthy Americans who now reside in most European cities. Though many of these have ceased to be Americans in spirit, and have in many cases succumbed to their environment, the members of the respective colonies celebrate such battles as those of Gettysburg and of Appomattox by banquets and other social festivities and favorable in creating an atmosphere day. Vers there no colony of wealthy Americans in Paris for example, the grave of Lafayette would have been forgotten long since by his own countrymen. The representatives of both nations meet in common reverence over the grave of Lafayette, and in the evening usually celebrate by a dinner where toasts are given and responded to, and where eloquence and wit find apt deliverance. In the same way in

England the American Decoration Day is crowding out of remembrance that of November 2, which has from time immemorial been fixed by the church as the day devoted to the departed dead. It is a season of gloomy weariness and of biting cold when people find it hard to be out of doors; much more so to visit those lonely and darkened streets of necropolis, which are the very opposite in respect of site and cheerful surroundings to American cemeteries, and which one can afford to visit without carrying around with him an awful foreboding of the hereafter.

The countries outside of the United States, however, where the American ideas of Decoration day have made most progress are naturally Mexico and Canada. Since Diaz has practically become the Dictator of Mexico, May 24 is as regularly celebrated in the City of Mexico as is May 30 in Chicago or New York. The Mexican celebration is even more elaborate in some respects than ours and favorably these American soldiers who fell in 1847 are always included in the ceremonies. The Mexicans extend the celebration usually over three days and besides costly floral tributes, a government military band accompanies the processionists, which pours forth strains of delicious music. With the dawn of Decoration day a steady stream of people pour to the cemeteries from daylight to dusk. Flowers are so marvelously cheap the graves present the appearance of being one vast field bed of variegated colors and as with us the day is a national holiday and a gen-

eral light-heartedness pervades all the people, and which in more sombre Europe would be regarded as sadly keeping with the solemnities of the occasion. Canada until within the last few years rigorously followed the example of England; but lately Decoration day is observed there much as it is here, though the Canadians are some what less pronounced than the Mexicans in following the American precedent, and still hardly appreciate the fact that the happy thought of annually decorating the graves of fallen soldiers is purely of American origin.

—M. C. MELLISH.

ANCIENT EMBLEMS.

The emblem of the Egyptians consisted of the figure of an animal at the end of a spear. Each of the twelve tribes of Israel had an emblem of its own. The subjects of Semiramis in compliment to their queen, whose name meant a dove, adopted that bird. In like manner the Athenians chose an owl out of respect to Athena. The Corinthians had their winged horse in memory of Pegasus. The Carthaginians had a horse's head to commemorate their emergence from the sea and their indebtedness to Neptune's steeds. The Romans also adopted the eagle to indicate the sublime ambition of the created Roman in his hour of pride. It meant to rule the world and took the eagle because the bird had always been associated with Jupiter, who is represented sitting in a curule chair

accompanied by an eagle, which in some pictures looks into Jupiter's face as he prepares to hurl a thunderbolt, and in others opens its wings to shelter and to defend. All the pride of Roman power was concentrated in the eagle whose eye bespoke that stern sense of majesty, and its beak and wings a power which no other bird can equal. Homer speaks of Jupiter as he "who mortals and immortals rules alone," and everywhere the sculptured master of mythological represented "the father of Gods and man," accompanied by "the majestic monarch of the clouds" as his solitary living companion.

The Women of Sardinia.

The women of Sardinia are described by a visitor to that island as being of elegant figure and graceful carriage, with large black eyes, dark hair and brunette complexion. They dress in very much the same style as women in other parts of civilized Europe, except that there is not the same extreme taste to adopt the latest fashion. The wives and daughters of the farmers and tradesmen, by the gorgeousness of their costumes, amply compensate for the simplicity of dress among the upper classes; and at their religious fetes and other festivals, when they appear in gala dress, they present a wonderful spectacle. "These costumes are a sort of family heirloom, handed down from mother to daughter and treasured as highly as hereditary jewels or ancestral portraits. The fashion never changes, and instead of feeling ashamed of being seen in the same dress at two different entertainments, they glory in its antiquity and in the number of occasions on which it has been worn. The costume of the women varies greatly in different parts of Sardinia. In some districts, a small black jacket, open in front, is worn over a heavy short bodice of bright colored silk and brocade, which is loosely laced before and cut rather low; there are apparently no corsets. The petticoat is of light brown cloth, very full, and between it and the bodice is a sort of neutral ground of protruding garment, which by no means adds to the general beauty of the toilet.

Where Good People Go.

The Sunday-school teacher had reached a point in the lesson where she was dwelling upon the future reward of those who behaved properly here, when the audacious small boy, who frequents most Sunday-schools, spoke up and asked if all good people went to Heaven.

"Certainly," replied the teacher. "Well, has my grandmother gone to Heaven?" persisted the youngster. "Surely she has, my boy, if she was a good woman."

"No, she hasn't," declared the fun-loving youngster, "there she is over there!" The teacher turned to other phases of the lesson.

Hicks—Let's see. Who was the best man your wedding?

Wicks—I was.—Somerville Journal.

The Story of America's Eagle

How the Bird of Freedom Was Taught Its Modern Lesson.

(By Thomas Burke Grant.)

There are few subjects more directly and immediately associated with all the soulful qualities of man than that of national emblems. Around them clusters every patriotic inspiration, and the moment that the emblem of one's country is honored or dishonored there arises within us a sensation either of rejoicing or of sorrow. It is a sensation which proceeds from the very soul, and is unaffected by time or distance or by former relations or animosity. We cannot tell how it is that a simple design or a piece of burning produces the feeling which sometimes overcomes the tenderest passions of humanity, and under the influence of which men tear themselves from wives and children and homes, and make common cause to ally themselves in its defense, sometimes even with races whom they hate. Their national emblem is the one thing that draws them together, and though it is a silent and no flash of mind or power of tongue has such charm of eloquence. It fires the blood and urges men to go forward and to sacrifice even life itself. Love of country in the one supreme and ruling passion in the heart of man and in its presence all other ties, friends, religion, and home are subordinated whenever a preference has to be made. It was so from the beginning, and modern nations differ but in respect to their devotion to emblem to those of antiquity.

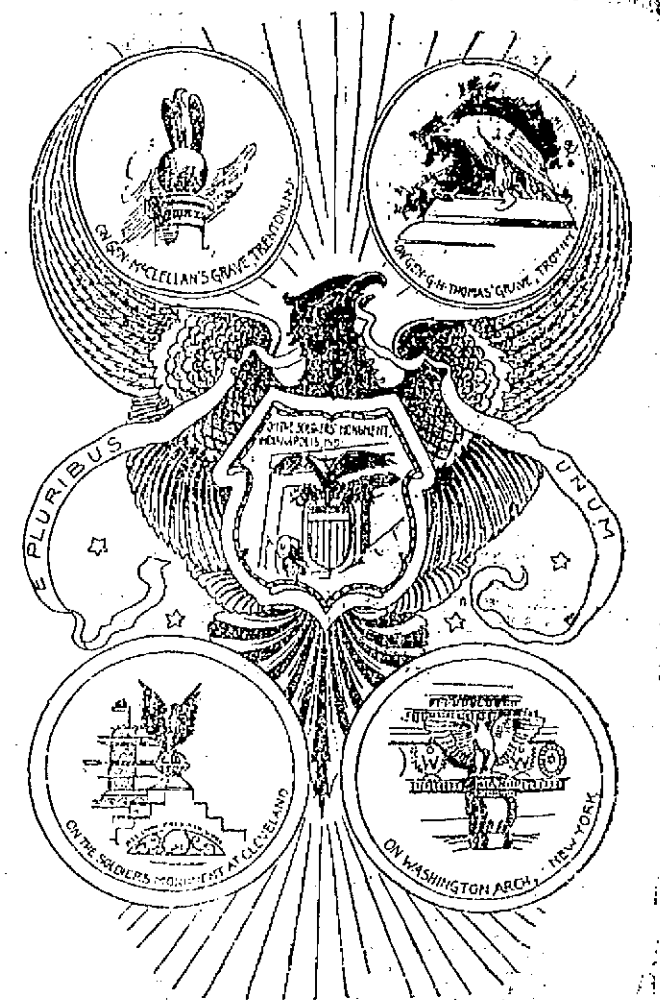
Nothing living is below the eagle in his natural habitat and no alone of all birds can gaze with undimmed eye upon the face of the sun itself. Perchance in his address to the eagle thus salutes it:

Bird of the broad and sweeping wing,
Thy home is high in heaven
Where wide the storms their banners fling
And the tempest clouds are riven.

The nations which after the Romans adopted the eagle were the Franks under Clovis and Dagobert; but to

a serpent and a lion for their symbols; the Goths a lion, rooster and bear; the Danes, three lions and a crow; the Burgundians a cat and the Saxons a white horse. When the German Emperor was reformed after Sedan, the King of Prussia availed himself of the circumstance that from the time of Charlemagne, all the elected Emperors of Germany used the eagle as the insignia of Supreme power, till in consequence the Imperial dignity having remained for so many generations in the Hapsburg family, it became the custom of that house. When William I reasserted so much of the ancient tradition of Charlemagne as was embraced in Central Europe leaving behind the she-wolf that suckled Romulus, Germany has therefore her black eagles. As a symbol of Imperial dignity the eagle is also found on the throne of Bavaria.

But it is in the United States alone that the eagle is an emblem of popular freedom. It was never in so far as the eagle is symbolical with us, and with us therefore the bird has had a newer and nobler significance than it ever acquired in all the previous history of Europe. We have adopted the eagle in the new world in common with many things that seemed good in Europe. And having adopted him, we have enriched and dignified the bird, which in the polity of all former nations stood solely for power and suffering, for war and conquest. In this character the eagle had no more symbolic value than the cat of the Burgundians, the leopard of Persia, the lion of Britain or the dragon of China. But as a symbol of the spirit of freedom, rising over the grass and mosses of courts and crowns and of middled constitutions, as an evidence of our escape from the fables and fantasies of titled families, and of ascent above the clouds of red tape that claim and hamper the progress of Europe, and according to the inaccessible flights of the man-soul to a diviner freedom than the world



THE AMERICAN EAGLE IN EFFIGY.

Charlemagne the distinction belongs of having adopted the eagle as a symbol of Imperial power and of the self-contained and awakened life of a people.

He also used a she-wolf and was the first also to use the oriflamme. But the spirit of Christianity which was strong at Charlemagne's court somewhat discouraged the eagle as an emblem. It substituted something more over possible that was less soul-stirring and more emblematic of submission, such as flowers, crosses and saints. These devices, however, began to disappear again with the age of heraldry. It was after Charlemagne, and probably in consequence of the desire to discourage the independence for which he stood, that the eagle became the emblem of human freedom as well as of Imperial power. In metaphor the eagle is now the first emblem of freedom to every people:

"Where its shadow steals black o'er
The Empires of Kings
"Deep terror, deep heart-shaking ter-
"Where wicked oppression is armed
For the weak
"There rustles its pinion, there echoes
Its shriek
"For an emblem of freedom, stern,
haughty and high
"Is the gray forest eagle, the King of
the sky."

Most of the nations that Charlemagne ruled have since his time also adopted the eagle as a national emblem. Austria, Germany and Russia have each selected this bird. But in Charlemagne's day the Germans used

has yet attained, the American eagle is the noblest and most appropriate token yet adopted by civilized mankind.

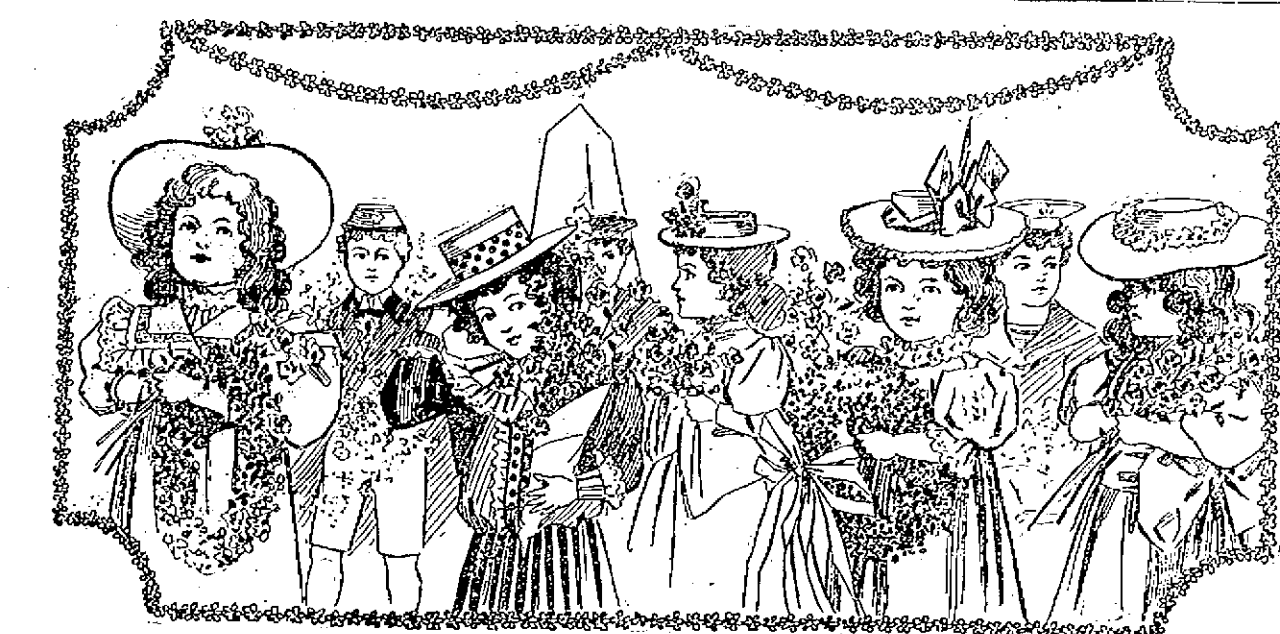
The actual introduction of the American eagle into our republics heraldry dates back to 1782. William Barton, of Philadelphia, and Charles Thomson, the Secretary of Congress, are the authors of the shield design, with the eagle bearing the olive branch and the scroll with the words "E Pluribus Unum."

Some years ago the heralds of Europe took affront at the familiar use of the eagle on the flagstaffs, and in other devices of this country. These sages felt that the United States had no hereditary right to the bird as a national emblem. In the same sense, for example, as Germany, France and Austria have. But though the revolutionary fathers used it not long years of undisputed possession have given to us a prescriptive right to the eagle which may be said to have taken flight from Europe with the march of Empire westward in accordance with the well known tendency and instincts of the bird to seek the loftiest heights and the boldest and most conspicuous sites. It could not survive in swamps and in gloom, and loving light and air and freedom, of course, came to dwell with us where its plumage acquired a grander gray, and where it has received a warm and generous welcome. The proud bird of freedom is now ours and looking back upon benighted Europe.

"When the roused nation bids our armies form
"The bald eagle screams through the gathering storm."

The branded individual has served a sufficiently long term of probation, he is uncollared and endowed with the liberty of drunks.—Tit-Bits.

In Japan coins are generally of iron, and in Siam they are chiefly of porcelain.



A SCENE ON DECORATION DAY.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Since many kinds of medicine began to be put into tablet form, it is much easier to fall into the habit of giving yourself continuous treatment. The soda mint habit is the most common

of all. You will find men nowadays who buy their tablets in quantities, and crave them as the cigarette smoker craves a smoke. The strong peppermint tablet is also in great demand. Then there are cloves and sharp stinging "breath sweeteners"—all intended to calm a disordered stomach or have

a biting and warming effect. A druggist told of one customer who maintained that he would die of dyspepsia were it not for the constant use of peppermint chewing gum. Others will have nothing but the spruce gum and the old-fashioned "rubber" gum. Men and women who would not take

an alcoholic stimulant under any circumstances keep their small pockets stuffed with roots and herbs. The calamus root or the "sweet flag" is the favorite nibble with the herb yellers, although the jovage root is more stimulating.

There is a gentian habit and a gin-

seng habit. It often happens that some straining root or herb is used as a substitute for tobacco, with the result that the tobacco habit is cured but is succeeded by a craving for the cure.

—Chicago Record.

It is said that in Manitoba when a

man has been twice or thrice convicted of drunkenness in the police courts, he is sentenced to wear a brass collar, which marks him out among his fellows as a person to whom no publican can with impunity serve liquor. The drastic measure often proves a cure. On the authorities being satisfied that

the branded individual has served a

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, TUESDAY, MAY 31.
Sun rises—4:10; sets, 7:13.
Moon sets—1:05 a. m.
High water—6:45 a. m.; 7 p. m.

The present indications point to generally fair, though unsettled weather in New England Tuesday, and probably Wednesday, without great change in temperature; variable winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROCKING CHAIRS WITH TFA.

We have received a big lot of Rocking Chairs. One with a pound of Tea while they last. Dickson Bros., the Big Tea Dealers, 55 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines. Also on the Liverpool and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada, the Pacific, and the Atlantic. Murphy's Steamship Agency, 46 Applegate street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.
T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.
Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 423-1.
BURN WILSON'S COAL.
Martin Flaherty of Lowell and Billy O'Donnell will meet at Buffalo June 5, in a boxing match.

This is a time of trial. Roark & Sullivan's coal will stand the test. Telephone, 584 Gorham street.

Arthur W. Stone, Esq., class of '90, Lowell High school, now of Dexter Me., is visiting friends in this city.

A barrelful of necessities were sent to Camp Alger by the members of the Kirk street church for the Lowell boys.

Dr. J. C. Irish left Lowell last Saturday morning for a trip to Dakota, New Mexico and Colorado. He will be absent until July 1.

A BAND OF MUSIC COULD PLAY IN THE ICE CHIEF.

The largest ice chest in the city is now at the Crystal, 40 Worthen street. City Hall. It will hold 50 barrels of ice and 49 barrels of the best lager and 20 tons of ice. You will not have to go to the sea-shore to get coal off this summer.

FLAG RAISING.

Gumb Brothers raised a flag on Anderson street Saturday.

The employees of the Dobbins steam boiler works raised a large flag over the factory Saturday. Informal exercises were held and remarks were made by Messrs. Dobbins, Smith, McDougall and several others.

LIEUT. MCNULTY

RECEIVED A SWORD TODAY FROM FRIENDS.

A delegation from the Knights of Columbus took the 11:25 train for Camp Dewey this morning. While in camp, they will be the guests of Lieut. Philip McNulty, who incidentally will receive a beautiful sword. Lieut. McNulty is one of the most popular men in Company M.

CANOE MEET.

RACES ARE BOOKED FOR TODAY.
About 25 members of the Eastern division of the American canoe association opened the annual spring meet at Tyng's Island, by invitation of the Yacht-Club Saturday afternoon.

The camp was pitched in a beautiful grove of pines at the southeast end of the island, overlooking the Merrimack river, boats for canoeing being put out at the junction of the main river and Tyng's Island creek.

The men remained in camp Saturday night and yesterday quietly, and have some canoe races in the bay below the island this afternoon.

The mess is furnished at the Yepper Country club's house.

Following are among Saturday's arrivals: Percy F. Hodgson, Brooklyn; J. B. May, W. V. Osgood, G. H. Heckle, J. W. Brown, Gerard Hall, Boston; G. R. Adams, W. V. Fernald, Vice Commodore, L. S. Drake, J. A. Hull, C. P. Dodge, Newton; W. V. Crosby, Henry V. Dinkel, E. T. Brigham, F. L. Dow, Woburn; R. U. Cutler, Winchester; W. E. Stacey, West Newton; A. W. Adams, Newtonville; W. G. Hameroff, Auburndale.

THE RELIEF FUND.

ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO HELP THE SOLDIERS.

The Relief Fund grows apace and is now nearly at the \$2000 mark. Many of the families of the soldiers have been relieved by it already. The latest contributions are as follows:

A. Friend	2.00
E. C. Crockett	1.00
Dr. C. H. Leland	2.00
A. A. Cunningham	1.00
F. R. Jandrew	50
Dr. J. V. Meigs	5.00
Dr. W. H. Johnson	1.00
A. Friend	1.00
A. C. Gerry	1.00
J. A. Tilton	1.00
T. B. Smith	2.00
J. M. Kilgore	5.00
Dr. Hugh Walker	1.00
L. O. P. Co.	10.00
Dr. H. M. Hunter	2.00
Dr. T. G. McGannon	2.00
Dr. J. V. Peppin	2.00
Henry T. Mangan	1.00
M. G. Perkins	5.00
W. A. Shipley	1.00
Friend	50
Barnes	5.00
Dennis W. Wholey	5.00
C. W. Miller	1.00
Dr. C. B. Sanders	1.00
Friend	1.00
H. L. Tibbels	25.00
Josiah Gates & Sons	25.00
George A. Marden	25.00
F. W. Slickner	5.00
G. F. Offit & Co.	5.00
Friends of whist game	2.00
L. W. W.	1.00

Union services will be held in the Congregational church in Bilkens Centre Sunday afternoon, and the auditorium of the church was crowded.

The pastor, Rev. A. D. W. Hardy, delivered a patriotic sermon. A number of his congregation were Grand Army veterans. The following clergy were present at the services: Rev. S. Knowles of the First Baptist church, North Billerica; Rev. M. O. Simonds, pastor of the Unitarian church, Billerica; and Rev. Thomas Evans of the Baptist church, Billerica.

Over thirty boys from the Mitchell school in Billerica were present in their cadet uniform. The church was decorated with the national colors.

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MORE OF THE ALLIANCE

Preliminaries of the Compact Said to Have Been Arranged.

A Questionable Story Comes From London—Features of the Proposed Treaty.

London, May 30.—The Washington correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, telegraphing Sunday, says: "I have just learned from a high authority in the State department that important preliminary steps toward an Anglo-American alliance have already been taken. How far these negotiations, if they can yet be called that, for naturally strict secrecy is maintained, but my information is that the preliminary suggestions have been made, and that the subject of such an alliance is practically before the two governments in some shape."

"The recent visits paid by Sir Julian Pauncefote to the State department have not, it seems, had reference altogether to the Canadian negotiations. According to my authority the features of the proposed alliance now being considered are these: Great Britain is to recognize the Monroe doctrine, to attempt no increase of her territorial possessions in the western hemisphere and to endorse the American construction of that doctrine. The United States is to build the Nicaragua canal; Great Britain is

to have the use of it in time of war. The United States is to have all the territory taken from Spain in the present war, and Great Britain is to protect the United States in the possession, if this should be threatened. The United States is to stand by Great Britain in her policy in China and the east, and all the British ports in the east are to be opened to the United States under the most favored nation clause.

"The main features of an arbitration treaty are to be incorporated. It has been provided that all matters in dispute, not involving the Monroe doctrine or the Nicaragua canal, are to be submitted to a non-partisan commission. The resulting understanding between the two governments on the great issues is to be abrogated, and the United States is to be given the use of the Welland canal in case of war.

"The alliance is to be offensive and defensive. It proceeds on the lines such as the foregoing. As a matter of course all that has been done so far is purely tentative, but my informant gives the above as the general outline suggested."

LEAPED TO DEATH SERMON TO VETS

The End of a Telegraph Operator.
Smith T. Ford.

TWO GLOUCESTER MEN SAVED FROM DEATH.
REV. MESSRS. WILSON AND MILLINGTON ALSO PREACH

City of Worcester Ran on a Reef.
To C. A. R. Contingents—Other Memorial Services.

Boston, May 30.—Ward has been received of the probable suicide in New York of Frank Chapman, a well-known telegraph operator of this city. Mr. Chapman was in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph company and was formerly vice president of the local office of the Postal company. He went to New York to take an examination for a position in the signal corps of the United States army. His mother lives in Medford.

He was seen to leap upon the guard rail of a ferry and then into the water. The boat was stopped and backed slowly, but without the man being seen again. On the afternoon of the 29th, two letters. One was addressed to "Mrs. M. F. Chapman, 6 Newbourne avenue, Medford, Mass.," and signed "Frank." The other letter, which was signed "Chap," was addressed to "T. C. Devine, 10 State street, Boston."

SAVED FROM DEATH.

New York, May 30.—With scarcely any food or water, and having been without shelter for 32 hours, D. C. McQuarries and Edmund Gallagher of Gloucester, Mass., part of the crew of the fishing tugboat Phoebe, were brought here Sunday thoroughly exhausted. They were unable to care for themselves, and had it not been for the attention of the crew of the Norwegian bark Wilhelm Berkehal, that picked them up, they believe they would have perished.

On the 28th inst., while off the coast of Maine, the two men put off in a small boat to haul in a catch. There was a fog on at the time, and they missed their vessel.

RAN ON A REEF.

New London, May 30.—The City of Worcester ran upon a Cornsant reef two miles off this harbor in a fog Sunday morning, and suffered a rent in the hull under two of the boilers. Captain Ward turned the vessel about in an effort to reach this harbor, but the water gained so rapidly that he decided to run on the beach near Pequot house. There was much excitement among the passengers until the City of Lowell appeared and took them off.

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIALISTS.

Lynn, May 30.—The second day of the Socialist Labor party convention brought together a very large number of delegates yesterday. The chief business of the day was the nomination of a partial state ticket, the appointment of various committees and the adoption of resolutions on various subjects. Chief of the latter was a resolution forbidding the circulation of newspapers other than the official organ of the party. This applies to socialist labor papers, some of which, while declaring themselves as sanctioned by the party, are run on independent basis. The ticket named is as follows: For governor, George H. Pearce of Lynn; lieutenant governor, Michael F. Berry of Haverhill; secretary of state, James F. Stevens of Boston; treasurer and receiver general, Martha Moore Avery of Boston; attorney general, Clarence E. Spelman of Westfield; auditor, John Paine of New Bedford.

The crew picked up.

New York, May 30.—When the Clyde line steamer Onida arrived from Jacksonville and Charleston yesterday, she had on board the crew of the S. V. W. Simmons, which she picked up Sunday morning. The schooner was sunk off the Northeast End Lightship, where she had all her sails and masts about 30 feet out of water. Captain Stanley of the Onida did not state how or when the Simmons was sunk. The S. V. W. Simmons hailed from Baltimore and was built at Camden, N. J., in 1893. She registered 184 tons.

THE CREW PICKED UP.

Use Maltex if you are worn out.

Use Maltex if you are worn out.

Use Maltex if you are worn out.

Use Maltex if you are worn out.

Use Maltex if you are worn out.

Our Store Closed at Noon Today

MEMORIAL DAY REQUISITES!

Cloak Department.
Special Bargains For The Holiday.
SHIRT WAISTS.
The "America" Waist, made of fine Sea Island Percale (best quality), in teal, white and blue stripes, very appropriate for Memorial Day. Regular \$1.25 Waist, now 98c.
Just arrived—too late for Saturday's business. 30 dozen fine Percale, Gingham and Chambray Waists, in New Bayadere Stripes and Plaids. The nobbiest effects of the season. Worth \$1.50, Special Price 98c.
For the High School Annual Drill, 15 doz. Navy Blue, Lawn and Percale Waists, with three clusters of tucks across front. A special low price for this Waist, \$1.00.

Belts and Gloves.
For 25c we have the finest line in town. Black Belts, Bicycle Belts, Colored Belts, Velvet Belts, Silk Belts, Patriotic Belts, and only Twenty-Five Cents Each.
For 49c we have Seal Belts, Brown, Green, Blue and Black Belts, with Harness Buckles, Decorated Belts with fancy buckles, in black and colors, Plain Velvet Belts, in all the new colors, Plain Silk Belts, all for 49c.
From 49c to \$2.50, the most elaborate line we've ever shown in Jeweled Belts. Also the latest creations in Belt Buckles and clasps at very reasonable prices.

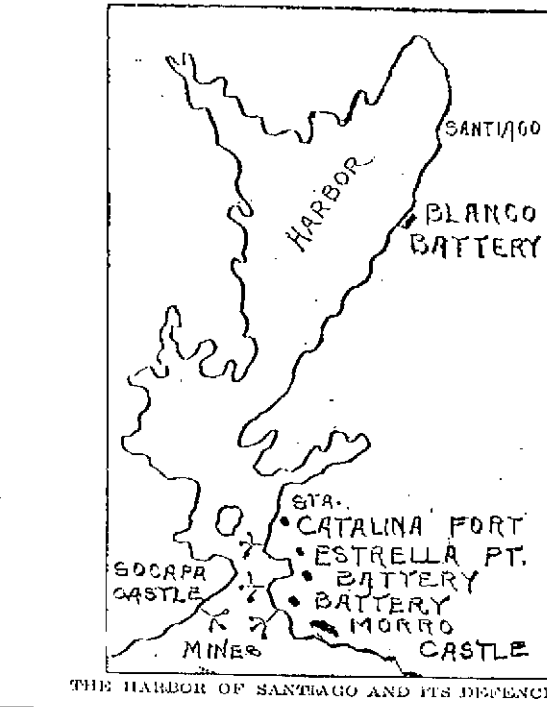
Petticoats, Parasols.
Near to Silk Underskirts in stripes, checks, plaids, etc., double flounce, stiffened ruffles. Memorial Day \$1.23 each.
Black "Siroco" Skirts, always sold for a dollar, today 79c.
These are braid and cord trimmed, with dust ruffles.
The popular Skirt, black ground, colored seilian stripes, iridescent effects, absolutely fast dye, today 98c.
Black Surrah Skirt Circular Flounce, stiffened, looks like real "Duchess." Wear well, look well, today \$1.69.

GLOVES.
For 75c a pair, Chambray Gloves in natural white and pearl, 2 clasp, will wash and look like new.
For 25c special lot of Black Silk and Taffeta Gloves, in both button and plain wrist, also a fine line of Colored Fabric Gloves for 25c a pair.
For 98c, a beautiful 4-button and lace Kid Glove, in all the new shades, also a new 2-clasp Glove. We warrant them all.

Parasols.
One hundred Children's Parasols, for today 19 cents.
A variety of plain colors and the new fancies.
Ladies' Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, the New Princess Handles, glass and Taffeta Silk Covered, Plaids, Stripes and the new border for Sun or Rain for \$1.50 upwards.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO

BIJOU SHOE STORE—(THE BIG DEALERS)—BIJOU SHOE STORE.



THE HARBOR OF SANTIAGO AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.

bugle call that summons to battle. Once more the sword that flashed on many a hard-fought battlefield will be unsheathed. Worthy sons of noble blood will uphold the flag that waved in triumph at Yorktown and Lunenburg. The long-threatened war has become a reality, but it is a war as holy as that begun at Concord or Bull Run. It is a struggle between the old and the new, between liberty and oppression, between superstition and intelligence. Wherever Spain has gone, the blight of death has followed. Her rule of the Netherlands was one of relentless cruelty. But these brave men of Holland would rather perish in the cold waves of the North Sea, or in the flames kindled by the Spanish torch, than become vassals to her black scepter, and so for eighty years, the war went on, that liberty might not perish from the earth. Into South America she forced her fiery way, and two centuries of ignorance and bigotry have been her history. But by

the power of American ideas and the favor of Almighty God she shall be swept from the Western Hemisphere. Ours is not a war for conquest or for glory, but for humanity and right. Already the conflict has given to us a name as glorious as those of Nelson or Farragut. Today let us put upon the unhealed graves on Cuban soil the robes of our incense, the expanse of our sorrow, and the lilacs of immortal honor.

AT PAIGE STREET CHURCH.

Members of the G. A. R. Women's Relief Corps and Ladies' Circle of Ladd and Whitney attended the service at the Paige street church yesterday.

The pastor's text was from 1 Timothy 2:3. He said in part:

Again in the current of the seasons we are brought to this Lord's day just preceding our national holiday known as Memorial Day. At such times it is proper to speak of the important part acted by our soldiers in securing our liberties at so great a cost and preserv-

COTTOLLENE

is a combination of two pure natural products—choice beef suet and refined cotton-seed oil, as pure and golden as the southern sunshine which produces it—making a shortening and frying fat unequalled in healthfulness, cleanliness, flavor and digestible qualities. Endorsed by eminent physicians, recommended by cooking experts, used by thousands of discriminating housewives in preference to lard and other cooking fats. Once tried, always used.

The genuine is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-mark, "Cottolene" and stars head in tin-plate on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made in U. S.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

Don't Miss It.

Commencing Thursday morning, every Trimmed Hat and Bonnet in our stock to go at

ONE-HALF PRICE.
Flowers, nice cars cheap. Wreaths for Children 6c, 12c, 17c, 25c. The cheapest place on earth to buy Trimmed Shapes, Sailors and Walking Hats. Our low prices on next-class up-to-date Millinery will surprise you.

BE SURE AND CALL.

HEAD & SHAW. THE MILLINERS. 169 Merrimack Street

and perpetuating them.
When the common interests of humanity call us to listen to the cry of the oppressed at our very door, it seems to us a duty to rise and protect the interests and honor of our nation and strike off the hand at the throat of the victim of tyranny. War for the sake of conquest is in the highest sense criminal. If I should find one in the uniform and with the arms of this government because he delighted in taking human life, I would regard him the worst criminal deserving the sentence of all moral people. But when I look upon them as guardians of the nation's liberties, the protector of the homes and rights of the people, I respect and honor them.

GREEK WEDDING.

TOOK PLACE IN ASSOCIATE HALL, SATURDAY EVENING.
There was a Greek wedding in Associate Hall Saturday night. The Greek priest, Fr. Pappas, united in marriage Theophanes Goules and Maria Kelepos. A temporary altar was constructed in the hall. As the bride couple passed down the centre aisle, arm in arm, they were received by the priests, who after blessing them, opened the ceremony with prayer. The blessing of the wedding ring was then begun by the priest passing it from the fingers of one to the other to demonstrate to each the character of relationship that must exist between them.

A young Greek with a clear, musical voice, then read from Paul's epistle to the Cephalonians.

The priest then exhorted each of them three—the husband to "love, cherish and protect," to the wife to "honor and obey."

Two wreaths of orange blossoms were then blessed and handed to the best man, John Cramber, who placed them on the heads of the young couple, changing them twice, to show the union of the parties.

Following this, that part of the gospel of the beloved apostle, John, was read, which recites the circumstances of the first miracle performed by Jesus Christ, when he changed water into wine and in commemoration of which the priests offered wine to the young couple, each of whom sipped it.

MEMORIAL MASS.

A solemn high mass was celebrated at the Bolton cathedral this morning for the repose of the soul of the late Supreme Knight of Columbus, James E. Hayes. A large delegation of Lowell Knights attended the services.

It may never be our lot to go forth to the battlefield, but we can all have

part in the Christian warfare. Old Glory shall yet fly from grander heights than ever it has done. In the solidarity that belongs to Christian citizenship, we may fly the stars and stripes on the loftiest heights of patriotism.

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"Veterans, you did not object to putting on the uniform, so the Christian soldier will not object to putting on the Christian profession. When a few more years have gone and the battle of life is over, will we only think of the defeat of life, or can we say in the gladness of heavenly assurance, thanks be to God who giveth us the victory through our Lord, Jesus Christ?"

FIFTH STREET BAPTIST.
Rev. H. W. O. Minington preached to members of Post 185 G. A. R. yesterday morning at the Fifth Street Baptist church. He said in part:

"I believe the war against Spain is a righteous war. The sword has its place in the annals of a nation as it has its place in the annals of God. It is not so much in living as how we live; not so much in being as what we be."

"For military achievements we write highest in the annals of naval warfare up to today the name of 'Admiral Dewey.'"

"We are wondering what we shall do with the Philippine Islands; God forbid they should ever be given back to Spain."

"We are not any longer to live for self. Our influence is to spread. The light of Jesus is to be given to the world. The glory of God is to be manifested in the uplifting of the people of the earth."

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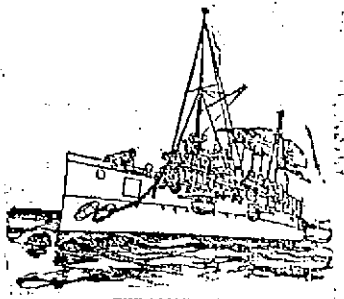
THE COLUMBIA DISABLED

In a Collision With a British Steamer at New York.

She Sunk the Foscolia But Saved Her Crew—Account of the Disaster by the Captain of the Lost Vessel—The Columbia to be Promptly-Repaired.

New York, May 29.—After the Columbia, in command of Captain Evans, had anchored off Tompkinsville Sunday, it was seen that she had a large, jagged hole in her starboard side, abreast of the mainmast and just forward of the after barquette. Above the water line the hole extended about 10 feet high and six feet wide. Just how far below the water line the cruiser was damaged could not be ascertained. As soon as the vessel came to anchor several men carrying sailors' bags upon their shoulders were put ashore at Tompkinsville. These proved to be the captain and crew of the lost British steamer Foscolia, which left this port Saturday with a cargo of machinery and general merchandise for Bordeaux.

No person was allowed to go on board the Columbia, but a representative of the Associated Press rowed out to the cruiser and talked with the officer of the deck, who gave the following brief statement:



THE COLUMBIA.

"About 7:40 p. m. Saturday the British steamer Foscolia collided with our vessel during a dense fog. We were then about eight miles southwest of the light and light. We lowered two lifeboats and rescued the captain and crew, numbering 21 all told. We stood by until the Foscolia sank. As soon as we arrived here we sent the rescued men ashore."

Captain Evans made a full statement regarding the loss of his vessel. He said: "The Foscolia, cleared from this port at noon Saturday with a general cargo of machinery and general merchandise for Bordeaux. The steamer reached Sandy Hook lightship at 3 p. m., and then the usual course was taken to the eastward, as our destination was Bordeaux, France. While running along the coast an observation of the sun was taken and the ship's compasses were tested and found to be correct. All went well until 7:15 p. m., when a heavy fog set in. I was on the bridge and ordered the lights up. On the bridge and ordered the lights up. On the fog whistle kept going. As the fog grew denser the speed of the Foscolia was reduced one half, and at 7:45 we were traveling at between three and one-half to four knots an hour."

"A couple of minutes later Lookouts Johnson on the forecastle and Thompson on the bridge reported a steamer on the bow. Our lights were burning brightly and the fog signal was whistling. I looked up and saw a big steamer with four funnels dead ahead. As the steamer was not 200 yards apart I saw that a collision was inevitable. I blew three whistles and the approaching vessel answered with one blast. That was the first time I heard the Columbia's whistle. Instantly I ordered our engines full speed astern and steered east by half south. I understood from her signal blast I understood from her signal blast by south. The vessels came together, however, with a terrible crash, and the bow of the Foscolia ran up on the cruiser's armor belt and then cut through her sonson. They remained locked for a couple of seconds, but the backing of the Foscolia's engines tore off her bow as far back as the first water-tight bulkhead. The wreckage stuck in the cruiser's side above and below the water line, and caused the Columbia to list considerably. Had it not been for the backing of the Foscolia's engines the Foscolia would only have struck the Columbia a glancing blow. The bow of the Foscolia became wedged between the sonson and hull of the cruiser, and the bow of my boat was completely smashed off. The Columbia was hit just forward of the after sonson on the starboard side. It was dead calm at the time of the collision, and the forward lookout, Johnson, escaped the crash."

"After backing away I saw that the injury to the Foscolia was serious and instantly ordered the lifeboats launched. They were in the water in just four minutes and my 15 men were ordered into them. I remained aboard the wreck with my five officers. Chief Engineer William Saunders and Second Engineer Sidney Price, after trying the engines, reported them to be so badly damaged by the collision that they were incapable of working the ship. The Foscolia was listing badly and the pumps were started. The crew were put aboard the cruiser, which had a hole in her starboard side large enough to drive a team and carriage through. The pumps were kept working until 10:30 p. m., but the Foscolia was getting lower and lower in the water. Two boats of the Columbia were standing by me, and Lieutenant Williams asked me at that hour what I intended doing. I replied that I would stand by my ship until she went down. Then I ordered the officers into the lifeboat and I remained at the main engine while the steamship continued to sink. I asked the men in the Columbia's boats if I had not done everything I could to save the ship, and they answered that I had. Both my officers and the Columbia's crew advised me to abandon the Foscolia, which was fast going down. I got into the small boat with them then and said I would stand by the wreck until it disappeared. Lieutenant Williams said that as the Columbia was listing badly it might be necessary for her to go into port at once. I repeated that I would not leave the Foscolia until she went down, and then I arranged that if the Columbia had to leave she would notify me by blowing a long, short and long blast of her whistles. I remained with my officers about 50 yards from the sinking ship, and until 2 a. m. I could hear the constant tooting of the cruiser's whistle. Then it faded out of hearing, but I knew where I was, because I could hear the fire alarm siren that I judged about eight miles away and bearing north northeast by the compass in my boat."

"At 2:50 I heard a great noise in the wreck, which I afterward discovered was made by the anchor chain running out of the locker. Exactly at 3 a. m. the Foscolia went down headfirst in about 19 fathoms of water. It remained again a few minutes later, and then disappeared forever stern first. The sinking was followed by a sound similar to the roar made by the surf off the beach. Big bubbles came to the surface, and then grain and all barrels came to the surface around the small boat."

"The Foscolia, which I commanded for 12 months, was an iron vessel of 993 tons net and 1,600 tons gross, launched at Law, Eng., in 1879, and her hulling part is London. She was 252 feet long, 41 feet beam and 22 feet 7 inches deep. A double schooner rigged, had two masts, a double deck, four bulkheads, compound engines, and carried water ballast."

"From the appearance of the Columbia it looks as though the heavy protective deck of the locker saved her from being cut in two. As the Foscolia ran further into the air and struck the stern, which stopped her. The collision occurred just underneath the sonson of a gun, and the gun was displaced, but not lost. The cut told bare the main gangway and exposed to view the room of one of the officers. Had he been in it at the time, he would have been killed."

MRS. MINER'S ROMANCE.

Thought Her Husband Dead, Married Again, Widowed, Again Engaged.

Binghamton, N. Y., May 30.—The offer of Henry Miner, a wealthy gentleman living near Buzard's bay, the home of ex-President Cleveland, to equip a company and start to the front, resulted in a romantic discovery. Some time ago Catherine M. Hunt brought an action for breach of promise against Thomas Nickerson, and the case was to be tried before Justice Clearfield in Hudson the past week. It was announced that the case was to be fought to the bitter end, and its conclusion was a romantic one as was sudden.

Mrs. Hunt was born in Richland Falls, Delaware county, and when very young married a sailor, Henry Miner of Boston. A short time afterwards Miner went to sea on a whaling vessel. Time rolled on, and finally Miner's mother notified the young wife that the vessel had been lost with all on board. Seven years passed, and no word of Miner being received, he was deemed dead in the law, and Mrs. Miner was married to Hunt. The latter died and the afterwards became engaged to Nickerson, whom she sued for breach of promise.

While the case was pending it was announced that Mr. Miner was alive and wealthy, having offered to equip a company for the war. This could have terminated the breach of promise case, the plaintiff being already married, but Mrs. Hunt declared it a case on the part of the defense, and started out to obtain proofs of Miner's death. She followed a clue to Buzard's bay, where she found Miner alive, wealthy and unmarried. The meeting was a joyous one, and another wedding is in prospect.

THE FATAL INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL.

Taken unsuspectingly in nerve tonics, has sent many a person to a drunkard's grave. This can be avoided by the use of Cleveland's Celery Compound Tea, which is made ready by the simple addition of hot water. Nervous Prostration, Nervous Exhaustion, Constipation, Headache, and Indigestion are all cured by this wonderful remedy. Call on F. H. Butler, 263 Central Ave., 2nd Middlesex street, and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

For Cerebral Consumption, Throat, and other ailments. This Celery Compound Tea, 10c per bottle. F. H. Butler, 263 Central Ave., 2nd Middlesex street, and get a trial package free. Large package, 25c.

consumption reaps his richest harvest where diseases of the throat and lungs are neglected. **HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR**

If you have ever tried Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar you know what a powerful it is against throat and lung troubles. Sold by druggists. The Toothache Drops cure in one minute.



CHARLES H. CONANT, ESQ., a Prominent Candidate for Associate Judge to Succeed Judge Frye, Resigned.

THE SOUTH ENDS WALLOPED

Strong South End Team Wins Out Easily.

Young Murray Pitched for the Emeralds for the First Time—Carter of the South Ends Puts up a Magnificent Game—Emerald "Has Beens" Show up Finely.

Johnnie Rourke did not attend the Emerald-South End game Saturday, and of course with the mascot away something had to happen to the Emeralds.

It happened all right, for the South Ends, with one of the strongest teams ever presented by the local league, sailed into one of the weakest teams that the Emeralds have thus far shown and walloped them handily making the score 10 to 2, without parading.

It was the South Ends' game from the beginning, and hence was not as interesting as it might have been. Manager McMahon made a mistake in putting Murray in for the first time in a full game and against a team of men with the ball-playing ability of Merritt, Gallagher, Cull and Davis. He sent a boy on a man's errand and the boy was spanked.

Murray didn't even have a suit and pitcher's shoes. Then in the very first inning, he got the most miserable kind of support and it was little wonder that the youngster was batted freely. He should be put in a few innings at a time for at least a few games until he becomes familiar with the new company and then it is safe to predict that the wonder of the juvenile diamond will be able to hold his end up.

But Manager McMahon in another move made no mistake and that was in re-signing a few so-called "house" men in the persons of "Snicker" Kane, Andy Roache, and Billy Scott. Kane, with Connors, got all the honors on the Emerald end of it. He not only made one of the two hits made by the team, but fielded six chances like a champion. He should be held on all seasons.

The South Ends, Saturday, presented a pitcher from Lawrence, Carter, who has pitched here before. He's all right, as the score and summary will show. They also ran up a great team all through. The South Ends now having seen Manager McMahon's success with the "has-beens," should put Billy Murray in the field once more for a trial anyway. Bill could just hold his end up.

The battery of Merritt and Fratus was long, if not very numerous. For fielding, however, Merritt's fly in the eighth, Connors' in the second, and

Donovan's foot catch in the sixth were about the only features.

In the fifth inning, the South Ends put out four men, which showed that none of the interested parties were taking much interest in the game. With two men out young Murray went to the bat, when Donovan should have batted, and was allowed to stay there, getting his base on balls. He was out for batting out of turn, and the side was out, but still McMahon came to the bat and made the fourth out with a fly.

Mike Kane inspired and no one could kick at his decisions, for no one could tell what he said in making a decision. Did you have the misfortune to eat any of those peanuts?

The score:

SOUTH ENDS.		ab	r	h	tb	po	a	e
Gallagher, ss	.....	5	0	0	2	1	1	0
Regan, 3b	.....	5	0	0	2	1	1	0
Merritt, c	.....	6	1	1	3	0	0	0
McVey, 2b	.....	4	2	1	1	5	2	0
Cull, 1b	.....	5	2	2	10	1	0	0
Quincy, 1b	.....	3	2	2	1	0	0	0
Fratus, p	.....	5	0	2	1	0	0	0
Davis, c	.....	5	0	1	1	1	0	0
Carter, p	.....	5	0	2	0	3	1	0
Totals	.....	43	10	11	37	12	6	0

EMERALDS.

EMERALDS.		ab	r	h	tb	po	a	e
McGuire, 2b	.....	4	0	0	2	3	6	0
Connors, c	.....	4	1	2	2	4	2	0
Strika, 3b	.....	4	0	0	7	1	0	0
Kane, 1b	.....	4	0	1	6	0	0	0
Maguire, 1b	.....	4	0	0	4	0	0	0
Clark, 1b	.....	3	0	0	1	0	1	0
Scott, 1b	.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Donovan, c	.....	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
Murray, p	.....	3	0	0	0	0	1	1
Totals	.....	32	2	2	27	9	6	0

Inning summary: 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9.

South Ends.....5 1 0 0 1 0 0 0-10

Emeralds.....0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0-2

Summary.—Earned runs, South Ends, Two base hits, Connors. Three base hits, Merritt, Fratus. Stolen bases, Regan, Gallagher, Carter, Connors 2. Bases on balls, Carter 3, by Murray 2. Hit by pitched ball, Quincy 2. Struck out—by Carter, Maguire 2, Scott Murray 2, by Murray, Carter. Passed balls, Davis. Time of game, 2 hours 15 minutes. Attendance, 400. Umpire, Kane.

Lawrence, 35; Lowell, 40.

The Lawrence cricket team played a close and interesting game with the Lowell team Saturday afternoon in Lawrence, defeating the latter by a score of 46 to 49.

The score:

LAWRENCE.		ab	r	h	tb	po	a	e
Walker, c	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
Connors, c	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
C. Walker, c	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
Thompson, c	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
Dickson, b	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
McCall, 1b	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
O. Wainwright, b	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
Old run out	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
Orin, b	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
Baker, 1b	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
London, c	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
Malloy, c	.....	12	0	0	2	3	1	0
Totals	.....	120	0	0	24	36	12	0

Lowell.

Bacon, c | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Parker, c | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Hart, b | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Burns, c | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Fratus, b | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Worth, c | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Fratus, b | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Fratus, b | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Fratus, b | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Fratus, b | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

Fratus, b | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |

STRONG STATEMENTS.

Three Women Relieved of Female Troubles by Mrs. Pinkham.

From Mrs. A. W. SMITH, 69 Summer St., Bridgeport, Me.: "For several years I suffered with various diseases peculiar to my sex. Was troubled with a burning sensation across the small of my back, that all-gone feeling, was despondent, fretful and discouraged; the least exertion tired me. I tried several doctors but received little benefit. At last I decided to give your Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. The effect of the first bottle was magical. Those symptoms of weakness that I was afflicted with, vanished like vapor before the sun. I cannot speak too highly of your valuable remedy. It is truly a boon to woman."

From Mrs. MARISSA PHILLIPS, Lexington, Ind., to Mrs. Pinkham: "Before I began taking your medicine I had suffered for two years with that tired feeling, headache, backache, no appetite, and a run-down condition of the system. I could not walk across the room. I have taken four bottles of the Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills and used one package of Sanative Wash, and now feel like a new woman, and am able to do my work."

From Mrs. MOLLIE E. HENNEL, Powell Station, Tenn.: "For three years I suffered with such a weakness of the back, I could not perform my household duties. I also had falling of the womb, terrible bearing-down pains and headache. I have taken two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and feel like a new woman. I recommend your medicine to every woman I know."

Haigh, c. Sugden, b. Wainwright..... 6
Ellison, not out..... 0
Billey, b. O. Wainwright..... 0
Total..... 0
Representatives of the Locks and Canal company, it is reported, have been busy settling claims for damages in indemnification of back water caused by increasing the height of the flash boards at Pawtucket dam.

Members of St. John's Episcopal church will have a lawn party next Wednesday evening on the grounds of Dr. and Mrs. Leonard Huntress.

Dr. W. H. Buddick of Boston and Charles W. Brigham of Lowell are preparing a history of the 7th Massachusetts battery. One of the members of this battery, John W. Arden, died in Russia this week of apoplexy and was buried here yesterday.

A season of comic opera will be given at Lakewood in July and August. There are more orders at the Lowell machine shop for machinery than at any time for two years. The company has begun the manufacture of wooden machinery.

MAY PROCESSION HELD AT THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CHURCH.

The May procession took place at the Immaculate Conception church last evening. During the Vesper service, the church was crowded with soldiers and members of the congregation. Rev. Fr. Joyce, O.F.M., was the celebrant. After the chanting of the Magnificat, the members of the Children of Mary and the Immaculate Conception sodality formed in procession and with the sanctuary boys and the priest, marched to Columbus Park.

Within the park, the procession, which numbered hundreds of girls, was massed in a circle with the statue of the Blessed Virgin borne by four girls standing in the center before the church doors and all united in singing "Mother Dear, O Pray for Me." The effect was very impressive.

The people crowded around outside the park and witnessed the impressive scene that followed. The beautiful May hymns were sweetly sung by this grand chorus of several hundred voices.

According to the church, the processionists sang, "As the Dew Shakes of Even," and this hymn was perhaps the finest of all. When all were seated benediction of the blessed sacrament was given, and the congregation sang the impressive plain chant strains of the "Gloria" and "Agnus Dei." After the benediction all rose and sang, "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name."

LOWELL MEN ELECTED.

At the fourteenth semi-annual meeting of the N. A. W. and W. Overseers, held at Boston, D. A. Wells of Lowell, a dinner was admitted to membership. Thomas B. Ainsley, one of the instructors at the Lowell Textile school, was elected to honorary membership.

In buying watches, go to a reliable dealer. Your money's back if not satisfactory. Harris, 10 Appleton street. Malloy will put new life in your blood.

Bon Ami
WILL NOT SCRATCH
BUT IS COARSE ENOUGH TO CLEAN.
All Grocers.

Hill & Robinson's
Congress of Novelties

More features than a circus. Something entirely new. More Acts, More Features, More Novelties than any other show of its kind in America. A troupe of genuine Turks and Arabs.

LAKEVIEW AVE. GROUNDS, May 30th, 31st and June 1st. Admissions at 10, 15c and 25c. Admission, 10 and 20 Cts.

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O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Bargain Week In

PORTIERES and LACE CURTAINS

Being overstocked in our Upholstery and Drapery Departments, we have decided to quote prices on goods "FOR ONE WEEK" which must effect a speedy clearance of our surplus stock. We guarantee all quotations to be genuine reductions of from 20 to 30 per cent. under regular selling prices—the goods will speak for themselves—come and see them. Read the undermentioned list of bargains:

- 1 lot Nottingham Laces, worth 69c., sale price 49c.
- 1 lot Nottingham Laces, worth \$1.15, sale price 79c.
- 1 lot Nottingham Laces, worth \$1.35, sale price 98c.
- 1 lot Irish Point Laces, worth \$3.50, sale price \$2.49.
- 1 lot Irish Point Laces, worth \$4., sale price \$2.98.
- 1 lot Irish Point Laces, worth \$4.75, sale price \$3.49.
- 1 lot Irish Point Laces, worth \$5.50, sale price \$3.98.
- 1 lot Brussels Laces, worth \$7., sale price \$4.98.
- 1 lot Bobbinet Curtains, worth \$2.25, sale price \$1.69.
- 1 lot Bobbinet Curtains, worth \$2.75, sale price \$2.09.
- 1 lot Bobbinet Curtains, worth \$3.75, sale price \$2.69.
- 1 lot Fish Net Curtains, worth \$1.15, sale price \$3c.
- 1 lot Muslin Curtains, worth 85c., sale price 55c.
- 1 lot Muslin Curtains, worth \$1.10, sale price 98c.
- 1 lot Muslin Curtains, worth \$1.25, sale price 98c.
- 1 lot odd pairs at your own price.

PORTIERES.

- 1 lot Chenille and Tapestry Portieres, worth \$3.25, for \$2.49.
- 1 lot Chenille and Tapestry Portieres, worth \$4., for \$2.98.
- 1 lot Chenille and Tapestry Portieres, worth \$4.75, for \$3.49.
- 1 lot sample half pairs, worth \$2.50 to \$3.50, for \$1.49.

FURNITURE COVERINGS AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

- 1 lot Tapestry, 50 inches wide, worth 50c., for 39c.
- 1 lot English and French Cretonnes, worth 30c., for 19c.
- 1 lot Carpet and Drapery Decimals, worth 30c., for 20c.
- 1 lot Silkoline, 36 inches wide, worth 12 1/2c., for 7c.
- 1 lot Crepe Cloth, worth 15c., for 9c.
- 1 lot Fish Net, 36 inches wide, worth 22c., for 15c.
- 1 lot Muslin, 36 inches wide, worth 15c., for 10c.

The Sale of Oriental Rugs

is now positively limited to Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, during which days Mr. Sorpass will offer the balance of his stock at prices less than import cost to save the trouble of packing and removing. These Rugs have been pronounced by connoisseurs to be the finest ever shown in Lowell. Everyone a genus of beauty, while the prices are much lower than usually charged for the same grade of goods. We invite inspection and comparison of this superb collection.

S. T. FARRELL

110 and 112 Merrimack Street.

GREAT BARGAINS

THIS WEEK.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

WITH THE POLICE

Assailants of Fred Carlson are Known.

THEY DID NOT BEGIN THE TROUBLE.

Anxious Relatives Seeking Friends.

The police have discovered the assailants of Henry Hayden and Gus Carlson, but have made no arrest as yet. The assailants were Assynians and from what the police have learned of the attack were not to blame for the beginning of the trouble. It is true that one of them made a remark as Carlson, Hayden and the two girls were passing, but his remarks were addressed to his companion.

Dr. Pool visited the two men again Saturday and probed the wound of Carlson to learn its extent. It was about an inch deep and greatly resembled the knife which caused the death of Dr. Chapin, except that it was a little higher.

The wound will be a painful one but it is not dangerous. Both men were ordered out of their Tyler street room Saturday morning and they left promptly.

MISSING PERSONS.

Supt. Davis has received a telegram from Undertaker G. W. Ross, of Portland, Me., asking him to find Mrs. Martha Webb, 21 East Merrimack street. The telegram stated that her brother Frank B. Supry, has been dead a week in that city. The woman is supposed to live on the Merrimack Corporation.

Another letter received is as follows:

Boston, Mass., May 29, 3 a. m.

Dear Sir—Having a brother somewhere in Lowell or its immediate vicinity I take the liberty of addressing you and asking you for your kind assistance in locating him as his father is dangerously ill.

His name is Edward Holmes Smith, son of Daniel Smith, formerly of 145 Duke street, St. John, N. B. He is about 5 feet, 4 inches in height; has light, sandy complexion, and is about 15 years old. He has a peculiar accent in his speech. According to his talk five years ago, he worked on a large farm and had charge of an old man who was an invalid. When the old man died he remained as a sort of valet or butler.

Hoping for your kind assistance, I remain respectfully yours,

J. J. Smith, 11 Westminster St., Roxbury District, Boston, Mass.

HOUSE ENTERED.

Burglars entered the residence of Mrs. Martha Wyman at Chelmsford, near the city line on last Thursday evening. They were frightened away, however, before they could accomplish anything. The only thing missing

from the house is a lady's cloak. The police were notified.

HOBDEN DROWNED

Fate of a Well Known Young Man.

CANOE UPSET IN TYNGS ISLAND CREEK.

Thomas Waugh Had a Narrow Escape.

A sad drowning accident occurred in the Merrimack river off Tyngs island, yesterday afternoon, the victim being Joseph Hobden, aged 26 years, of Warrington street.

Thomas Waugh, his companion, had a narrow escape from drowning.

The two men have been working at Tyngs island since last Friday, helping in the arrangements for today's canoe meet.

They had considerable work yesterday but during the dinner hour were at leisure and wishing to go to the upper end of the island, took one of the many canoes that were alongshore and started up the creek with it, the creek being the narrow passage of water between the island and the main land.

Owing to the recent rains, the river was much swollen and paddling was extremely difficult. Beadle Hobden was unacquainted with a canoe and could not swim.

When they were within about 50 feet from the bridge across the creek, a canoe passed them going downward and Hobden turned out for it. In doing this the canoe was rocked about some and coming in contact with a whirlpool immediately capsized.

Hobden and Waugh went down together and came up side by side. Waugh struck out for the shore, but the helpless Hobden caught him and both went down again. When Waugh came up he was at some little distance from Hobden and though well able exhausted succeeded in getting to the shore.

He looked around for his hapless companion, but did not see him again.

The alarm was given and about 2 o'clock Undertaker Molloy's men arrived. With great danger to themselves they grappled for the body until 9 o'clock without success. They then abandoned their task until this morning.

It is believed the body rests within a few feet of where it went down, owing to the fact that the bottom is strewn with water soaked logs, while at one point the remains of a stone wall still exists.

Officer Frank Fox, who is on duty at the island, and members of the club assisted in the search for the body.

Hobden lived at 73 Worthen street and is survived by one brother and two sisters. He was a well known and popular young man and formerly worked for the Magee Emulsion company and later in Lynch's tannery. His bereaved parents have the sympathy of

a large circle of friends.

BODY FOUND.

At 11:30 Undertaker Molloy found the body about 15 feet from where it went down.

ORDERS FOR INVASION.

Washington, May 30.—It is certain that orders have gone to Major General Shafter at Tampa to embark the greater portion of his corps, including all the regiments and a few of the most efficient volunteer regiments, on board the transports gathered at that place. The aggressive military movement which has been so frequently predicted and so often delayed for one cause or another will be an accomplished fact before the end of this week. The strongest units of Admiral Sampson's reorganized squadron will convey the expedition and cover its landing at a point now definitely designated. Simultaneously the most rigid censorship of press dispatches that has so far been undertaken by the government will be put into operation at Tampa and Key West, and no message relating to the movements of troops or ships, or in any way speculating upon the expedition will be permitted on the wires. If this means of preventing publication of information which would be exceedingly valuable to Spain is not fully successful, the censorship will be promptly extended to the mails.

It can be confidently asserted that beyond the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy, the president will permit no civilian to enjoy his confidence in this matter until a landing on foreign territory shall have been actually accomplished, and General Shafter himself will have sealed orders whose contents will be known only to General Miles and General Corbin until the expedition is safely at sea. Admiral Sampson's sole instructions will be to guard the expedition and to co-operate with General Shafter under the latter's directions.

THE LIEBER RULES.

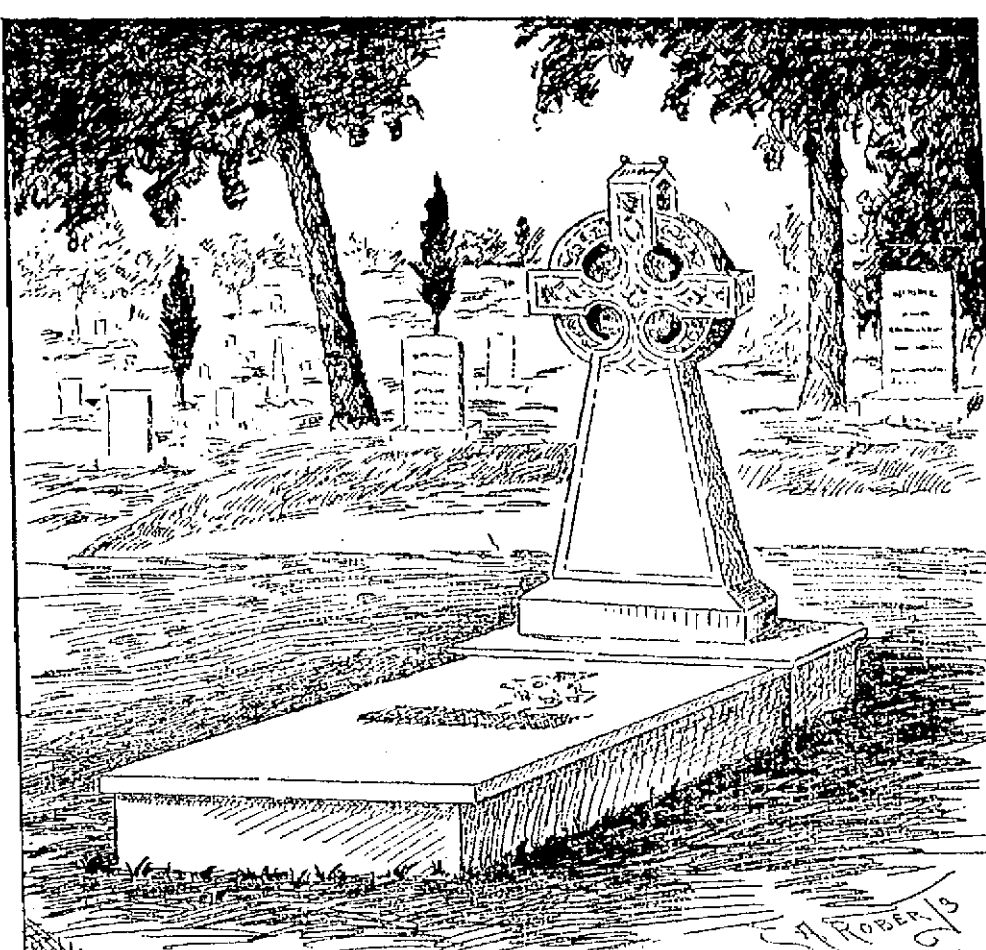
Washington, May 30.—General orders 100 of April 24, 1863, comprising instructions for the government of armies of the United States in the field, have been reissued and are being sent to the various commanders for their guidance during the present conflict with Spain.

These instructions were prepared by Francis Lieber, the father of the present judge advocate general of the army, and were published at the direction of President Lincoln after being formally revised by a board of officers of which Major General E. A. Hitchcock was president.

They were adopted by both France and Prussia in the war between those countries five years after the civil contest here, and were the basis upon which a general European conference afterwards acted in drawing up an agreement on this subject. The instructions make 24 pages of print and cover almost every conceivable feature of military conduct and usage in time of war, and a definition of many of the terms used.

FUNERALS.

ROWEN.—The funeral of the late George H. Rowen took place from the immediate Congregational church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Fr. Gigault, O.M.I., officiating. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful. The bearers were Messrs. Michael O'Neil, John Kelly from Court Merrimack, F. of A., John Lynch, E. J. McGinn from sisters courts of the P. of



SKETCH OF THE FREDERICK T. GREENHALGE MONUMENT.

The above shows the tombstone which marks the grave of the late Governor Greenhalge in the Lowell cemetery. When sketched by The Sun artist this morning, it was void of decoration, but during the afternoon, it will be buried with wreaths sent by loving friends. The family lets no occasion of this kind pass without placing garlands on the grave, while the admirers of the late governor show their reverence for his memory by sending floral offerings to be laid upon his grave. The grave was decorated in the usual way by the veterans, but the floral tributes of personal friends were very numerous and beautiful.

DEATHS.

MATHEW.—John Mathew, aged 61 years, died last night at his home, 17 North street. Deceased was a well known old resident of this city. Besides his wife, he is survived by two sons, David A. and John S., and Nellie C., a teacher in the public schools. The funeral will be held Wednesday morning from St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. The family requests that no flowers be sent.

CLOUGH.—Arthur Clough died Saturday at his residence, 59 Powell street, aged 31 years. He was a member of Columbia Council, O.U.A.M., and General Fluke lodge, I.O.G.T. He leaves a wife and one son.

KNAPP.—John H. Knapp, aged 51 years, died yesterday morning at his home in West Somerville. Deceased is survived by his wife, three sons, and two daughters. The funeral will occur Wednesday morning under the direction of C. H. Molloy of this city.

NICHOLSON.—Sarah E. Nicholson, the 15-year-old daughter of John and Sarah Nicholson, died Saturday afternoon at her parents' home, 21 Riverside avenue.

HIGGINS.—Mary Higgins, the infant

child of Daniel and Sarah Higgins, died yesterday at her parents' home, 49 Walnut street.

O'DONNELL & OILBRIDGE

This popular dry goods firm has

couple of star wreaths at their store for the past week, making away with

any of their patrons for a cent.

Judging from the specimens of their work, they are conceded by everybody who has examined them to be equal to

some that would cost from ten to fifteen dollars. This is their last week and

everyone should avail themselves of the generous offer. Go and inspect and see if this statement is not correct.

LAWRENCE PAYS DIVIDEND.

A semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent.

has been declared by the Lawrence

Manufacturing company of Lowell payable

June 1, to stock of record May 23.

Last December the Lawrence passed

the dividend, but the current declaration is an increase of 1 per cent, over

this time last year.

FLAG RAISING.

At 9 o'clock this Memorial day morning,

the employees of McDonald Bros.,

grocery store, 115½ Main street, and

company, all assisted in exercises

accompanying the raising of one of

the largest flags ever seen in any business

house in the city. It measures 16x8.

Blanche E. McDonald recited "The

Salvation to the Flag," and remarks

were made by Messrs. Henry McDonald,

Gee and several others. A large

number of persons were present and

"Old Glory" was given an ovation at its

appearance.

MR. KELLACHER SURPRISED.

Thomas Kellacher was surprised by his

follow employees in the Boat mills with

a Morris chair at his home, 110 French

street, Saturday evening. Charles Mc-

Collough presented the gift and after a

response by the recipient a social time

was enjoyed.

BIG DAY IN CAMP

Fully 15,000 People Visited the Soldiers Yesterday.

FR. MURPHY PRESENTED WILL A HORSE.

Presents for the Other Officers.

May 29.—Fully 15,000 persons visited the campground today. By two o'clock it was almost impossible to get through the line in officers' street while company streets were actually impassable. The people, many of them women and children, came in all sorts of conveyances including a Irish jaunting car carrying a load of young women. There were so many bicycles that they finally became a nuisance in the crowded streets, and the officer of the day had to keep them outside the camp lines.

It was a good-humored crowd, however, and even the necessary rough work of the provost in its attempt to clear the field for the evening parade, and following presentation was accepted as part of the business. All the men and boys in the camp were, apparently, visited all at once by all their relatives and acquaintances, while the officers were actually driven out of their quarters by their guests.

It was the greatest day in the history of Framingham and one to be remembered for all time.

Beside the great crowd that came up from Boston with the A.O.U., and assisted in the presentation of the regimental flags, there were smaller groups who sought out their personal friends and left with their remembrances of various kinds. Fats Oakes, guardian of Natick came on a visit to the Natick company. The old veterans and the young volunteers shouted themselves hoarse in friendly greetings. Capt. Quinlan was remembered, being given a handsome gold cross set with diamonds.

Capt. Hayes was presented with a handsome sword and belt.

Chaplain Murphy was given a magnificent black horse with trappings. Mr. John A. Ryan of Boston making a most eloquent speech of presentation, to which Fr. Murphy most happily replied.

The field and staff, collectively, was given the latest thing in rubber pouches by the Aspley Rubber company, through Senator Brigham, and there were other gifts to individual men, boys.

The weather was made to order. It was simply perfect from sunrise to the going down thereof. Guard mounting was the first ceremony of the day, and following that, at 10 o'clock, came mass, celebrated by Chaplain Murphy.

During the day there was much would nation as to when the regiment would start South. It depends entirely upon the arrangements the quartermaster in Boston can make for transportation.

Late tonight, there was a report in camp, which could not be confirmed, however, that the regiment will leave tomorrow night, going via the New York, New Haven & Hartford railway to Newport, thence via steamer to New York, thence via Buffalo & Ohio to Washington.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford company has several cars in the yard here and could easily send the regiment to its destination with little delay. The fact that these cars are ready and in the yards here may be father to the rumor.

LOWELL MAN SUED

For Alienating of Affections of Mr. Legassy's Wife.

THE DEFENDANT IS GEORGE L. CROSBY.

All Concerned Are Young People.

Newburyport, May 28.—A case was heard before Judge Bailey in the superior court today. It being a special civil sitting in which Clarence B. Legassy of Newburyport and George L. Crosby of Lowell for the alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

The plaintiff's statement is that he married Florence B. Legassy, formerly of Newburyport, Jan. 7, 1897 and they resided with his father. In June last Mrs. Legassy went to Lynn to work a few weeks in a restaurant and while there the husband was informed of circumstances that raised his suspicions so that his father went to Lynn to investigate.

It was June 25 that his father returned to Newburyport and the defendant also came back. The husband employed ex-police officer Sprague to watch his wife. Sprague alleges that he saw Mr. Crosby and Mrs. Legassy make a trip together to the beach on the steamer Stearns and on returning to the Havering wharf they separated.

Then on two other occasions in July they went to places near Lake Keowee in the evening walking along lovers lane and other roadways leading into the wood.

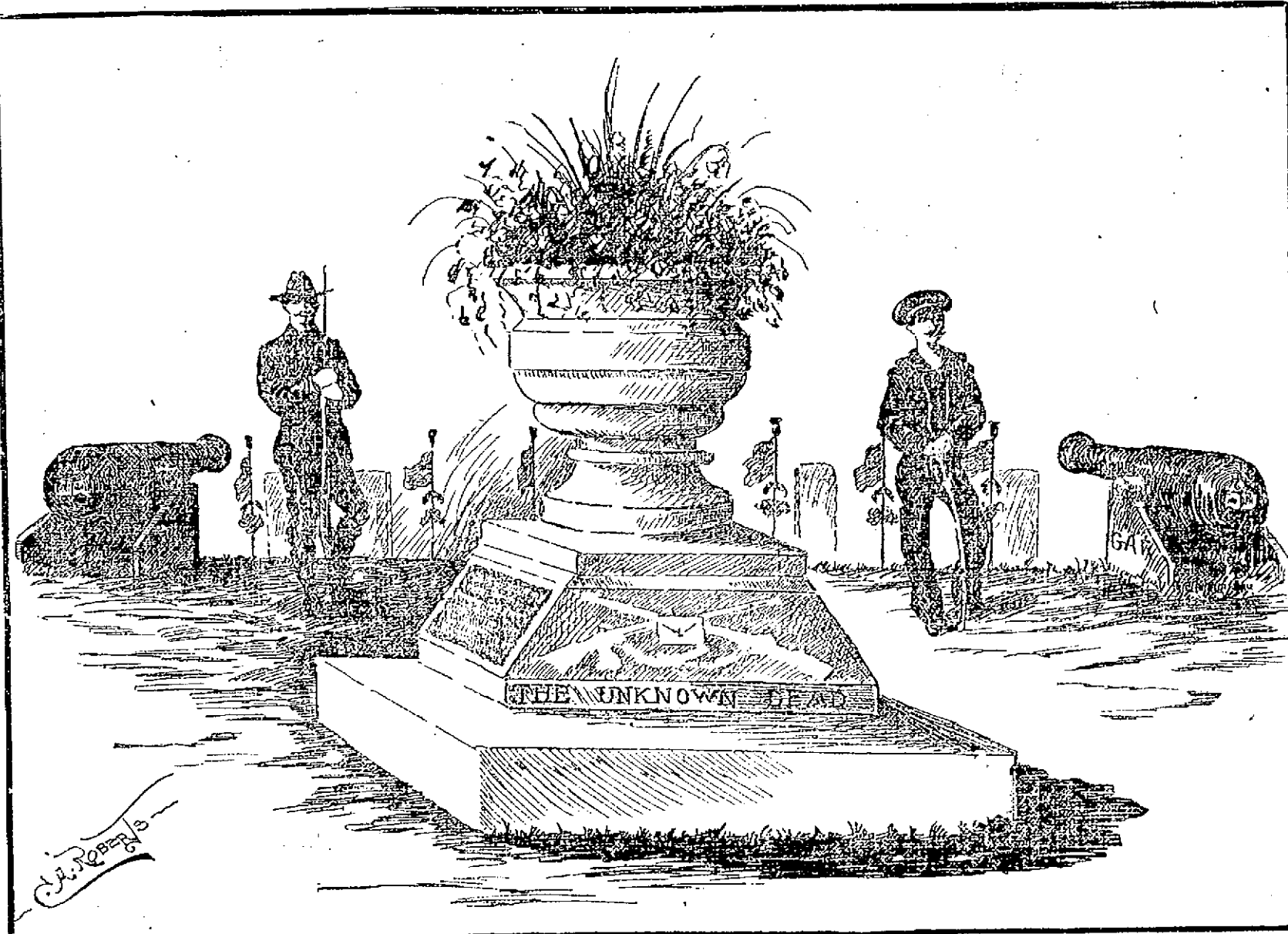
The defense was a general denial. Testimony showed that Officer Sprague's brother who is a stable keeper in Haverhill brought Mr. Legassy and his father to the scene and had all the parties face to face with admissions of indiscretion on the part of Crosby but nothing criminal and offers for settlement.

Subsequently there was a libel for divorce and the defendant was named as a co-defendant. All of the parties are young the plaintiff being 32, his wife a very little older while the defendant is nearly the same age.

The judge reserved his decision.

The Highland club will have an outing at Camp Bradley, Nagog Lake on Wednesday with a fine list of sports

Melton makes the old feel young.



SKETCH OF THE URN PRESENTED BY THE CARFIELD WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS TO THE C. A. R. AND DEDICATED TO THE UNKNOWN DEAD.

MAY 28

Rains, of course—a good place to get an Umbrella if you mislaid your own, or if your friend has not returned it. We're right on the square here and handy for all purposes. By the way, this is one of the days you can save six dollars on a suit of clothes. Lots of men nowadays don't make six dollars in the whole week—unfortunately for us and for them. We told all about this offer during the week. If you want a good black suit, buy your chance. \$12 will buy an \$18 suit provided you comply with the conditions. We will explain our plan here if the "ad" has escaped your observation. Cut this out and bring it with you.—SUN.

O'Hearn & Dowd
OLD POST OFFICE

THE SUN LATEST!

6 O'CLOCK

COM. SCHLEY HEARD FROM

He Has Seen the Spanish Vessels in Santiago Harbor.

And Says They Will Never Reach Spain Again—A British Vessel Captured Running the Blockade—Cheering News From Manila—Dewey the Dictator of the Club.

Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.

Mole, St. Nicholas, Hayti, May 29.—The following despatch has been received here from the correspondent of the Associated Press with the American fleet off Santiago de Cuba:

Off Santiago de Cuba, May 29.—Commodore Schley and the flying squadron has the Spanish fleet bottled up in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. By the most clever maneuvering, the Commodore allowed the Spaniards to think he had left in disgust. They took the bait and ran into the harbor. Commodore Schley moved down this morning and at six o'clock, going close to the harbor, he saw the Cristobal Colon, the Maria Theresa, and two torpedo boats. He believes the entire fleet is there.

Commodore Schley has acted upon his own information and judgment for the past six days, and he believes the whole Spanish fleet is there.

He sat on the after triangle of the Brooklyn this morning until after the discovery of the fleet and then he went to breakfast, saying: "I have got them, and they will never get home."

The United States auxiliary cruiser, St. Paul, arrived here this morning and was sent to Mole, St. Nicholas, with despatches. She captured a coal ship which was sent to Key West by Captain Shigbee, in charge of a prize crew. The coal was undoubtedly intended for the Spanish fleet. It is believed that there is not much coal at Santiago de Cuba.

The officers and men of the flying squadron are jubilant over the fact that the location of the Spanish fleet has finally been definitely established.

The temperature is 110 degrees in the shade, and in the steel turrets, the heat is actually beyond the power of endurance.

BRITISH STEAMER TAKEN.

Key West, Fla., May 29 (6:30 a. m.)—The British steamer Restormel was brought in here this morning under her own steam, by a prize crew. She was captured while trying to put into Santiago de Cuba with a cargo of coal. The steamer was bound from Cardiff to Porto Rico. As the Restormel came in, the British flag was flying half way down her main mast. She was leaking badly. Newspapers were not permitted to approach within a hundred yards of her.

RECIPROCITY TREATY SIGNED.

Washington, May 30.—France and the United States have signed a reciprocity treaty agreement.

SPANISH GUNBOAT CAPTURED.

Hong Kong, May 30.—The Americans have captured the Spanish gunboat Leyte, which was attempting to run despatches into Manila. The steamer is reported to have landed six thousand rifles at Cavite, for the use of the insurgents.

The Spaniards have offered \$25,000 reward for the head of Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader.

The governor of Hong Kong has prohibited the United States auxiliary gunboat Zafiro from taking on war stores for the American fleet, but he has permitted her to ship "officers' luxuries." The Zafiro sails from here for Manila today.

NEWS FROM DEWEY.

Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.

Hong Kong, May 30.—The British second class cruiser Plene, has arrived here from Manila and Manila. She reports all quiet at both places.

The Spanish garrison at Iloilo numbers 100 men and the place has no defenses. The foreigners there are safe. Supplies are reaching Manila plentifully from the surrounding country. There is no panic at Manila. The Spaniards are working upon the fortifications, but their guns are old and useless and they are short of ammunition.

Dear Admiral Dewey has informed the authorities at Manila that he will hold them responsible for the life of the captain of the Spanish gunboat Callao, captured by the United States fleet. The Spanish have been threatening to shoot him for surrendering although confronted by the whole American fleet.

In reply to the Spanish attempt to win over Aguinaldo's men, the insurgents are said to have informed the Spaniards that they are wanted and will await events.

All the American ships are at Cavite in Manila Bay. Salt provisions are plentiful, but fresh provisions are not obtainable. There is no sickness on the American fleet.

THE ORGANIZATION OF TROOPS.

Boston, May 29.—Governor Wolcott has received the following telegram from Washington:

Governor of Massachusetts:

Under the first call for 125,000 troops it was contemplated that the number of original organizations called for should have the maximum strength stated below, but on account of additional organizations having been accepted, this maximum had to be reduced to 51 enlisted men per company. The maximum above contemplated is 106 enlisted men per company of infantry, 100 per troop of cavalry, 150 per light battery, 200 per heavy battery 120 of all grades per regiment of infantry, consisting of three battalions of four companies each. The secretary of war bids me to say it is now the wish of the President to apply in accordance with the law so much of the second call for 125,000 as may be necessary to fill organizations already in service from your state to the maximum just stated. The secretary bids me say that recruiting officers will be detailed to make and superintend under army regulations enlistments for this purpose of the number of men wired you May 27. Please name one or more competent field officers of respective regiments already in service in your state to be detailed under orders from war department for this duty.

(Signed)

H. C. COLEMAN, Adj. Gen.

Governor Wolcott replied, stating that he would appoint one or more recruiting officers as soon as possible.

GIFT FROM WOMEN RETURNED HOME

Elegant Stone Urn Dedicated by Grand Army.

EXERCISES HELD IN LOWELL CEMETERY SATURDAY.

Grand Tribute to the Unknown Dead.

The stone urn presented by James A. Garfield Woman's Relief Corps to the graves of the soldiers in the Lowell cemetery, was dedicated Saturday afternoon in the presence of a large number of people.

Members of Post 120, G.A.R., the Woman's Relief Corps, Sons and Daughters of veterans, members of the city government and a number of local ministers were on hand.

The urn was filled with beautiful flowers. The inscriptions on the base are:

"Directed by James A. Garfield Woman's Relief Corps, 33, May 28, 1898. A tribute of gratitude to the unknown soldiers and sailors who served in the civil war, 1861-1865."

O ye who rest in nameless graves, Unmarked, because unknown, We cherish the memory of your deeds Angels have heard your story, And God knows all your names.

Beneath the crossed guns on one side of the base is inscribed: "To the unknown dead."

The exercises began with a selection by the National band, and prayer was offered by Rev. C. L. Merriam. After singing by a quartet, the urn was presented to the trustees of the lot by Mrs. W. W. Tuttle, representing the corps, and W. W. Tuttle responded for the trustees.

The urn was dedicated by James A. Garfield Post 120, G.A.R., Commander S. C. Snell, presiding.

Following the singing by the quartet, Alderman Hivet responded for the city of Lowell, Mayor Bennett being absent through illness.

Rev. A. B. Wilson, pastor of the Fifth Street Free Baptist church, delivered the oration.

In the absence of the department commander of the G.A.R., Rev. Mr. Kennigott read "The Processional," written by Rudyard Kipling.

Mrs. Robinson, S.V.C., and Mary El-Rott, D.S., responded for the state officers of the Woman's Relief Corps.

After patriotic selections by the band the audience sang "America," and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Mr. Ford.

VERDICT RETURNED

FAVORING HON. GEORGE W. F. FIELD OF THIS CITY.

Two assessments aggregating \$17,356, have been returned in the superior court before Judge Bishop against the commonwealth for land taken at Beverly beach by the metropolitan board of park commissioners.

The plaintiffs in one suit were ex-Mayor George W. Field, administrator of the estate of his late brother, Charles S. Field, who owned a lot of land at the foot of Beach street, containing 53,194 square feet, upon which was a dance hall and restaurant, which constituted some of the takings. The jury set the damages at \$11,571.

The second parcel consisted of 16,638 square feet of vacant land on the beach and owned by George W. Field, administrator. The jury assessed the damages at \$5815.

MATRIMONIAL

SHELLMAN-RICHARDSON.

The marriage of Mortimer Sullivan, a popular young resident of Lowell, and Miss Mary Ann McKenna of this city, occurred last week in the former place, the ceremony being performed at St. Joseph's parish residence by Rev. Fr. Kelleher. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Annie McKenna of this city, and the best man was Mr. Timothy Sullivan, brother of the groom.

A reception followed the marriage ceremony at which a number of Lowell friends were in attendance. Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan were the recipients of many valuable wedding gifts. After their honeymoon, which is being enjoyed at Newark, N. J., and vicinity, they will reside in Lowell.

ANGLO-AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Vancouver, B. C., May 30.—According to advices from Alaska brought down on the steamer Athena, the much-talked-of Anglo-American alliance is in practical effect at the American town of Fort Wrangle, Queen Victoria.

The town's birthday was celebrated there with more enthusiasm perhaps than at any town in the British empire. The celebration was participated in by almost all Canadians and Britishers in the Alaska port. A large number of programs were printed, containing patriotic songs, and adding the following:

"Sung at the celebration in Fort Wrangle, May 28, 1898, in honor of the inauguration of the war between the United States and Spain for the freedom of Cuba and in memory of the patriots who perished on the Maine, and in honor of the 75th anniversary of the birth of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria."

IN MEXICO.

Bitterness celebration took place on Saturday in the Town Hall, the local veterans preventing a long and appropriate program of exercises.

TEJANIAN—William D. Danovan, child of Daniel P. and Mary Danovan, died on Saturday at 6 Madison street. Funeral took place yesterday afternoon and burial was in the Catholic cemetery by Undertaker Davey.

IS A SEMI-INDIAN

Kinder Harrison Under Arrest for Murder.

HE WAS CHASED FOR TWENTY TWO DAYS.

Captured in the Chickasaw Nation.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Guthrie, Okla., May 30.—The United States marshal has under arrest a young semi-Indian named Kinder Harrison, who has confessed to being the murderer of Mrs. Latini for whose death young Sampson and McGee were burned to death by a white mob near Newark, Indian Territory, last January. The government has all along maintained that the two Indians turned to death were innocent and will now move to Harrison after an exciting chase of 22 days. Nearly 22 men are under indictment for participating in the burning of Sampson and McGee.

POLICE COURT.

A holiday session with 25 drunks was held this morning at 9 o'clock.

Among the drunks were two girls, one a resident of East Boston. The latter, who was washed and given time to get over the effects of her intoxication, would be an exceedingly pretty girl. She is but 25 years old and has been in twice within a week.

The family are reported residents in East Boston but also, believing that the girls offered an opportunity for young girls to make a living, came here not long ago to get work and was caught last night. Judge Hadley is always particularly attentive to young people who are just starting upon the downward path and he had talked but a few moments when both girls were tearfully pleading for a chance to reform. Having thoroughly acquainted them with the fact that they were drunk once for a year a fortnight, he allowed the Boston girl to return to her home, while he sent the other girl to a clergyman with a note the answer to which she is to return to him in the form of a pledge which the police will see that she keeps. It was a novel way of disposing of the pair and it is safe to predict that it will be more effective than a fine or imprisonment.

Edward Center, 41 one month in jail for a drunkenness.

Patrick J. Kane was sent to the state farm for six months.

Mary Whitey was fined 15 months at Sherborn and she appealed.

Joseph McVay was sent to the state farm for six months.

John J. Jennings and Margaret Jennings received two months each in the workhouse.

PRIZE FOR SALE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New West, Fla., May 30.—The prize steamer Maracaibo, captured by the Maracaibo, soon after the opening of the war was taken down by a Cuban ship this morning to be sold. The cargo was received by the United States, 8000 lbs. of rice.

Small Tobacco Store on New West, Fla., May 30.—The prize steamer Maracaibo, captured by the Maracaibo, soon after the opening of the war was taken down by a Cuban ship this morning to be sold. The cargo was received by the United States, 8000 lbs. of rice.

McKINLEY'S WORD

To Committee on Memorial Exercises at Gettysburg.

NATION CAN NEVER FORGET ITS HEROES.

Debt of Gratitude Cannot be Paid.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 30.—The president has written the following letter expressing his regrets that he cannot take part in the exercises at Gettysburg today:

Executive Mansion, Washington, May 29, 1898.

To Mr. Louis D. White, of Committee on Memorial Day Exercises, Gettysburg, Pa.:

Dear Sir:—Representations here, the nature of which is well understood, will prevent my taking part in the Memorial Day exercises at Gettysburg this year, attendance upon which, under the circumstances, would have afforded me an especial gratification.

Time only enhances the lasting value and demonstrates a new and true significance of these inspiring patriotic observances. Whatever may be the character of its temporary problems this liberty-loving nation is not and never can be forgetful of the immortal heroes of the civil war. For those who served long and so peaceful and beautifully adorned with the highest creations of the sculptors' art—one reunited fellow countryman, without regard to loyalty, creed or political faith, have an abiding respect and the most cordial estimation.

Those who have contended on this battlefield nearly thirty-five years ago and their descendants are ministering under the same flag enthusiastic in their devotion to the nation and willing to make any sacrifice for its honor.

The debt of gratitude which we owe to the nation's defenders can never be completely repaid, either by this or future generations, yet the acknowledgment of this obligation each year in various forms and in a multitude of places throughout this broad land purifies our ideal and brings us all nearer together in so much of sentiment and unity of purpose.

No time can be more appropriate than the present to approach in a fitting spirit these sacred themes of the love of country and the rights of man. Generations come and go and the issues from which they fought and died soon pass into history, but the living principles of undertakings worthy of accomplishment are to be a nobler purpose, and still greater achievements as a nation. Very sincerely yours,

—William McKinley.

HONORED THE DEPARTED.

(Continued.)

with long red, white and blue streamers. The pedestal is covered with flowers.

The four cannons are very artistically transformed into floral garlands by the skillful arrangements of evergreens and the frame. From the mouth of each protrudes a large bouquet.

DECORATIONS.

City Hall and the Memorial Building are tastefully decorated about all entrances in tastefully arranged bunting of the national colors.

THE PARADE.

With the playing of bands and amid the admiring and respectful glances of hundreds of spectators, the local G.A.R. moved on its annual Memorial Day parade from the North Common at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

It was one of the most unique processions that ever passed through Lowell's streets and it will long be remembered and frequently recalled to mind with reverential thought by the many who witnessed it. When the local G.A.R. will have almost become a part of the past, the Memorial Day parade of 1898 will yet be green in the memory of hundreds.

Ever since the three local posts have turned out to honor their departed comrades on this day, they have been honored as warriors of the past by the soldiers of the present, the local militia.

But in accordance with a prophecy of the late General Butler, to the effect that the new generation will see and understand the country as war and today the warriors of the past are honored by the soldiers of the future alone. The high school regiment, the militia companies having all combined the example of these brave veterans and responded to their country's call.

Thus, with the three local companies of militia away, and with the honor of the nation in the hands of the local militia, the parade was comparatively smaller, but none the less magnificent, the same radiant aspect of the veterans remaining undiminished by time.

As a departure from the usual custom, the parade formed this year at the North Common. Shortly after noon, as is customary, however, the different posts went to the various companies and placed all flowers on the graves of the departed.

At each company, with hundreds attending memorial services from the G.A.R. ritual was conducted by the past chaplains. The participants of the posts were as follows: E. P. Butler Post 12 G.A.R., Boston and Catholic center; James A. Garfield Post 120 G.A.R., Lowell; and the local militia.

At the North Common, the local militia, Sons of Veterans, with decorated members of the G.A.R. went to the Highland cemetery.

As is usual, particular attention was given the grave of Gen. B. P. Butler in the Highland cemetery, which was covered with flowers previously by the family.

Following the ceremonies, the veterans paraded to the North Common, where the parade was formed, and ordered to move to the appointed point. The parade moved as follows:

Detail of Police.

Chief Marshal, W. H. H. Hayes, W. W. Tuttle, chief of staff, P. H. Peabody, commissary general; Dr.

CARDENAS HARBOR CLOSED.

Key West, May 30.—Cardenas harbor has been completely closed by the Spanish since the attack of the Winslow and other American torpedo boats. This fact was demonstrated by the attempt of the English steamer Myrtolade to enter the port to take on a cargo of sugar. The Myrtolade had been taken on a cargo when war was declared, and she was ordered out by the American gunboat Albatross. The steamer's owners claimed that under the blockade proclamation she was entitled to 30 days in which to load, and Secretary of the Navy Long gave the ship permission to return and complete her cargo. She found, however, that the harbor was filled with sunken obstructions and could not get in. She lies outside the harbor, waiting for further orders, while a steam-tugboat bird, uncertain whether to attempt to bring her cargo and in distress or wait for the war to end, lies outside the harbor. The Winslow is probably clearing the harbor of naval operations in that quarter.

They Are In Luck.

The national banking interest is in great luck. Not many years since it was feared that the rapid extinguishment of the public debt would force the banks out of business by taking away the basis of their circulation. The issue of \$200,000,000 of bonds by the last administration was a godsend to them. And now they are in ecstasies over the prospect of addition to the bonded indebtedness of the country, and by this means they hope to prolong their existence and their power to fleece the people for at least another half century. Could they have their way about it the debt would be huge permanent, and there would be no pretense whatever of paying it off. The greenbacks must all be called in and canceled, the government divorced from the banking business and full control to issue and manipulate the paper currency given to the banking corporations. Conditions are not favorable just at present for any such legislation, but the plottings of the national banks are in no way lessened by the fact that they are succeeding in doing something certain to insure to their advantage and aid materially in perpetuating their lease of life.—Journal of the Knights of Labor.

An Astonishing Admission.

On a Sunday last week eight persons were found starving to death in New York, and they were not recognized.—Omaha Bee.

Is it possible? And Dingley prosperity sweeping over the land like a March northward? Surely there is some mistake about this. The idea that starvation can exist in this day of Dingley prosperity and right in the heart of the section where national honor and national integrity were upheld so gloriously! Eight people in New York city starving to death when prosperity is fairly swamping them! Surely our contemporary is joking. It cannot be serious in making that statement.—Omaha World-Herald.

Making the Most of It.

What on earth is that, old man?" "Little invention of my own. My wife has made me swear off smoking except for 15 minutes each day, so I work those 15 minutes for all they're worth."—New York Journal.

A Lurking Fox.

Policeman—Yez move an now— Van Bihler—I would like, but there's rather roundish (his) corner layin' for me with an ax!—Up to Date.

STOP THAT HEAD COLD IN TO MINUTES—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

STOP THAT HEAD COLD IN TO MINUTES—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

STOP THAT HEAD COLD IN TO MINUTES—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Old and Reliable Cures Colds Quick.

For over forty years it has been used and proved to cure the most stubborn lung or bronchial cold. It soothes and heals quickly, preventing serious development. It does not upset the stomach.

MASTA'S PULMONIC BALSAM.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

REVENUE CUTTER DAMAGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 30.—The revenue cutter Golden Gate was damaged to the extent of about \$1000 yesterday by a collision with the schooner Mary P. Cross. No one was hurt, and the schooner was not damaged.

Flowers for the Dead.

How America Remembers Its Dead Heroes.

THE CUSTOMS OF EUROPE

Only a Few Nations Follow the Example Set By The Grand Army of the Republic.

"The muffled drum's and roll has beat The soldier's last tattoo; No more on life's parade shall meet That brave and fallen few."

On Fame's eternal camping ground Their silent tents are spread, And stony guards with solemn sound The bivouac of the dead."

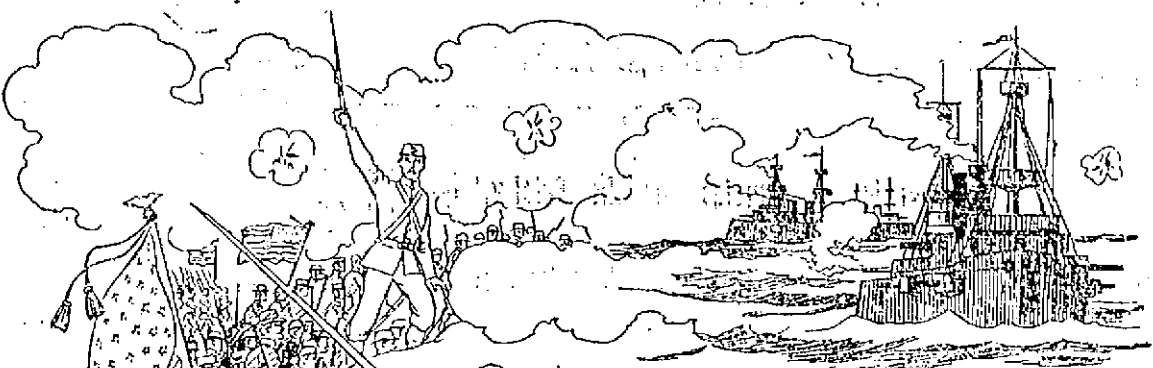
Previous to our establishment of a national holiday by the Grand Army of the Republic, the idea of thus paying respects to the common soldier had never occurred to any of the philosophers, priests, or preceptors of the ancient world. No other nation but ours and our sister republic of Mexico, strews the graves of its departed soldiers with sweet flowers and thus embodies the principles for which they gave their lives. The Catholic church has from early times inculcated upon its adherents the necessity of praying for the souls of departed dead, but this was a purely religious rite and was national in no sense.

In France, Austria, Italy and other Catholic countries services are still held in churches, bon fires are kindled on hills to be seen and understood by the people of the surrounding valleys; and sometimes a cry goes around shouting in sepulchral tones "The Spirit Such-A-One is coming; ye who live, pray for his peace remembering!" The party thus recalled will upon examination be found some Prince or church celebrity, or some rich benefactor, who left behind in wills or bequests some tangible reason why his name should be spoken of amongst living men, and which the order so benefitted has only earned its money by faithfully observing.

Thus in France there is usually a liberal display of flowers around the Column Vendôme and the Hotel des Invalides in honor of Napoleon, at the Pique Cemetery in honor of Lafayette, in the latter case chiefly by Americans. In England on every anniversary of Prince Albert's death the Queen plausibly repairs to Frogmore to perform a similar honor at the tomb of her late husband. The memory of Waterloo is preserved in England through the curious custom of the Duke of Wellington's successor traveling to Windsor to present three French flags to her majesty. And in a similar spirit and as a sort of "Tory rite" the grave of Lord Beaconsfield and the various monuments erected to his memory are decorated with the primrose on each April 21. But neither in France or in England has there been any encouragement given to this wholesome practice in any national sense, to the soldiers who fell at Waterloo or even in the charge of the light brigade at Balaklava. "Those nations seem to exhaust themselves in the cases of illustrious persons and take every possible means of forgetting their common dead. There is also some ground for believing that it is since the American idea has taken hold that the plan of perpetuating great deeds even in the case of such a man as Beaconsfield has been observed; for the tombs of such heroes as Marlborough, Collingwood and Drake are utterly neglected in the Westminster Abbey. Sir John Moore, too, who fell at Corunna is also left to "sleep on in the grave where Britons have left him," and the chances are that were there not a political motive behind the anniversary of Primrose Day, and had the "Tory party not been quickened by the patriotic action of resident Americans, there would be no Beaconsfield Day, just as there is no day for Marlborough or Nelson.

The intensity of religious or patriotic feeling has a considerable effect upon these anniversaries. The leaders of the Commune on May 25 have their graves decorated with bunches of violets or immortelles; and in Glasnevin Cemetery, the grave of Parnell is similarly marked by great

★ To Heroes Living And To Heroes Dead. ★



RED DAWN THE DAY OF OUR DEAD.

O'er waves of the southern sea comes a call
Come sounds of the lash, come eyes of the thrall.
O'er the hallowed soil of the buried grown mound
Comes the beat of drum, comes the bugle sound.
Again quakes the earth with the mighty tread
Of the host that fought, of the host that bled;
Of that young host that vomited shade
So hold its heritage with freedom's blade.
The fight is on land the fight is on sea,
Red-crested the wave, red-rivered the sea.
Yet the Souls eye sees wherever the fray
Two spectres as one, the blue and the gray.



crowds of processionists who usually avail themselves of the occasion to make a demonstration against the government as well as a pilgrimage to the tomb of the great parliamentarian.

Usually decorations abroad take the form of creating new orders, not to perpetuate the memory of the dead, who are left to whatever "storied urn or animated bust" may recall of them, but to make distinguished the other-wise undistinguished and selfish living. These decorations recall the caustic remark of Lord Palmerston—"What I like about the garter is that it does not take any particular merit to get it."

Decoration day in Europe is making headway, principally through the influence of the large number of wealthy Americans who now reside in most of these have ceased to be Americans in spirit, and have in many cases succumbed to their environments, the members of the respective colonies celebrate such battles as those of Gettysburg and of Appomattox by banquets and other social festivities and thus aid in creating an atmosphere favorable to the great American holiday. Were there no colony of wealthy Americans in Paris for example, the grave of Lafayette would have been forgotten long since by his own countrymen. The representatives of both nations meet in common reverence over the grave of Lafayette, and in the evening usually celebrate by a dinner where toasts are given and responded to, and where eloquence and wit find apt deliverance. In the same way in

England the American Decoration Day is crowding out of remembrance that of November 2, which has from time immemorial been fixed by the church as the day devoted to the departed dead. It is a season of gloomy weather and of biting cold when people find it hard to be out of doors; much more so to visit those lonely and darkened streets of necropolis, which are the very opposite in respect of site and cheerful surroundings to American cemeteries, and which one can afford to visit without enervating around with him an awful foreboding of the hereafter.

The countries outside of the United States, however, where the American ideas of Decoration day have made most progress are naturally Mexico and Canada. Since Diaz has practically become the Dictator of Mexico, May 24 is as regularly celebrated in the City of Mexico as is May 30 in Chicago or New York. The Mexican celebration is even more elaborate in some respects than ours and invariably these American soldiers who fell in 1847 are always included in the ceremonies. The Mexicans extend the celebration usually over three days and besides costly floral tributes, a government military band accompanies the processionists, which pour forth strains of delicious music. With the dawn of Decoration day a steady stream of people pour into the cemeteries from daylight to dusk. Flowers are so marvelously cheap the graves present the appearance of being one vast field bed of variegated colors and as with us the day is a national holiday and a gen-

eral light-heartedness pervades all the people, and which in more sombre Europe would be regarded as sadly in keeping with the solemnities of the occasion. Canada until within the last few years ignorantly followed the example of England; but lately Decoration Day is observed there much as it is here, though the Canadians are some what less pronounced than the Mexicans in following the American precedent, and still hardly appreciate the fact that the happy thought of annually decorating the graves of fallen soldiers is purely of American origin.

—M. G. MELLISH.

ANCIENT EMBLEMS.

The emblem of the Egyptians consisted of the figure of an animal at the end of a spear. Each of the twelve tribes of Israel had an emblem of its own. The subjects of Semiramis in compliment to their queen, whose name meant a dove, adopted that bird. In like manner the Athenians chose an owl out of respect to Minerva. The Corinthians had their winged horse in memory of Pegasus. The Carthaginians had a horse's head to commemorate their emergence from the sea and their indebtedness to Neptune's steeds. The Romans also adopted the eagle to indicate the sublime ambition of the emperor Nero in his hour of pride. He meant to rule the world and took the eagle because the bird had always been associated with Jupiter, who is represented sitting in a curule chair

accompanied by an eagle, which in some pictures looks into Jupiter's face as he prepares to hurl a thunderbolt, and in others opens its wings to shelter and to defend. All the pride of Roman power was concentrated in the eagle whose eye bespoke that stern sense of majesty, and its beak and wings a power which no other bird can equal. Homer speaks of Jupiter as "who mortals and immortals rules alone," and everywhere the sculptured castles of mythology represented "the father of Gods and men," accompanied by "the majestic monarch of the clouds" as his solitary living companion.

—THE WOMEN OF SARINIA.

The women of Sarinina are described by a visitor to that island as being of elegant figure and graceful carriage, with large black eyes, dark hair and brunette complexion. They dress in very much the same style as women in other parts of civilized Europe, except that there is not the same extreme taste to adopt the latest fashion. The wives and daughters of the farmers and tradesmen, by the gorgeousness of their costumes, amply compensate for the simplicity of dress among the upper classes; and at their religious fetes and other festivals, when they appear in gala dress, they present a wonderful spectacle. These costumes are a sort of family heirloom, handed down from mother to daughter and treasured as highly as hereditary jewels or ancestral portraits. The fashion never changes, and instead of feeling ashamed of being seen in the same dress at two different entertainments, they glory in its antiquity and in the number of occasions on which it has been worn. The costumes of the women vary greatly in different parts of Sarinina. In some districts, a small black jacket, open in front, is worn over a very short bodice of bright colored silk and brocade, which is loosely laced before and cut rather low; there are apparently no corsets. The petticoat is of light brown cloth, very full, and between it and the bodice is a sort of neutral colored apron, which is the only garment which by no means adds to the general beauty of the toilet.

Where Good People Go.

The Sunday-school teacher had reached a point in the lesson where she was dwelling upon the future reward of those who behaved properly here, when the audacious small boy, who frequents most Sunday-schools, spoke up and asked if all good people went to Heaven.

"Certainly," replied the teacher. "Well, has my grandmother gone to Heaven?" persisted the youngster.

"Surely she has, my boy, if she was a good woman."

"No, she hasn't," declared the fun-loving youngster, "there she is over there!"

The teacher turned to other phases of the lesson.

Hicks—Let's see. Who was the best man your wedding?

Wicks—I was.—Somerville Journal.

The Story of America's Eagle

How the Bird of Freedom Was Taught Its Modern Lesson.

(By Thomas Burke Grant.)

There are few subjects more directly and immediately associated with all the soulful qualities of man than that of national emblems. Around them clusters every patriotic inspiration, and the moment that the emblem of one's country is honored or dishonored there arises within us a sensation either of rejoicing or of sorrow. It is a sensation which proceeds from the very soul, and is unaffected by time or distance or by former relation or animosity. We cannot tell how it is that a simple design or a piece of hanging produces the feeling which sometimes overcomes the tenderest passions of humanity, and under the influence of which men tear themselves from wives and children and home, and make common cause to ally themselves in its defense, sometimes even with races whom they hate. Their national emblem is the one thing that draws them together, and though lifeless and silent no flash of mind or power of tongue has such charm of eloquence. It lives the blood and urges men to go forward and to sacrifice even life itself. Love of country is the one supreme and ruling passion in the heart of man and in its presence the other ties, friends, religion, and home are subordinated whenever a preference has to be made. It was so from the beginning, and modern nations differ in no respect in their devotion to emblems to those of antiquity.

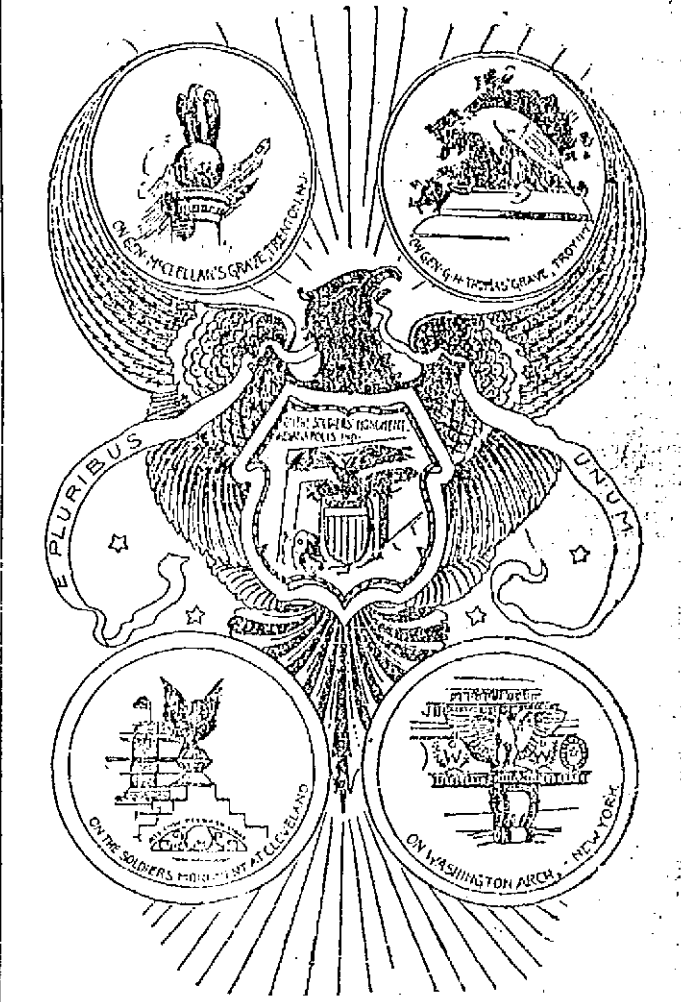
Nothing living is below the eagle in his natural habitat and in alone of all birds can gaze with undimmed eye upon the face of the sun itself. Perched in his address to the eagle thus salutes it:

Bird of the broad and sweeping wing,
Thy home is high in Heaven
Where wild the storms their banners fling
And the tempest clouds are riven.

The nations which after the Romans adopted the eagle were the Romans under Clovis and Dagobert; but to

a serpent and a lion for their symbols; the Goths a lion, rooster and bear; the Danes, three lions and a crown; the Burgundians a cat and the Saxons a white horse. When the German Empire was reformed after Sedan, the King of Prussia availed himself of the circumstance that from the time of Charlemagne, all the elected Emperors of Germany used the eagle as the insignia of Supreme power, till in consequence the imperial dignity having remained for so many generations in the Hapsburg family, it became the heirloom of that house. When William I resurrected so much of the ancient patrimony of Charlemagne as was embraced in Central Europe he also resurrected the national emblem leaving behind the she-wolf that suckled Romulus. Germany has therefore her black eagle. As a symbol of imperial dignity the eagle is also found on the throne of Bavaria.

But it is in the United States alone that the eagle is an emblem of popular freedom. However, in so far as the eagle is symbolical its adoption was a happy afterthought with us, and with us therefore the bird has had a newer and nobler significance than it ever acquired in all the previous history of Europe. We have adopted the eagle in the new world in connection with many things that seemed good in Europe. And having adopted him we have enriched and dignified the bird which in the polity of all former nations stood solely for power and suffering, for war and conquests. In this character the eagle had no more symbolic value than the cat of the Burgundians, the leopard of Russia, the lion of Britain or the dragon of China. But as a symbol of the spirit of freedom, rising over the swamps and morasses of courts and crowns and of milder constitutions, as an evidence of our emancipation from the follies and fantasies of titled families, and of ascent above the clouds of red tape that chain and hamper the progress of Europe, and ascending to the inaccessible heights of the man-soul to a diviner freedom than the world



THE AMERICAN EAGLE IN EFFIGY.

Charlemagne the distinction belongs of having adopted the eagle as a symbol of imperial power and of the self-contained and avowed life of a people. He also used a she-wolf and was the first also to use the oriflamme. But the spirit of Christianity which was strong at Charlemagne's court somewhat discouraged the eagle as an emblem. It substituted something when ever possible that was less soul-stirring and more emblematic of submission, such as flowers, crosses and saints. These devices, however, before long disappeared, again with the age of heraldry. It was after Charlemagne, and probably in consequence of the desire to discourage the independence for which he stood, that the eagle became the emblem of human freedom as well as of imperial power. In metaphor the eagle is now the first emblem of freedom to every people:

"Where its shadow steals black o'er the Empires of Kings
"Deep terror, deep heart-shaking terror it brings;
"Where wicked oppression is armed for the weak
"There rustles its pinion, there echoes its shriek.
"For an emblem of freedom, stern, haughty and high
"Is the gray forest eagle, the King of the sky."

Most of the nations that Charlemagne ruled have since his time also adopted the eagle as a national emblem. Austria, Germany and Russia have each selected this bird. But in Charlemagne's day the Germans used

has yet attained, the American eagle is the noblest and most appropriate totem yet adopted by civilized mankind.

The recent inauguration of the American eagle by our republicans heralds dates back to 1782. William Barton, of Philadelphia, and Charles Tompkins, the Secretary of Congress, are the authors of the shield design, with the eagle bearing the olive branch and the scroll with the words "E Pluribus Unum."

Some years ago the heralds of Europe took affront at the frequent use of the eagle on the starflags, and in other devices of this country. These sages felt that the United States had no hereditary right to the bird as a national emblem, in the same sense for example as Germany, France and Austria have. But though the revolutionary fathers used it not, long years of undisputed possession have given to us a prescriptive right to the eagle which may be said to have taken flight from Europe with the march of Empire westward in accordance with the well known tendency and instincts of the bird to seek the loftiest heights and the boldest and most conspicuous sites. It could not survive in swamps and in gloom, and loving light and air and freedom, of course, came to dwell with us where its plumage acquired a scarlet gray, and where it has received a warm and generous welcome. The proud bird of freedom is now ours and looking back upon benighted Europe:

"When the robed nation bids our arms form
"The bald eagle screams through the gathering storm."



A SCENE ON DECORATION DAY.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Since many kinds of medicine began to be put into tablet form it is much easier to fall into the habit of giving yourself continuous treatment. "The soda habit" is the most common

of all. You will find men nowadays who buy their tablets in quantities, and crave them as the cigarette smoker craves a smoke. The strong peppermint tablet is also in great demand. Then there are cloves and sharp stinging "breath sweeteners"—All intended to calm a disordered stomach or have

a biting and warming effect. A druggist told of one customer who maintained that he would die of dyspepsia were it not for the constant use of peppermint chewing gum. Others will have nothing but the spruce gum and the old-fashioned "rubber" gum. Men and women who would not take

an alcoholic stimulant under any circumstances keep their small pockets stuffed with roots and herbs. The calamus root, or the "sweet flag" is the favorite fumble with the herb victims, although the drage root is more stimulating. There is a gentian habit and a gin-

song habit. It often happens that some abstinent root or herb is used as a substitute for tobacco, with the result that the tobacco habit is cured but is succeeded by a craving for the cure. —Chicago Record.

It is said that in Manitoba when a

man has been twice or thrice convicted of drunkenness in the police courts he is sentenced to wear a brass collar, which marks him out among his fellows as a person to whom no publican can with impunity serve liquor. The drastic measure often proves a cure. On the authorities being satisfied that

the branded individual has served a sufficiently long term of probation, he is unbranded and endowed with the liberty of drinks.—Tit Bits.

In Japan coins are generally of iron; and in Siam they are chiefly of porcelain.

